Second Edition

Newport Daily News.

Second Edition

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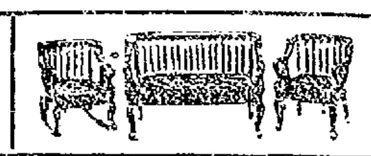

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ABOUT 150,000 PERSONS IDLE.

Labor Leaders Still Continue to Add to Strikers.

Meeting Called at Philadelphia Ball Grounds Not Held.

PHILADELPHIA, March 10.--Encouraged by the success which met their efforts yesterday in breaking into the ranks of unorganized labor and persuading several thousand workers in this class to join the general strike movement, union labor leaders continued the campaign today to swell the army of sympathizing strikers. Baldwin's Locomotive works, where 2,000 men quit yesterday and which was considered almost impregnable against the attack of unionism, was again the object of much attention by the union men and they hope to add to the ranks of idle men before the close of the day. The success in penetrating the Baldwin's works is likely to lead to a campaign against other large industrial plants, which are considered open shop places.

The committee of ten of the labor union, which is conducting the general strike, has given out figures to support its claim that 125,000 and 150,000 persons are idle. It announced that the total number of men, women, boys and girls on the strike up to last night was 139,571. The figure was said by the leaders to be divided as follows: Building trades 40,000; metal trades 20,000; textile trades 30,000; garment workers 10,000; miscellaneous trades 13,335; unaffiliated workers 26,136. The latter figure included an estimate of 6,000 employes of the Baldwin's Locomotive works.

Some of those figures are disputed by the city authorities and large employers. Baldwin's locomotive works declare that only 2,000 men quit work yesterday. Aided by recruits secured by its officials from many other cities, the Philadelphia Rapid Transit Company today operated more cars than on the police and labor leaders clash over The few attacks made on new crews were not serious during the early hours and were confined to the outlying sections of the city, where nearly all disturbances since the strike began have occurred.

To the directors of public safety's decision that the proposed mass meeting at the League Base Ball grounds would not be allowed to take place because it was in conflict with the proclamation issued by the mayor forbidding all gatherings on the street. The strikers' attorney replied that the police power could not abolish the constitutional right of citizens to peacefully assemble for a lawful purpose; that the ball park is the same as a hall, as its grounds are enclosed, and the authorities have no right to stop the meeting.

A crowd estimated at 10,000 persons went to the base ball park of the Philadelphia National League Club this afternoon, despite the announcement of the authorities that a mass meeting, called by the general strike committee, to be held in the park, would not be permitted. There was no disorder of consequence near the ball park, the gates of which were kept closed. Trouble threatened however, when it became definitely known that there was to be no meeting and the crowd began to congregate on Broad street for the return towards the centre of the city. The police had to use force in some instances to handle the crowd and keep it moving, but up to the time the return march was under fair headway, no disorder of a serious nature had occurred. Except for the north Broad street demonstration the general strike situation developed little interest today.

The general strike leaders declared today that 800 additional men had quit at the Baldwin Locomotive works. This, as usual is disputed by the superintendent of the works, who said that only 400 failed to report for work today. There was a big break in the ranks of the union taxicab chauffeurs who went out in sympathy with the trolley men. The three taxicab companies reported today that 115, out of a total of about 275 taxicab drivers, have returned to work. The companies are making no attempts to fill the places of the striking chauffeurs.

What little trouble was reported during the morning hours occurred in West Philadelphia. A crowd of men and boys attacked a car with stones and bricks at Fifty-second street and Lancaster avenue injuring a motorman. An hour later another car was attacked at that point, and to avoid further trouble the car was returned to the barn.

A sidelight to the strike today was the raid made by police on teamsters who have been reaping a harvest since the trolley strike began by carrying "passengers." Under a local law persons engaged in transporting people must have licenses the same as those issued to the street car companies. Because of the violation of the law the city decided to put a stop to the traffic. Some drivers have tried to get around the law by selling potatoes, apples, oranges, bananas or other articles for ten cents a piece and then carrying the purchaser to his destination. A large number of wagon drivers were arrested in the raid today and many were either fined or held in nominal bail. One teamster when arrested had 30 girls on their way to work, crowded in his wagon. They were eating apples for which they had paid the driver a dime each.

POOR HOUSE DESTROYED.

One Aged Inmate Burned to Death and Others Injured at Hempstead.

NEW YORK, March 10.—Burned out of house and home was the ill fate added to the affliction of poverty of the inmates of the poor house at Hempstead, Long Island, which was destroyed by fire today. One aged inmate was burned to death, though a young nurse risked her life to save him, while five other inmates were seriously burned and taken to the hospital. There was a panic when the flames were discovered and nearly 40 of the poor leaped from the windows of the blazing structure. Flames destroyed a big factory building on West Forty-fifth street today, entailing a loss of $100,000.

ALLDS'S ORDEAL NEARLY ENDED.

Owned Company's Stock and Voted for Bill.

Denies Buying It Because of Legislation to Benefit It.

ALBANY, March 10.—Senator Allds hoped that today would end his cross-examination on the Conger bribery charges. The accused senator was under fire for four hours Tuesday and it was believed the greater part of his ordeal was past when the senate adjourned over Wednesday, on account of Senator Platt's funeral. Since Allds's answers to questions directly bearing upon the alleged payment of the $1,000 bribe have been unqualified denials, it is assumed that Conger's attorneys will not waste much time making him repeat the denials brought out by his own counsel.

When the investigation adjourned Tuesday, Attorney Osborne was probing Allds's recollection of the manner in which he acquired 100 shares of stock of the New York Transportation Company, in an effort to prove that the defendant profited by his advocacy of a bill in the session of 1900, which benefited that company. The measure permitted the New York Electric Vehicle & Transportation Company to take over the Fifth avenue stage line and the combination subsequently changed its name to the New York Transportation Company. By the assembly record Osborne showed that Allds approved the bill as majority leader and voted for its passage. Allds insisted that one of his friends bought the stock for him, but could not remember the man's name. He promised to find out by today.

Both Allds and Conger remained in town yesterday, but as usual both kept out of the informal conferences of their Republican colleagues on the leadership situation.

Dr. Mary Walker, in her familiar black frock coat and trousers and her mink cap, divided attention with Allds at the investigation today. Allds on taking the stand declared that during the intermission he had learned that the New York Transportation stock was bought for him through former Assemblyman Frank J. Price and the latter's father. Colonel Price paid $500 in April and $730.70 in July of 1900.

Mr. Osborne declared that Allds, nevertheless, owned this stock at a time he was called upon to vote on a bill which he knew would increase the value of the stock. He asserted that the bill was given a wide publicity by the New York newspapers in that year and asked the witness if he did not know that Dr. Lyman Abbott and Seth Low had written letters against it. Allds insisted that he had no such recollection and maintained his stand even when shown newspaper articles of that year regarding the bill. He hotly denied that he had bought the stock because of pending legislation to benefit it.

"How many of you in the 'house of commons' bought it?" asked Osborne. "Mr. Fallows, Mr. Price and Speaker Nixon?" "Is it not a fact that the bill was passed April 5?"

"I don't know," replied Allds doggedly.

"Your first payment on the stock was April 9."

"Yes sir."

BILL FOR MEAT INSPECTION.

Grand Trunk Official to Be Present at Hearing, but Not Mellen.

[Special despatch to the News.]

PROVIDENCE, March 10.—In the legislature today Representative Harry Cutler introduced a bill providing for the forbiddance of meat shipments into this state, unless the same shall have been inspected as to tubercular infection at least 20 days before that shipment.

It is stated on good authority that Vice President Fitzhugh of the Grand Trunk railroad will be present at the hearing which is scheduled tomorrow on the petition of the Grand Trunk for a charter in Rhode Island. President Mellen of the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad will not be at the hearing, but the road will be represented by counsel.

RUN ON BANK CONTINUES.

Hundreds of Depositors of Society for Savings Being Paid Off.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, March 10.—The run on the Society for Savings, which began yesterday, was renewed this morning. Hundreds of depositors, while waiting to withdraw their savings, were held in a block-long line by a squad of patrolmen. Thousands of persons, attracted by the report of a run, thronged the public square. When the bank opened today the officers announced that there was on hand and ready for the depositors, $6,539,656 in currency. Depositors are being paid off as rapidly as they present their books.

In addition to the available cash, the bank has government and other bonds as security for loans to the value of $30,000,000 and it holds real estate for loans amounting to $10,000,000. The run was started by rumors that originated in the foreign section of the city, so far as the officials can learn. Another theory was that it was started by thieves who expected to reap a harvest in the excited throng. It is known that in one of the mill districts a man went from house to house and called upon the people to withdraw their money. Most of those at the bank today are foreigners.

INCREASE IN EXPENDITURES.

England's Civil Service Estimates Show Excess Over Last Year.

LONDON, March 10.—The civil service estimates for 1910-11, which were given out today, with a total amount required of upwards of $330,000,000 show, like the navy and army estimates, a marked increase in the national expenditures. Should the chancellor's budget provide for the usual consolidated fund charges, the grand aggregate expenditure, which the chancellor will have to meet, will be upwards of $855,000,000 or nearly $50,000,000 in excess of last year's total. The civil service estimates include $46,100,000 for old age pensions.

GARFIELD AND THE COAL LAND BILLS.

Ballinger's and His 1908 Letters are Read.

Willing That the Claims Should Be Consolidated.

WASHINGTON, March 10.--The Ballinger-Pinchot investigation was resumed today with James R. Garfield, former Secretary of the Interior on the stand. The examination of Mr. Garfield was taken up at the point where it was left off when the committee adjourned last Saturday. Mr. Garfield has just begun a detailed explanation of the four coal land bills which were introduced in Congress during his term as secretary. He continued his explanation at the opening of the session today.

At the hearings on the coal land bills, Mr. Garfield said that he and Mr. Ballinger, who was then commissioner of the land office, differed on the question as to whether proposed future classifications of coal lands in Alaska and an increase of price of over $10 an acre should apply to locations already made and entered. The witness said Mr. Ballinger thought lands already entered should be allowed patent at the $10 an acre rate provided by the old law. This would have allowed the Cunningham claims to be paid for at that price.

Questioned by Senator Sutherland, Mr. Garfield said he believed himself as to locations. "Made in good faith the entrymen should have the right to $10 price." Mr. Garfield then read an exchange of letters between himself and Mr Ballinger after the latter had left the land office in April 1908, and while the coal bills were still pending. Mr. Ballinger's letter was evidently called out by some criticism of his course before the committee of Congress and he explained his position, concluding with the statement that before leaving Washington he had talked with President Roosevelt about the whole matter and that the President had commended his action.

In his reply to Mr. Ballinger, Secretary Garfield urged him not to be disturbed about his position on the coal bills that he had always understood it and had told newspaper men there never had been any misunderstanding. Mr. Garfield said he had never read Mr. Ballinger's testimony before the Congressional committee until he had gone out of office.

Senator Nelson questioned the witness as to a statement that Ballinger had been in error in stating Mr. Garfield's position as to the Alaska coal bills. Mr. Garfield said his recommendation cited by Mr. Ballinger applied to a general coal bill and not to Alaska matters.

"But as a matter of fact did not you say you were willing to condone fraud if the fraudulent claimants paid a higher price based on the classification of the coal?" asked Senator Nelson.

"The effect of the section which I recommended was that if the entire coal bill was passed and the government adopted a new policy as to coal deposits, there should be a validation of all entries at a new classified price. Up to 2,560 acres I was willing that claims should be consolidated and was willing to condone prior fraud."

Attorney Popper read to the witness a portion of Secretary Ballinger's reply to the President, concerning the charges against him, wherein Mr. Ballinger declared that Mr. Garfield, who had written President Taft himself, had made no efforts to learn the facts or to understand his position. He also said that Mr. Garfield had highly commended his course while in the government service and that he could only explain his change of spirit by the fact that his mind had been poisoned against him by misstatements. "Mr. Ballinger was in error," said Mr. Garfield. "I made every effort to obtain the facts before writing to the President." Mr. Garfied next was examined as to the plan he adopted of cooperating with water users associations as to reclamation projects and the issuance by him of "reclammation certificates," which came to be known as "Garfield currency." The certificates were given as evidences of work done on projects, the certificates to be turned in in payment of water charges when water was delivered on the land. Secretary Ballinger, acting under an opinion of Attorney General Wickersham stopped this practice.

Mr. Garfield charged today that neither Mr. Wickersham nor President Taft had the facts and complete information before them on which to base a proper decision as to the certificates. The witness was asked if the $30,000,000 issue of bonds recommended by President Taft was not made necessary to relieve hardship growing out of the cooperative plan. He declared that the propose issue of bonds would cover a much wider field of reclammation than that begun under his administration of the department.

"In fact," declared Mr. Garfield, "I don't believe it is necesary to issue any bonds at all."

"But aren't there hardships growing out of the present status of the projects?" asked Senator Sutherland.

"In individual cases, yes. They arise from a failure on the part of entrymen to appreciate the difficulties of developing irrigated lands and from their going on the land long before the projects could be completed and water turned on. They were constantly warned against doing this and went at their own hazard."

Mr. Garfield said he was not certain that a bond issue, as now proposed would hurry the projects to proper completion any faster than would be possible under the old way of raising funds, by the sale of public lands.

"Many of the projects are experimental," said the witness, "and it is a serious question as to whether it would be wise to go faster than the sale of lands allows."

WILL NOT JOIN EXPOSITION.

Managers of Two French Art Schools Adopt Prejudiced Regulations.

PARIS, March 10.—The Societe Nationale des Beaux Arts and the Societe des Artistes Francais have decided not to participate in the universal exposition to be held in Rome in 1911, because of the adoption, by the managers, of a regulation prejudicial to the impressionist school.

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JOHNSON TO CONSIDER CASE.

Kling, Catcher for Chicago Nationals, Seeks to be Re-Instated.

CHICAGO, March 10.—The final disposition of the case of John Kling, catcher for the Chicago Nationals, who seeks to be re-instated, will be made immediately after the return of President Johnson of the American League from his trip to the Pacific coast. Johnson is not expected back from the coast before next Tuesday. The national commission will meet at Cincinnati to consider Kling's case and others.

STEAMERS ARRIVED.

New York, March 10, Re d'Italia, from Naples.

New York, March 10, St. Louis, from Southampton.

New York, March 10, Celtic, from Alexandria and Naples.

Boston, March 10, Samland from Antwerp.

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R. I. Fresh Hams	18c
Ox Tails	3 for 25c
Banquet Bacon, by the strip	19c
Banquet Bacon, 2 to 3 lb. strip	19c
Pigs' Livers	15c.
Grape Fruit .. 5c each; doz.	50c
VanCamp's Catsup, bottle	20c
3 bottles for	50c

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Men's Balbriggan Shirts and Drawers (drawers double seated), .25

Men's Balbriggan Shirts and Drawers, (drawers double seated) of fine combed Egyptian Yarn, .37 1-2

Men's Balbriggan Shirts and Drawers, (the celebrated Otis make) which are the best produced, .50

Men's Medium Weight Shirts and Drawers in white or grey special quality, at .50

Women's Lisle Finish Vests, full regular sizes, also extra sizes, sleeveless or with wing sleeves, .12 1-2

Women's Lisle Vests, (Pilling Knit) known for their generous sizes and elasticity, the best in quality ever sold for .25

Women's extra size Vests that will fit any large woman, .25

Women's Shaped Vests and Pants in all styles. High neck with long or short sleeves, pants ankle or knee length, .25

Women's Medium Weight Vests and Pants, .25

Women's Medium Weight Vests and Pants, (Forest Mill make) in all the different styles, .50

Women's Lace Trimmed Pants, the lace is of good quality Torchon, .25

Women's Lisle Vests, made in Switzerland, special price .37 1-2

Women's Combination Suits, real lisle or medium weight, in all the different styles, .50 and $1.00

Boys' Poros Knit or plain Balbriggan Shirts and Drawers, all sizes, at .25

Girls' Vests, in all sizes, from .10 up

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Sanfax Holland, fine texture, smooth finish, size 36x72 inches, all colors complete with fixtures... 39c

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Extra quality imported China silk, 27 in. wide, black, white and all the desirable colors, pr. yd... 39c

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Height 25 inches, top 12x12 in, covered with fine Japanese Matting, bamboo frames, usual $1.00 value 39c

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Flannelette material, Persian pointed design, all colors, washable trimmings to match, usual price $1.00, see them at 39c

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Japanese (3 in set) flower pots, dark and light blue and green decorations, worth $1, for the set of 3 only 39c

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The subjects include figures, landscape and marine; gilt frames, assorted sizes, 75c. and $1.00 value 39c

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BEWILDERED WITH OFFERS.

Philander Knox, Jr., May Engage in Automobile Work in Providence.

PROVIDENCE, March 10.--Philander C. Knox, Jr., said today that he has been offered so many positions that he is bewildered and cannot tell which to choose. Telegrams are coming in from all parts of the country, containing offers of positions in mechanical lines. He said, "I have more friends than I thought. Every one is so kind to me. I have over 25 offers of positions now and more are coming. I am considering an offer in this city very seriously. It is along mechanical lines and I think that I will accept for a while at least." He admitted that a Pittsburg paper had offered him a position.

Young Knox will start in to work next Monday selling automobiles for a [illegible]. He said, "I have made up my mind after considering some 25 offers from many different concerns. I think I am suited to the business and I will [illegible] father the stuff I am made [illegible] perhaps I will own a factory some day."

WILL VISIT SIRDAR'S PALACE.

Mrs. Roosevelt and Her Daughter to Meet Colonel at Khartum.

KHARTUM, Egypt, March 10.--Colonel Roosevelt left Taufikia yesterday and is expected here next Monday. He will be met the same evening by Mrs. Roosevelt and Miss Ethel Roosevelt. The Roosevelts will remain here until the following Thursday, being entertained at the Sirdar's palace. During their stay here, many points of interest in the vicinity will be visited.

ROOSEVELTS AT TAUFIKIA.

Travelers Received at American Mission With Enthusiasm.

KODOK, Anglo-Egyptian Soudan, March 10.—Colonel Roosevelt and his party left Taufikia last night and arrived here at 8 o'clock this morning. At the American mission at Doleib Hill, on the Sobat river, the travelers were received with much enthusiasm. During the stop at Taufikia all the officers of the garrison were invited to meet Colonel Roosevelt at tea.

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This Morning's News.

PUSHING CAMPAIGN PUBLICITY.

Perry Belmont's Plan Warmly Endorsed by Governor Harmon.

WASHINGTON, March 9.—Although Congress seems not to be over-anxious to pass the long-pending bill providing for the publicity of campaign contributions, which apparently is extremely popular throughout the country, persons in immediate charge of the movement do not intend to let it languish.

It looked a year ago as if the Senate and House, profiting by the experience of the Presidential election would take immediate action, but the subject has been dragged along and for a time has been almost forgotten in the pressure, politically, of more important matters. Now the subject has been revived largely through the activity of Mr. Perry Belmont, president of the Publicity Law Organization, who has built a private palace here and has become a permanent resident of the Capital.

Mr. Belmont is now receiving replies from governors and others to whom he recently sent copies of the circular giving the Congressional status of the bill, the last one having been introduced by Representative McCall of Massachusetts, March 18, 1909, reciting President Taft's endorsement of it in his last annual message, and urging that all friends of the reform measure put their shoulders to the wheel in an effort to have it enacted into law at the present session.

Governor Harmon of Ohio, who is at present the most promising candidate for the Democratic nomination as President has sent to Mr. Belmont a letter which is a sample of those which it is hoped will be received from all the important and influential men throughout the country, without regard to politics, to whom the appeal was made. It is as follows:

"I greatly regret the delay which the bill for the publication of political contributions is encountering. All good citizens, whether in or out of office, and without regard to party, earnestly desire its passage. The President and Mr. Bryan have given it their approval and failure to take prompt action on it has become a reflection on the nation. To talk big and do nothing is bad in any case, but especially in a matter of public morals.

"I hope there is no question in fact about the passage of the bill at the present session, and that the past delay has been due mainly to inertia, but inertia in such a thing is a form of opposition which I trust the public spirit of our Senators and Representatives will promptly overcome."

ACTION TOO PRECIPITATE.

W. D. Mahon Said to Have Stampeded Pennsylvania Convention.

NEWCASTLE, Pa., March 9.—Following the stirring meeting today of the Pennsylvania State Federation of Labor, at which resolutions were adopted asking that the American Federation of Labor call a nation-wide strike, conservative delegates tonight express fear that the meeting was too precipitate in its action, and some are openly charging that the convention was stampeded by W. D. Mahon, president of the Amalgamated Association of Street Electric Railway Employes.

Mr. Mahon came here with a delegation from Philadelphia, and after explaining strike conditions in that city assured the convention that the strikers could win if they had the support of the union men of the state. He aroused the delegates to a high pitch of enthusiasm, and when the resolution which had been prepared by the committee of ten in Philadelphia was presented it was carried unanimously.

President E. E. Greenawalt of the federation appointed a committee of nine to confer with the Philadelphia committee of ten as to when the strike shall be inaugurated in other cities. The committee of ten held a meeting tonight and formulated a report, which will be presented to the convention tomorrow, but in the meantime none of its provisions will be made public.

Delegates which are averse to a spread of the strike object on the grounds that the present is a poor time to engage in an industrial war to such an extent, and it is regarded as uncertain whether all organized labor will answer the call for a general strike.

LORD ROSEBERY'S PLANS.

Three Resolutions to Be Presented to Reform House of Lords.

LONDON, March 9.—When Lord Rosebery Monday launches his plan for the reformation of the House of Lords he will present a set of three resolutions embodying in general terms the course which the peers propose to follow in modernizing themselves. As Lord Rosebery has been in consultation with a majority of the members of the upper house,there is little question that the resolutions represent the general views of the Lords on the subject of reorganization.

The first resolution will affirm the necessity for a strong and efficient second chamber for the well-being of the state. The second will set forth that such a chamber will be best obtainable by the reform and reconstitution of the House of Lords. The third will declare that a necessary preliminary to such reform and reconstitution is the acceptance of the principle that the possession of a peerage in itself should no longer afford the right to sit and vote in the House of Lords.

TSCHAIKOVSKY ACQUITTED.

Mme. Breshkovskaya, Tried at Same Time, Sentenced to Exile.

ST. PETERSBURG, March 9.—Nicholas Tschaikovsky, who was being tried on the charge of criminal activity in the revolutionary organization, was acquitted here today.

Mme. Breshkovskaya, who was being tried at the same time, was convicted and sentenced to be exiled.

INCREASE IN EARNINGS.

American Tobacco Company Gives Out Annual Report for 1909.

NEW YORK, March 9.—The American Tobacco Company, which is now fighting the federal suit for its dissolution before the United States Supreme Court, made public today its annual report for 1909, which showed that the so-called Tobacco Trust earned 50 1-2 per cent on its $40,000,000 common stock. The net earnings of the "Trust" were $30,448,354, an increase of $1,743,979 over last year.

MONUMENT OVER THE MAINE.

Believing that the wreck of battleship Maine is in itself the greatest monument which could be erected in memory of the sailors who went down with her, Verplanck Colvin of Albany has written a letter to Admiral Charles D. Sigsbee of the Navy Department advocating that a rubble stone breakwater be constructed to enclose the spot where the ship lies, and that an obelisk be erected in the centre bearing the records of the history of the event and the names of those who were killed there.

NEW YORK LETTER.

Citizens of the Metropolis Greatest Spenders and Savers.

Large Bank Deposits—The "Smoke Game"—Revival of Old Profession—New Record for Tortoise.

[Correspondence of the News.]

NEW YORK, March 9.—That New York, which has been characterized as the world's greatest city of spenders, is at the same time a great city of savers is the apparently contradictory condition just brought to light through figures collected by the office of the state bank superintendent. In spite of the increased cost of living and the amount which is annually spent here for amusements, no less than $260,000,000 was deposited in savings banks in this city during the past year, an increase of more than $22,000,000 over deposits made during the preceding year. In addition to this amount withdrawn by depositors was over $20,000,000 less than in 1908, making a net total increase of $42,000,000. The total number of individual savings accounts in the city at the beginning of the year was 1,848,932, an increase of 90,918 as compared with 1909. During the year depositors drew more than $35,000,000 in interest, or nearly $2,000,000 more than in 1908.

The clearest indication of the fact that New Yorkers, contrary to the popular idea, are savers is found in the statement concerning the 1,848,932 individual accounts. The average amount to the credit of each depositor was $475, an increase over 1908 of $31, making in all more than $878,000,000, which now lies in local banks against the proverbial rainy day, or a sum practically equal to the total yearly income of the federal government. The salaries of the men who have handled this vast amount of cash totalled $2,694,900, of which $1,814,000 was paid by banks in the metropolitan district as compared to $790,000 in the rest of the state. New York city, however, was not alone in its savings increase for the depositors elsewhere in the state increased more than $10,000,000 withdrawals being nearly $15,000,000 less than in 1908. Altogether Father Knickerbocker, with 1,848,933 citizens whose savings amount to more than $878,000,000—not counting what may be stowed away in curious places outside the banks—has the strongest kind of proof that New Yorkers, strange as the condition may seem, are the country's greatest savers as well as its greatest spenders.

"Smoke bad cigars and get rich quick." That is the philosophy of a brand new money making scheme here. The idea is not, however, that wealth may be accumulated by eschewing expensive cigars, for the advice is the keynote to one of the queerest bunco games which the police have run up against in years. All that is needed for its operation is a store of exceedingly vile-smelling cigars and a plausible story. As worked at present, the "smoke game" as the police call it, is exceedingly simple and has been successfully operated for some weeks by three men who the bluecoats say must have leather lungs and whom they shortly hope to take into custody. The victims have, without exception, been men of wealth and in many cases philanthropists in addition. Before entering the office of the intended victim the three members of the smoke gang light their cigars. Upon being admitted to the presence of their intended victim they puff furiously on their weeds, meanwhile soliciting a cash subscription in the name of some person, politically well known, for a police clubhouse, gymnasium, reading room or some similar project. That is the whole game. And yet, foolish as it appears on the surface, its inventors harvested several thousand dollars. In most cases the smell of the cigars was so nauseating that the person approached quickly handed over a subscription in order to free his office from the offending presence. Of course he learned sooner or later that he had been swindled, but the clouds of smoke which his visitors emitted during their short stay have in every case up to date proven so dense as effectually to hide them and make any satisfactory description possible. For simplicity and impudence this game, which has proven extremely effective, has never been beaten according to the police.

In spite of the fact that chimney sweeps are about as scarce in New York as hen's teeth, it may not be long before there will be plenty of them plying their almost forgotten trade, for as a result of the activities of the fire department this ancient calling is in a fair way to be revived. The decline of this now almost forgotten trade has no doubt been due in part to modern methods of construction, which have reduced the once capacious flue from a size capable of easily accommodating a full-grown man to one which affords scant room even for a small boy. Nevertheless there is on the books a regulation which empowers the fire commissioner to impose a fine on persons who do not keep their chimneys clean of soot, and the records show that last year the penalty was exacted in no less than 235 cases. That this represents only a small proportion of the total offenders is indicated by the fact that the commissioner does not make it a business to search for soot-filled chimneys. It is only when the firemen report a chimney blaze due to a too great accumulation of soot that the commissioner gets busy. In such a case he merely sends around for the fine and always gets it. The percentage of unclean chimneys discovered in this way, however, is small, amounting it is estimated, to only about one or two per cent of those which do not conform to the law. Altogether, according to the figures of experts, there are between 15,000 and 25,000 flues in the city so badly in need of a chimney sweep's services as to render their owners liable to a fine. In view of these facts it is not improbable that the profession of chimney cleaning will be revived and that the chimney sweep will shortly have a fixed place in the city's economic life as have now the ash man, the garbage man and the street cleaner.

The spectacle of one imported songbird bidding for possession of another was presented here this week. Of the two gifted songsters one was Mme. Mazarin, the latest addition to Manhattan's winter army of opera stars, who has the leading role in Elektra, the new Strauss opera which critics unite in pronouncing the noisiest musical production ever heard here, not even excepting George M. Cohan's pieces. The other participant in the incident was a genuine feathered purveyor of melody, a yellow canary from the Hartz mountains recently brought into this country by the Hamburg-American liner "Pennsylvania" as part of its cargo of nearly 4,000 birds of various kinds. This particular canary was sold by the importer in due course and was added to the large collection of these birds maintained by the Hotel Majestic in its garden restaurant. The bird soon attracted the attention of diners in the hotel by one peculiar high note of long, drawn-out sweetness. It was this that attracted the attention of Mme. Mazarin who declared that she must own the canary and offered $500 for it. The residents of the hotel, among whom are many wealthy persons, rebelled at the prospect of losing their favorite and the hotel manager was compelled to decline the offer.

All turtle records for this city, and as far as is known, for the world, since the famous race between the tortoise and the hare were broken here this week. In a specially arranged contest between the two biggest tortoises in the Zoo, the larger of which comes from the Galapagos islands in the Pacific and the smaller from the Aldabra islands in the Indian ocean. The length of the course was 20 feet, said to be the standard distance for turtles, and the prize, two large carrots, was won by a neck by the Galapagos entry, in the record breaking time of 40 minutes. The race came as the result of a proposal from one of the keepers, who was anxious to see the big tortoises moved from their position by the steam pipes, where the average temperature is over 80 degrees. The two big reptiles have occupied this place over since being put into winter quarters, and their great weight has made it impossible for the attendant to move them. He finally hit upon the scheme of stimulating them to a race. The carrots were waved in their faces and the tortoises immediately manifested keen interest. Accordingly a line was drawn, the prize placed 20 feet away and the race started. Although the winner reached the goal in 40 minutes or at the rate of a mile in about eight days, it took him nearly two hours to return to his place beside the steam pipes.

Longacre.

PORTSMOUTH.

Grange Officials and Programs—A Birthday Surprise Party—St. Patrick's Luncheon.

[Regular correspondence of the News.]

The new programs for the year 1910 of Portsmouth Grange, No. 29, have been distributed, and reflect great credit on the printer. The cover, which is white, has upon it in raised gilt, a sheaf of wheat, a rake and a sickle, set in a farm scene of house, fences, bundles of wheat, flowers, a rabbit and trees. The officers of the Grange for the year are:

Master—Alton F. Coggeshall.
Overseer—Chas. Cory, Jr.
Lecturer—Mrs. William K. Boyd.
Steward—Ernest Fish.
Assistant Steward—H. Frank Anthony.
Chaplain—J. Alvin Simmons.
Treasurer—Joshua Coggeshall.
Secretary—Miss Phoebe Coggeshall.
Gate Keeper—Herbert Chase.
Ceres—Mrs. Walter A. Sowle.
Pomona—Miss Lizzie Chase.
Flora—Miss Theresa Peckham.
Lady Assistant Steward—Miss Gertrude Coggeshall.

The subjects for the first quarter, ending March 18 have been as follows: January 7, installation of officers by Worthy State Master Frank E. Marchant; January 21, third and fourth degrees and music; February 4, Fun with animated silhouettes; February 18, first and second degrees, Lincoln night; March 4, third and fourth degrees, lecture, "The Two Principles of Education", by President Howard Edwards of the Rhode Island State College; March 18, "Shall We Patronize Private Schools While We Are Supporting Public School? Shall We Send Our Children Out of Town for Instruction in the Lower Grades?" George R. Hicks, Edward R. Anthony, Mrs. Abby Hall, Warren R. Sherman.

Mr. Alfred J. Mott gave his wife a birthday surprise party Tuesday evening, being assisted in the preparations by Mrs. May Malone, an intimate friend of Mrs. Mott. About 30 responded to invitations. During the evening six tables played whist; vocal and instrumental music, with the new pianola, was enjoyed, and so pleasantly was the time passed that the company did not separate until an early morning hour. Mrs. Charles Sumner Sisson took the first whist prize for women, a pocketbook, and Mrs. William Lawrence, the consolation, a "Billiken." Mr. Abner P. Anthony gained the first prize for men, an electric pocket lantern, and Dr. Berton W. Storrs the consolation, a pencil. Cake, ice cream and fruit punch were served.

One feature of a St. Patrick's luncheon given by Miss Gertrude E. Macomber Tuesday afternoon was extremely pretty. Over the table was suspended a large Japanese lantern, from which green ribbons were carried to each plate and to which the favors, tiny green bon-bonboxes, were attached. After the last course was served, the umbrella was lowered and was found to contain beautiful presents for Miss Chase, in whose honor the luncheon was given. The guests were Miss Sarah B. Chase, Mrs. Berton W. Storrs, Mrs. Minot A. Steele, Mrs. William Lawrence, Mrs. Peter Malone, Miss Lillian Wheeler, Mrs. Walter B. Chase, Mrs. Alfred J. Mott, Mrs. William F. Grinnell, Mrs. Joseph W. Greene and Mrs. Joseph Souza.

TEACHING OF THRIFT IN THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

[New Bedford Standard.]

The Fall River Globe thinks we have come a long way from our forefathers' time when a state commission is led to recommend that the teaching of thrift be added to the subjects of our public schools. That is a natural conclusion; but in some respects and in the public schools for one matter, we have come a long way from our forefathers' time in this business of thrift. We don't know that the public schools used to teach thrift much by precept, but they certainly taught it by practice. In the days before textbooks and supplies were free, in those times a lead pencil was a precious treasure, to be cherished to the last remnants of a much-battered stub. A sheet of paper was worth being taken care of, and a quire of paper was untold riches. Pens, though you could sometimes get two for a cent, were almost worth their weight in gold; while penholders were beyond compare in point of value. As for books, they were cared for to be handed down from the older to the younger children of the family. For thrift of the concrete sort commanded that money be saved in their purchase.

There were disadvantages about this method, to be sure; but thrift was taught practically as it never can be taught in schools where all lecturing on the theme will be obviously nullified by the lavish use of school supplies. Of course there is great personal difference in different teachers in the administration of school supplies, but the very fact that they are provided in the spirit of freedom can but have the tendency under the most favorable circumstances to encourage a lavishness remote from thriftiness. That such lavishness is characteristic in some schoolrooms is clear enough, and that thriftiness is but occasionally exemplified to a point which would serve to enforce the lessons of the lips is greatly to be feared. More work is necessary than the commission appears to recognize.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

FORCED TO YIELD TO THE GAVEL

Dr. Walker Not Allowed to Have Full Say on Suffrage Question.

ALBANY, March 9.—Dr. Mary Walker, advocate and wearer of trousers, furnished the only picturesque incident in the legislative hearing today on the Hill-Tooms bill to eliminate the word "male" from those clauses of the state constitution which define the right of suffrage. The state house was filled with women from all over the state, and Dr. Walker was easily the observed of all observers. She tried hard to speak, but she had not had her full say when the chairman's gavel brought her reluctantly to her seat.

The various woman suffrage organizations sent their best speakers to advocate the passage of the resolution. The New York State Association opposed to woman suffrage and the National League for the Civic Education of Women sent just as large a corps of speakers to argue against the proposition.

For four hours the judiciary committee of the senate and assembly heard these arguments in the assembly chamber. Dr. Mary Walker was ready to speak on either side, for, although she is an ardent advocate of the ballot for women, she believes that the constitution already gives them this right, and that no legislation is necessary.

Notwithstanding only those on the program were recognized by the committee, Dr. Walker rose in her seat just before the hearing closed and demanded recognition.

Chairman Phillips of the assembly committee interrupted her after two minutes of speaking with the suggestion that she "submit a brief." When she refused to accept this suggestion the chairman brought down his gavel and Dr. Walker finally yielded to his authority.

The advocates of ballots for women did not confine their activity to the hearing. Big delegations arrived from out of town before noon and quickly invaded the Capitol, where they began missionary work on every legislator within reach.

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Get a can of the L. & M. Floor Paint. Paint the floor in the morning. It dries hard over night. With a bright varnish finish. Saves wear—looks bright and cheerful. Get it from: R. R. Barker, Newport.

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Contains no injurious ingredients. Recommended by dentists. It whitens the teeth, preserves the gums and sweetens the breath; a sure germ destroyer.
A large bottle for 25c.
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Five-Pound Bag Twenty-Five Cents.
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"Waukeazy" Corn Solvent.
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Work called for and delivered to any part of the city.

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A practical machine gives first class results. No heat. No expense. Any one can operate it. $1.50 each.

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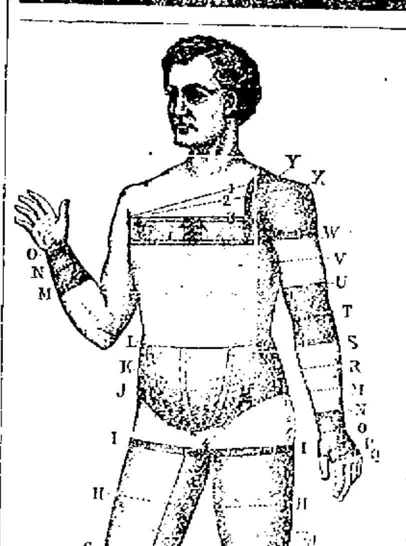
New stock now on hand. Fertilizers and Farm Implements. The most complete line in Newport county.

THE GEO. A. WEAVER CO.



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THE ROOSEVELT PERIL.

[illegible] Sentiment Manifest in Favor [illegible] Former President's Return to the White House.

[Boston Transcript.]

[illegible] men coming back from [illegible] other centres of Missis-[illegible] influences now give as-[illegible] accounts of the strength of [illegible] sentiment there in favor of Roose-[illegible] return to the White House. The [illegible] corollary of the assertion [illegible] Taft is not succeeding in the [illegible] is that Roosevelt must be [illegible] back into that office. This [illegible] seems to transcend partisan, [illegible] class lines, if not indeed [illegible] independent of them. A [illegible] Republican Congressman [illegible] the other day to one of his [illegible] associates that if Roose-[illegible] to return to this country on [illegible] of the next Republican nation-[illegible] convention his nomination would [illegible]. To this the Democrat, [illegible] an intense partisan, replied: [illegible] did not nominate him [illegible]." Plans are already [illegible] an unprecedented scale [illegible] Roosevelt in New York [illegible] reporting of the fur-[illegible] of his journey, indicate that [illegible] is getting into readiness [illegible] great spell of Roosevelt enthu-[illegible] the next two years can be [illegible] office himself from [illegible] lead up to 1912? This [illegible] particularly difficult in case [illegible] receive such a set-[illegible] Congressional elections in [illegible] to constitute a signal of [illegible] that now seems probable. [illegible] would the return of Mr. [illegible] the White House in such [illegible] mean? The country [illegible] consider that question before [illegible]. Representative govern-[illegible] must be acknowledged by his [illegible] admirers would receive [illegible] now a very severe blow. [illegible] and representatives might [illegible] infer that the people expected [illegible] his bidding and nothing [illegible] dispute between him and [illegible] of which they were mem-[illegible] they would know that the coun-[illegible] would sympathize with him and [illegible] believe the worst of them. [illegible] never he proposed a man for [illegible] to the Ananias club, the [illegible] unhesitatingly ratify the [illegible]. They would recognize a [illegible] committee admissions with [illegible]. For men like [illegible] and Crane and Gallinger to [illegible] dissent from his policies [illegible] practically useless—certain-[illegible] the confines of their own [illegible] as he could with one blast [illegible] bring the country to [illegible] his. Unlimited confidence [illegible] in his return to the White House. That would connote ab-[illegible] lack of confidence in his crit-[illegible].

[illegible] would not be a hopeful situa-[illegible] founders of the republic in [illegible] a legislative branch, as [illegible] executive know what they [illegible]. They intended our insti-[illegible] for a day, but for all [illegible] people happen to think now [illegible] Roosevelt and no Sen-[illegible] the long run they would [illegible] mistaken policy. Hamilton, [illegible] early numbers of the [illegible] said that his associates in [illegible] building had hoped to [illegible] in such a manner as [illegible] the "hemlock today and the [illegible]." Such an overturn [illegible] recurrence. When the [illegible] city charter was in prep-[illegible] the people generally expected [illegible] mayor to be elected, and so [illegible] critical of the substantial [illegible] of power left in the hands of [illegible] council. Today, with the re-[illegible] controlling the city coun-[illegible] the mayor, the same critics [illegible] what the charter framers left [illegible] with so much power, and [illegible] with so little! When peo-[illegible] with a President they are [illegible] ready to resent the interfer-[illegible] the Senate and call for its de-[illegible]. Where they differ from him [illegible] only too glad to invoke the [illegible] power of Congress and to [illegible] that there is a Congress. [illegible] now proposed to elect a man [illegible] to be on unfriendly relations [illegible] the great leaders of the Senate, [illegible] protest against a President who has [illegible] with this same body. We [illegible] asked to turn out a President who [illegible] the coordinate functions of the [illegible] branch of the government: [illegible] room for one known to dis-[illegible] and to make the change [illegible] on that one issue. Is it de-[illegible] to put any man in the Presi-[illegible] chair with such a peculiar [illegible] power as would thus be Mr. [illegible]? While he made great [illegible] reforms, he also made [illegible]. From the unrestrained [illegible] the nation should be saved. [illegible] navy mania seems to most [illegible] very harmful in its effects on [illegible]. He surely did nothing for [illegible]. He was a very extrava-[illegible] President; public expenditures [illegible] enormously under him. Were [illegible] to go back to power now critics of [illegible] his policies would be virtually [illegible] from expressing their [illegible]. The Diaz idea would find [illegible] on this side of the Rio Grande. [illegible] have an elective monarchy [illegible] simply because we hap-[illegible] to like the monarch.

[illegible] everybody acknowledge the [illegible] place that Roosevelt deservedly [illegible] American history, but let it [illegible] as President a place "in history." Let us give Mr. Taft a fair chance at [illegible] presidential office, and when he [illegible] succeeded at the end of [illegible] years, by either a Dem-[illegible] or a Republican, as the case may [illegible] remember that we are not a [illegible] nation.

[illegible] CAPTAINS WILL SOON REACH FLAG RANK.

[illegible] well known captains of the [illegible] States navy will reach flag rank [illegible] and, curiously enough, only [illegible] Charles E. Fox, is in [illegible] of a vessel. His command is [illegible] ship Lancaster. Captain [illegible] Thomas, president of the [illegible] inspection and survey for [illegible] his promotion March [illegible] William A. Marshall, com-[illegible] the Norfolk yard, and [illegible] Young, captain of the [illegible] May 4; Captain Wil-[illegible] Southerland, member of the [illegible] and retiring boards, [illegible] Captain Charles E. Fox, [illegible] Captain John C. Fre-[illegible] of the Boston yard, [illegible] Captain Albert Mertz, [illegible] of the Cavite and Olonga-[illegible] November 7, and [illegible] L. Cottman, com-[illegible] Puget Sound yard, No-[illegible] Captains Thomas, Marshall [illegible] the Naval Academy [illegible] Southerland, Fox, [illegible] Cottman in 1868, and [illegible] in 1869. Captain Mar-[illegible] in point of years of [illegible] and Captain South-[illegible] youngest. The latter is [illegible] year.

TIVERTON.

Mrs. [illegible] Ann Boyd recently ob-[illegible] eighty-ninth birthday an-[illegible]. The occasion was marked [illegible] number of friends who [illegible] their congratulations [illegible] remembrances, including [illegible] and candy. Mrs. Boyd [illegible] in the Old Tavern, which [illegible] the residence of George [illegible] now located. Her parents [illegible] and Nancy Durfee. In early life she married Peter Boyd of Portsmouth, who died several years ago. One son, Abner Boyd is still living. Mrs. Boyd retains her faculties to a remarkable degree, and is well read on all current events. She has lived in Tiverton the greater part of her life, and her host of friends will wish her many more happy birthdays.

On the same day Mr. Levi Manchester quietly observed his eightieth birthday. Mr. Manchester received during the day his large circle of relatives, friends and neighbors with his usual cordial welcome and courteous manner. He received a shower of postcards, birthday greetings and numerous presents of fruit, candy, handkerchiefs and a basket well laden with grapes, oranges, apples and bananas. Mr. Manchester retains his strength and vitality. His mind is as keen and clear as in the days of his youth, and, aside from failing eyesight, his health is good. Owing to his good memory he is able to interest his hearers by relating many interesting incidents relative to his town and his youthful days.

TUNNEL THROUGH FALL RIVER.

Now Haven Road Preparing Plan to Give Connection Between Providence and New Bedford.

A tunnel through the hill in the city of Fall River, giving direct connection between Providence and New Bedford, is a plan which the New Haven road is actively engaged in preparing, according to an announcement made in Fall River.

Tuesday afternoon Mayor Coughlin had a conference in Boston with President Charles S. Mellen and Vice President Timothy E. Byrnes of the railroad company. Mr. Mellen is represented as having said that the New Haven company planned to tunnel under the city and construct a double track from Providence to New Bedford. It is stated that President Mellen went so far as to aver that he had been authorized by his board of directors to bring about the proposed improvement and go ahead with the plans for the proposed construction of the tunnel, and to make the road between Providence and New Bedford modern in every respect.

The aim of the railroad is to throw open the Cape district and afford quicker freight and passenger facilities from southeastern Massachusetts to Providence and thence to New York and other points. President Mellen stated that the cost of the contemplated improvements would amount to millions of dollars, and that no definite route for the tunnel had as yet been fixed. In this respect the plans have not been completed.

It is learned that the railroad has three proposed routes in mind. In one plan the tunnel would start at the Fall River station. In a second the tunnel would have its entrance at Ferry street, while in a third the entrance would be close to the state line. From the discussion which has at various times taken place, it is understood that President Mellen now regards the Ferry street proposition as the most feasible and that there is little doubt that the tunnel, if built, will start from there.

OUR LIMITATIONS.

[Life.]

This is an anticipative age. We eat, or rather munch, predigested foods; read the night editions of our papers at noon; propose babies in the cradle for membership in our clubs; have our life insurance policies mature while we are alive and hearty. We devise methods of pre-natal culture that should people our land with prodigies; by an improved system of wills we control the destinies of many generations yet to be; and we decide for all time what shall be classic in literature and art. We put into type the obituary notices of men and women still in their prime; we buy and sell crops before they are planted, and pay dividends on mines that have not yet yielded enough metal for an essay. By psychotherapy we cure people before they have ailments; and with the aid of devoted mediums peep behind screens and through trap doors into eternity. We have developed so much wisdom, such faculties for sight, that we have come to speak almost patronizingly of posterity.

Yet our failures have been as pronounced as our triumphs. Our utter and unaccountable successlessness in predicting next year's styles in either fiction, warships, psychology or women's headgear, and our hopeless inability to forecast tomorrow's meteorological performances should certainly modify our blustering. Nor should we forget the ideal tariff that we promised ourselves and the Brobdingnagian lemon that was handed us.

SETTLING CLAIMS OF CHERRY MINE WIDOWS.

With 50 claims of widows and other relatives of Cherry mine victims settled by payments ranging from $800 to $1,200, the St. Paul Mining Company has entered into negotiations with counsel in something like 100 more cases to settle with the victims' widows at the rate of $1,800 in each case. This rate of settlement was agreed upon at a conference between attorneys representing the widows and counsel for the mining company. In the mine disaster 264 men were killed. Of this number 157 left widows with 423 children, while 107 of the victims were single men.

BANISH THE DOG.

[Lowell Courier-Citizen.]

Farmers in New England who are asked to go into sheep raising complain that dogs make the business unprofitable. This is true to a considerable extent, but it ought not to be. The states surely have power enough to suppress the dog nuisance and they clearly should do it in the interest of sheep raisers. If the industry is to be revived and developed to its former magnitude its enemies—and dogs are the worst—must be banished.

PERSONALS.

....H. B. Whittaker, the widely known hotel keeper, and proprietor of the Hotel Netherlands, New York, died in that city yesterday as a result of a paralytic stroke.

....United States Senator John W. Daniel of Virginia was stricken with paralysis at Dayton, Fla., last night. He is at a hospital, and his physicians say he will recover. The stroke was slight.

....Zia Pasha, the eminent Turkish official who visited the United States last fall as special commissioner from the Sultan of Turkey to President Taft, to announce the former's accession to the throne, has been appointed Turkish ambassador at Washington. Zia Pasha has also served as Ottoman ambassador at Vienna and Rome.

....Word has been received of the gift of $150,000 from John D. Rockefeller, for the American College for Girls in Constantinople. Mr. Rockefeller's gift, with $175,000 obtained some time ago from Miss Helen Gould and with $50,000 which Mrs. Henry Wood gave four years since, will permit the trustees to carry out a long-delayed plan. This includes the erection of three buildings and a heating plant, all on a beautiful tract containing 50 acres, about three miles outside the city.

The Spring Blouse.

This blouse is of handkerchief linen tucked in groups of three and trimmed with square Irish lace motifs and cluny insertion. A touch which adds is the fluted ruffle of the material edged with lace set on the left side of the narrow front panel. This ruffle might also be made entirely of lace, or of net. The style of sleeves in waists of this kind is the bishop with a six-inch cuff.

THE FLOWER FAIRIES.

[Arnold C. Heath, in Boston Transcript.]

By woodland way,
O'er garden gay,
In every flower a fairy lies;
Within its dainty petals play
The mirrored tints of fairy eyes;
And elfins say,
When blossoms sway,
There drifts o'er sunlit fields away,
The fragrant breath of fairy sighs.

A hundred trips,
In flow'ry ships,
The fairy takes on waving seas;
And when the shining dew-foam drips
In silence from the giant trees,
The fairy sips,
With fairy lips,
From blossom heart and petal tips,
The honey for the friendly bees.

Now the fairy day is done;
Low in flowers the fairies creep;
Good night! says the setting sun—
Blossoms close, and fairies sleep.

FANCIES.

My little boy the other day
Was hit by a conundrum big.
"What has its toes behind, papa?"
I gave it up—said he, "A rug."

"Who oughter been the first to fly?"
Again in vain was all my thought.
To puzzle dad was good as pie
To him—he chuckled, "Aaron ought."
—[Boston Transcript.

Lady—Do you keep stationery?
Floorwalker—No, madam, we continually walk about.—[Life.

"You women would rather talk than listen."
"Not always."
"When, for example?"
"When a man is about to propose."—[Judge.

"So your wife wants to vote?"
"Not exactly," replied Mr. Meekton. "She wants the opportunity of voting if she wishes. Then she will do as she likes about it."—[Washington Star.

She (enthusiastically)—I think Palm Beach is just a perfect Garden of Eden, don't you?
He—Yes, but er—a trifle more dressy, don't you think?—[Boston Transcript.

"Here's a rule of psychology: No matter whether you feel cheerful or not, try to seem so, even if it's put on."
"That's right. I always laugh when I go to a comic opera."—[Life.

"What broke off the match? Didn't the duke need the money?"
"He needed the money, but he refused to let her father use his coat of arms as a trademark for a brand of axle grease."—[Louisville Courier-Journal.

"Have you ever tried a fireless cooker?"
"Yes. We've had one for six months. My wife has tried to fire her, and I've told her to go, but she simply ignores our requests, and says she'll scratch the eyes out of any other girl we dare to bring into the kitchen."—[Chicago Record-Herald.

"What are you doing to boom your [illegible] the remedy?"
"I'm giving away sheet music; all the popular songs."
"I see. You are not only advertising the remedy, but creating a demand for it as well."—[Washington Herald.

"I'm afraid I'm catching a cold," said Kloseman, trying to get some medical advice free. "Every once in a while I feel an itching in my nose and I can I sneeze. What would you do in a case like that, doctor?"
"Well," replied Dr. Sharpe, "I guess I'd sneeze, too."—[Catholic Standard and Times.

RETIREMENT OF REAR ADMIRAL WILLIAM SWIFT.

Rear Admiral William Swift, Secretary Meyer's aide for material, will be retired by the operation of the law March 17, and there is much speculation in the Navy Department as to who will succeed him. The new regulations which were adopted to install the Meyer system of navy administration provide that the various aides shall be officers of the navy on the active list, and that all of them, have the aide for material, shall be of the line. It is being said that Rear Admiral Swift's assistant, Captain Washington I. Chambers, would be the logical successor, if the regulations are not changed and the present aide is relieved from that duty March 17.

CHANGES IN COMMAND.

Secretary Meyer Will Soon Announce Appointment of New Captains for Navy Yards.

Secretary Meyer has decided on changes in the commands of the navy yards at Mare Island, Cal., and Philadelphia, and will probably announce in a day or two the appointment of Captain Frank F. Fletcher and Rear Admiral Hugo Osterhaus to these posts. The present commandant of the Mare Island yard is Rear Admiral T. S. Phelps. Rear Admiral Uriah Harris is at the head of the League Island yard at Philadelphia. Rear Admiral Phelps reaches the retiring age next November. The two yards to a certain extent served as headquarters for the opposing factions in the line and staff controversy [illegible], after the Newberry plan was adopted. The staff seemed to be [illegible] at Mare Island, and the Philadelphia yard was the scene of the so-called "Panther conspiracy," in which several line officers prepared a circular to the line suggesting that a fund be raised by contributions to combat the Newberry scheme. At that time Rear Admiral Pendleton was commandant. At the Mare Island yard the controversy became so acute that Assistant Secretary Winthrop made a personal investigation, after which he recommended the transfer of several officers.

It is also understood that Secretary Meyer will order Rear Admiral A. F. Nazro to be retired on account of physical disability. This officer was recently ordered home from the Philippines because he failed in the 50-mile walk test. The retiring board reported adversely on his case several days ago, and Secretary Meyer will support the decision.

Early Spring Shoe Styles

For Ladies.

Black cloth top, button boots, of either patent or vici leather. New dress boots on stylish lasts $3.50 and $4.00.

—AT—

The T. Mumford Seabury Co.'s.

SORE HANDS

Itching, Burning, Bleeding, Cured by Cuticura.

Soak the hands, on retiring, in a hot, thick lather of Cuticura Soap. Dry and anoint freely with Cuticura Ointment. Bandage lightly in old cotton or wear old gloves. This treatment is priceless for softening, whitening, and soothing red, rough, and chapped hands, and for dry, itching palms and is equally effective for sore feet. Cuticura Soap, to cleanse the skin, Cuticura Ointment, to heal the skin, and Cuticura Pills, to cool and cleanse the blood, have become the favorites for the treatment of all torturing, disfiguring humors, diseases, and affections of the skin, scalp, and blood of infants, children, and adults.

Weak, Weary Women

Learn the Cause of Daily Woes and End Them.

When the back aches and throbs.
When housework is torture.
When night brings no rest nor sleep.
When urinary disorders set in.
Women's lot is a weary one.
There is a way to escape these woes.
Doan's Kidney Pills cure such ills.
Have cured thousands.
Read this woman's testimony.

Mrs. Mary Cunningham, 41 Congregational St., Bristol, R. I., says: "I had backache for so long that I was beginning to think I would never be free from it. I also suffered from sharp, shooting pains in my sides, had sick headaches and was often so dizzy that I could not stand alone. I felt weak and had no ambition. Having heard a great deal about Doan's Kidney Pills, I decided to try them and procured a box. I am now glad I did so, for they removed the pains and strengthened my entire system. I have great faith in Doan's Kidney Pills and take pleasure in recommending them."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

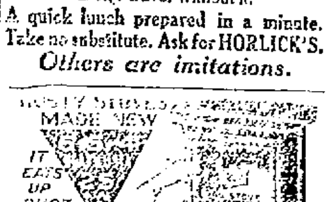
Not in any Milk Trust

The Original and Genuine

HORLICK'S MALTED MILK

The Food-drink for All Ages.

At restaurants, hotels and fountains.
Delicious, invigorating and sustaining.
Keep it on your sideboard at home.
Don't travel without it.
A quick lunch prepared in a minute.
Take no substitute. Ask for HORLICK'S.
Others are imitations.



[illegible] ITSELF. WON'T WASH OFF

If not at your dealer's, see Geo. A. Weaver Co., S. W. Coggeshall, or J. F. Marden.

SPECIAL For Thursday.

SALE OF BLACK SATEEN SKIRTS.

This is another of our famous Petticoat Sales which are well known for bargain giving.

The lot offered on Thursday is made up of three styles, all made of Hyde-grade sateen and all cut and finished on generous lines. The ruffles are wide and full, giving plenty of foom troom and the styles are all new.

These skirts are good value at 98c., and are sold by many stores at that price. Our price on Thursday is

69c each.

TAILOR-MADE WAISTS.

Another new style in Tailored Linene Waists just received. Sizes from 34 to 42.

98c

Complete lines of Spring Underwear of every description. Some of the daintiest Gowns, Skirts and Corset Covers we have ever shown.

WM. B. SHERMAN, JR.,

145 Thames Street.

Tel. 995.

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS. GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS.

TO THE HOUSEKEEPER.

HOW LONG WILL YOU PAY?

HOW LONG WILL YOU PAY the advertising bill of Flour Manufacturers and get nothing back?

When you use flour advertised on Bill Boards, in Street Cars, Newspapers and Magazines you pay for the advertising and get nothing back.

When you use "SNOW-BALL" Flour the money spent for advertising by our premium method is returned to you in your choice of any premium you may desire in our Booklet or Catalog, thereby returning a part of your original investment.

But, Speaking of Investment,

NOTICE THIS FEATURE.

Use one-third less of "Snow-Ball" than other flours for the same amount of liquid.
This saving is absolutely necessary to obtain the best results.

Read the above once more carefully, then consider the economy in using "SNOW-BALL."

W. C. SCOTT, POSTOFFICE SQUARE. Phone 543.

THE GREAT ATLANTIC & PACIFIC TEA CO.,

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Free Delivery. Phone 659.

WONDERFUL BARGAINS IN GROCERIES.

PICKLES C & B.	½ pt. 20c, Pt. 30c.
SAUCE, LEA & PERRINS,	A Bottle, 22c.
ROYAL CHEESE,	Jar, 10c., 15c., 25c.
FELS NAP. SOAP,	2 Cakes 9c.
SAPOLIO, Hand or Plain	Cake, 7c.
GOLD DUST,	4 lb. pkg., 19c.
BON AMI	cake, 9c.
SOUPS, CAMPBELLS,	3 cans, 25c.
SOUPS, FRANCO AMERICAN,	Pt. 16c., qt. 28c.
OLIVE OIL, B. & G.	Bottle, 23c., 40c., 70c.
ROAST OR CORNED BEEF,	No. 1, can, 12½c.
SALT,	5 lb. bag, 5c.

EXTRAORDINARY STAMP SPECIALS THIS WEEK.

Special Sale of A&P Baking Powder with Extra Stamps.

80 Stamps with a large can A&P Baking Powder at 50c. Absolutely Pure.

20 Stamps with 1 bot. Queen Olives 25c.

20 Stamps with 3 lbs, Prunes 65 to the lb., a lb. 8c.

Special Sale of A&P Laundry Soap with Extra Stamps.

20 Stamps with 7 Cakes of A&P Laundry Soap at 25c. None Better Made for Washing Purposes.

15 Stamps with 1 bot. A&P Olive Oil 22c.

10 STAMPS with any of the following articles:

1 can Sultana Spice 10c.
1 pk. Fluffy Ruffles Starch 10c.
1 bot. Liquid Blue 10c.
½-lb cake A&P Premium Chocolate 16c.
1 pk A&P Jelly Powder 10c.
1 can A&P Corn Syrup 10c.
1 pk. Fancy Head Rice 10c.
1 pk. H-O Prepared Flour 20c.
1 can Sultana Corn 10c.

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS.

OCCIDENT FLOUR

Is One of the Very Best Grades of Flour Milled.

THERE IS NONE BETTER.

I have a carload in today in all sizes of packages from a 5 lb. to a 98 lb. bag. Half and whole barrels in wood.

I guarantee this flour to be better in every way than any of the regular standard patents and equal to any of the highest grades of fancy flour made regardless of price.

To introduce this flour in Newport I shall for a short time sell it at prices far below those of equal quality and warrant it to suit in every particular. Give it a trial and be convinced.

James A. Eddy,

Cash Grocery and Market,

237 Thames St.

Where you will always get good BUTTER.

Telephone 110.

We are receiving daily from

THIS ISLAND FRESH EGGS.

The quality is fine. The price is lower.

Choice Sound Cranberries.

FOUR VARIETIES OF COCOANUT MACAROONS FINE GOODS.

Charles A. Manchester,

BROADWAY.

New Fresh Vegetables

—AT THE—

SEA SIDE MARKET.

Green Peas,	Green Beans,
Brussel Sprouts,	Okra,
Cucumbers,	Radishes,
Egg Plant,	Mushrooms
Tomatoes,	Olives,

French Endive.

R. C. and Cie COGNAC,

Fine California

BRANDIES.

25 B'way. PELEG BRYER. 11 Spring S.

The Newport Journal AND WEEKLY NEWS.

is especially adapted for mailing.

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS.

SPECIAL!

We offer Van Camp's Tomato Catsup, regular full pint bottles, for a short time at **14c a bottle**

Van Camp's large 20-ounce can Evaporated Milk at **7c a can**

WalterBaker's Breakfast Cocoa our regular price **19c a box**

Strictly Fresh Island Eggs **35c a doz.**; 3 doz. for $1

Good Eggs **28c a doz**

Choice Pink Salmon, regular rice 3 cans for **25c**

Very Fancy New Orleans Molasses **50c a gallon**

Takhoma Biscuit, still going at **4c a package**

—AT—

The Boston Grocery,

City Hall Square, Broadway

O. F. Wilcox, Prop'r.

Tel. 339.

KING ARTHUR FLOUR.

America's Highest Grade.

A Trial will convince you of its superiority.

SPECIAL SALES in our Meat Department Saturday Afternoon and evening.

T. FRED KAULL,

391-393 THAMES STREET.

Tel. 476.

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Published every afternoon except Sunday.

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T. T. Pitman, Proprietor.

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or if that is busy, 17
Editorial and Reportorial Rooms Upstairs, 782
Publisher's Residence, 13 High St. 322

The Newport Journal contains the best matter in the Daily News each week, and will be sent anywhere in the United States, postage paid, for two dollars a year in advance. Requests for change of address should give old address as well as new.

BACK NUMBERS.

Copies of the Daily News two weeks old three cents extra for each month or part of a month. Copies of the Newport Journal and Weekly News, one month old five cents extra for each month or part of a month.

Yearly or Term Advertisers are limited to their immediate business, are guaranteed but five insertions in a week and are allowed fifty-two changes a year. Legal notices, auction sales, amusements, cards, wants, and lost and found are not included in space contract.

Advertisers using both the daily and weekly papers gain the advantage of distinct classes of readers, no person reading both the daily and weekly. The Journal goes among people who read no other local paper.

Newport Daily News

THURSDAY, MARCH 10, 1910.

THE DAILY NEWS TELEPHONES.
When calling the Daily News Office in business use number 9908 or, if that is busy, 17; if the editorial or reportorial rooms are to be reached, or information is desired on current news, call 782.

TEN PAGES.

THE REPRESENTATIVE COUNCIL.

The Representative Council at its meeting last evening did an excellent work, and expeditiously. The budget of the city's appropriation was adopted practically as presented by the Committee of Twenty-five, with two or three additions, and, quite properly, anything which meant a change in policy was voted down. The ordinance providing for the assessment of the tax was adopted in a form which will yield the city in the neighborhood of $600,000 from this source. The tax assessors are given a margin of $10,000, and on the valuation of last year the tax rate would be not more than $12 on each $1,000. With an increased valuation, which is confidently expected, that rate may be slightly reduced.

The action regarding two acts which it is desired that the General Assembly shall pass—one giving the Board of Health increased power regarding the sale of milk and authority to condemn and seize impure and unwholesome food in the markets and shops, and the other giving the inspector of buildings authority to enforce the building law—has long been desired by the citizens generally, and the action of the Representative Council is a long step in the right direction. That the Council would increase the pay of the police was expected, and the action unquestionably meets with the approval of the taxpayers. The police generally are deserving of good pay, and the increase is not large as compared with similar service in other cities of the same size. The discussion of the various points at issue showed that the members are alive to the best interests of the city, and that the Representative Council is serving well the purposes for which it was constituted.

THE TAX RECOMMENDATIONS.

The special committee appointed last year by the General Assembly to consider the subject of taxation and to recommend changes in the existing laws on this subject has done its work well, as the voluminous report to the legislature presented last week conclusively shows. It has evidently had under survey the whole field of taxation, and has studied exhaustively and fully the principles of taxation, the laws of other states and countries, the duty of the people, the needs of the state, and, in fact, every feature of the matter having either a direct or an indirect bearing on the general subject of the imposition of taxes for the support of the government; and the result is a collection of facts clearly stated and conveniently collated, and a series of recommendations which make this report a very valuable state paper, and one which will be of great use to any future commission which may be given a similar duty to perform as a foundation for its investigation and a basis for its conclusions.

Seldom, if ever, has a state commission entrusted with an important duty performed it so well and given to the state such rich fruit of its labors. Whatever may now be done with this report and its recommendations, the state has profited by the work of the commission and has a document in its possession for the pertinent and forceful facts and conclusions of which it cannot escape responsibility, even if it evades the action which the plain duty there embodied and clearly presented should dictate.

There should be no such evasion of duty, however, and no seeking to escape responsibility by inaction. Even the veriest novice in matters of taxation knows full well that the laws of this state now on the books on this subject are inadequate, unjust and antiquated, and that they need revision. The state needs more money, and it ought to have it on the basis of just taxation. There is plenty of property within its borders which should be taxed, and the state is entitled to a fair return for what it gives to the property owners. The present system, or lack of system, in the matter of taxation, however, fails to reach much of this property for the purpose of imposing taxes. On the other hand, in many cases where it does reach taxable property it works hardship upon the owner because the burden is distributed unevenly by reason of the escape of some persons from paying their just share of the expense of government which exists for the protection of property and the individual, and for the administration of the affairs and the safeguarding, fostering and advancing of the interests of the people. The laws of the state regulating the levying of taxes ought, therefore, to be more extensive and far-reaching, and at the same time more equitable, so that the state may receive the revenue which is its due and the taxpayers may feel that they are being treated with full and even-handed justice by the government.

There may, of course, be some difference of opinion regarding the wisdom of the adoption of all the recommendations the committee has made, or the precise form in which any should be cast, but there is not one which does not deserve serious and earnest consideration by the legislators, for they represent long and patient study and close attention to the subject on the part of the members of the committee, and have been made with the mutual interests of the state and the taxpayers clearly in mind. Especially important are those which advise a corporation tax, a reduced tax on intangible personal property and a state tax commissioner. These methods of taxation would distribute the burden of the support of the government with an evenness, a fullness and a justice which are not gained by the existing taxation laws in this state, and the election of a state tax commissioner would result in the maintenance of such new system as might be established, and its more perfect and equitable operation.

With the need of new laws on this subject long appreciated, and with so excellent a code prepared after careful study and earnest thought by a painstaking committee, it is hardly credible that the legislature will allow the present opportunity to slip by without improvement, and leave the state in the lamentable condition in which it has so long been in respect to its taxation laws. Under the existing conditions it is the plain duty of the legislators to do their best to give the state wise and equitable laws regulating taxation. If this can best be accomplished by the passage of the provisions recommended by this committee, then the laws suggested by that body should be passed without change, but if it would be better that some amendments be made in the features recommended, or if some should be omitted and others substituted, then that course should be pursued. It is well that there should be borne in mind by the legislators the fact that this committee has given months of study to the subject, and that its recommendations are the fruit of that long and careful consideration of the matter in all its phases, and that, therefore, the committee was in a position to give advice on the subject which the other members of the legislature could hardly be prepared to question, except after similar study and consideration. In other words, the legislators should exercise their best judgment in acting on this report, but should accept the recommendations of the committee for their full value, as the result of long and patient study of the subject of taxation in all its aspects.

It is doubtful if the imposition of the inheritance tax would be of advantage to the towns of Newport county. It might injuriously affect the residence of many people of wealth who now pay their personal property taxes in these towns, making this locality their legal home because of the lack of this form of taxation, which exists in New York and in some other states.

MEAT CONSUMPTION.

Vegetarianism as a theory of the intellectual classes is making considerable progress, but meat eating the world over is probably increasing and the report of a government bureau that meat prices have gone up in other countries is presumably a reflection of this. Even Japan, which has been constantly pointed to as an example of what can be done on rice, has been introducing meat into the rations of its soldiers and sailors.

The dietary of the boarding house for single men at the Krupp works in Germany was published some time ago, and it shows, covering a considerable number of years, an increase of meat from two or three times a week to two or three times a day. Germany, Austria and Belgium have published statistics of the consumption of animal food, all showing an increase. The German figures are the most nearly complete, and they show an increase in the consumption of that food, also. In France, where inferior grains used to be eaten almost exclusively by the peasantry, and meat was seldom seen except Sundays, there has been an enlarged consumption of wheat, and there are indications not quite so well proved statistically, of a greater consumption of meat.

Take the industrial world generally for the last 20 or 30 years, and labor has been better employed than ever before and at higher wages, and it is living better. The higher wages used in procuring more and better nourishment, however, have probably not increased the cost of production; it is more likely that they have decreased it. Our laborers are the best paid and best fed in the world, and in many industries they are exceedingly cheap producers. One case mentioned by Thornton in his work on Labor was that of an English manufacturer who set up a factory in France and was not satisfied with the results. He provided a meat meal for his employes and began to make money. They had been insufficiently nourished. Many instances of the same sort may be found in books of Lord Brassey and other investigations of labor conditions and efficiency.

THE FLEET ON THE LAKES.

If England is disposed, as an article in the London Times indicates, to pay no attention to our naval forces on the Lakes, we certainly have no occasion to complain. There can hardly be any doubt, however, that we have violated the Rush-Bagot agreement, and what is of especial interest about this is that it indicates a complete revolution of the attitude of the government. It is not many years since two administrations rejected bids for naval construction from Lake builders, lest it should be regarded by England as a violation of the agreement, which would, of course, release Great Britain from its obligations. Now the attitude of the government is that we do not care anything about the agreement, and England may do as she pleases about resenting its violation—that is, she can ignore it or do just what we have done, according to her taste.

According to the London Times, the English government regards our naval force on the Lakes as too insignificant to make a fuss about, and Canada may do what she likes. As Canada is now deciding on establishing a navy of her own, one would expect her to start her fleet on the Lakes rather than on the salt water, where England already has more ships than any other two nations.

The only vessel we have on the Lakes which is of any importance is the Nashville, which has eight 4-inch guns. She was transported to the Lakes through the Welland canal by Canadian consent. So was the Don Juan of Austria, one of the small Spanish gunboats Dewey captured in Manila bay. Besides these is the old Wolverine, formerly the Michigan, which has nothing bigger than 6-pounders, and which was for 30 or 40 years our only war vessel on the Lakes. Altogether there are seven armed vessels, of which all but the Wolverine are used as training ships for the naval militia. It is true they are not formidable, the Nashville being the only one which has guns longer than 6-pounders, but if England and Canada have nothing they are a considerable force. Canada, however, has several revenue cutters which are at least as capable of fighting as these vessels of ours, so that the general idea of the Rush-Bagot agreement is fairly well preserved.

While the records of the meeting of the Representative Council show that 67 members were absent at roll-call, there was actually an absence of 41 members. It is reasonable to suppose that most of the members had a reasonable excuse for not being present, several being ill or out of the city. With all due allowance, however, it must be acknowledged that there is evidently a considerable membership of the council who are quite indifferent to their obligations, and attend meetings only when their personal interests or the interests of their immediate friends are involved.

England is not content with having the largest navy in the world, but is still building. The program for this year provides for five large armored ships, five protected cruisers, 20 destroyers and a considerable number of submarines. By April 1 there will be under construction seven battleships, three armored, nine protected and two unarmored cruisers, 37 destroyers and nine submarines. The expenditures provided for by the estimates this year will be $203,018,500, an increase of $27,805,000 over 1909.

The newspapers' story of the Hudson-Fulton celebration is to be preserved in six large volumes of clippings relating to the celebration and containing about 20,000 extracts, taken from more than 2,000 different publications in the United States, Canada and every European country. The volumes have been accepted by the trustees of the New York Public Library for safe keeping.

The House naval committee has decided to strike out of the navy regulations the clause which ex-President Roosevelt had inserted, to keep the marines out of ship duty. The marine corps has done too good service for the country to be restricted in any way.

Young Knox, son of the Secretary of State, has evidently not yet been schooled in the art of diplomacy—at least, he has not shown himself to be much of a diplomat in his recent marriage and the subsequent proceedings.

Congress is quite determined, and rightly, too, that Commander Peary shall present his proofs to that body.

Newport will have a respectable police station in time.

It looks as if the building law were to be enforced.

Philadelphia is still far from the millennium.

ANTI-VARDAMANISM.

[Boston Transcript.]

While negro suffrage is practically unknown in Mississippi, the negroes of that state have something to be thankful for in the election of Leroy Percy to the United States Senate. His defeat of Vardaman must be taken as evidence that public sentiment has undergone a change since it carried Vardaman into the governor's chair on the issue of elimination of the negro.

"I protest," Mr. Percy said, "against the Democracy of Mississippi being committed to the political methods used and issues created by Governor Vardaman. * * * I want the Democracy to put the brand of its disapproval, now and forever, upon any man who seeks for purposes of political gain to breed discord and strife between the two races which under the fiat of Almighty God have been placed on Mississippi soil for the purpose of working out their common destiny." He does not deny that the negro problem is one of the greatest that an Anglo Saxon people can face; yet one that can be handled day by day as it develops if freed from the agitation and discord created by demagogery."

AROUND RHODE ISLAND.

Trolley Lines' Net Profits Increase $290,775.96.

Citizens Victors in Warren—Providence May Not Accept Gift—Dr. Englander to Leave State.

Although the Rhode Island Company, operating the trolley lines in Providence and vicinity carried 2,569,265 fewer paying passengers during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1909, than in the previous year, and although the gross earnings were smaller than the previous year, its net profits increased by $290,785.96 over those of the previous twelvemonth. The year's business also allowed the company to inaugurate a 5 per cent dividend on its $8,510,400 capital stock, and to carry $43,656.85 to the surplus account. Three important factors contributed to the large increase in net earnings (alluded to above), while gross earnings were shrinking. These were: A large reduction in salaries and wages; second, no outlay for new rolling stock, whereas almost a half-million dollars had been expended for new cars in the previous year; third, a large decrease in the maintenance account. The corporation increased its capital nearly $1,000,000—$7,750,400 to $8,510,400—during the 1909 year, and the initial dividend on the latter amount was $425,520, which was considerably less than all the new rolling stock cost in the previous year. There were several hundred fewer employes in the 1909 year, but the list of accidents and collisions shows a gratifying decrease, compared with the 1908 record.

The Citizens' party carried three out of five places on the Warren town council in the town election yesterday, the result coming as a surprise to the Republican and Democratic party men, who had believed that their united partisan strength would offset the independent movement. The three Citizens' victories were by small margins but they ousted President Joseph B. Hoar and Councilmen Cornelius Harrington and Gilbert R. Cole from their seats, Walter S. Bosworth, William B. Child and Robert Ainsworth, respectively, taking the places of the trio who failed of re-election. Mr. Hoar's relegation to private life comes after a service of many years in the town council, during which he has been president a good part of the time. Councilmen Harry Vincent and Isaac Gareeau, who were re-elected, are of French descent. The latter won by the largest plurality, having a margin of 80 votes over his opponent, Ernest Dube. The Citizens also elected one other candidate, Gideon Laferriere, to take the one-year term on the tax assessors' board vacated through the recent death of Louis T. Saillant. The Democrats also endorsed Mr. Laferriere, while the Republicans named Henry DeBlois. The latter was beaten by 218 votes—the worst defeat of the day. The election was marked by hard work on the part of the Citizens' party leaders, but the polling place was not at all a lively place. The voters of the town cast 755 ballots—about 200 less than the total possible vote.

That the land willed to the city of Providence by the late Mrs. Elcy M. Chace will be accepted by the city seems hardly probable, if the terms and conditions under which the grant is made are to be enforced. This opinion was given by Mayor Fletcher after he had received notice that the will had been sustained in the superior court. The property, which consists of a large tract of land situated on Chace avenue was left by Mrs. Chace with the understanding that the city should be allowed to purchase the same for park purposes, the price to be $1,000 an acre. The will also imposes the condition that the land can be used for park purposes only, and that no games or sports of any kind, nature or description, shall be allowed at any time on the premises, the place to be known as "Chace Park." In view of these conditions, Mayor Fletcher is of the opinion that the land would be of little value, as they preclude any possibility of the uses to which the parks of the city are put at the present time.

Dr. Henry Englander, in charge of the Reformed Jewish Congregation of Sons of Israel and David in Providence, and lecturer in the department of Biblical literature and history at Brown, has announced his acceptance of a call to the chair of Hebrew and Biblical history at Hebrew Union College at Cincinnati, Ohio. Dr. Englander is to leave Providence to take up his new duties in the Ohio college September 1. Just who his successor at the local Jewish charge will be has not been decided upon. During Dr. Englander's residence in Providence the society has prospered and is now planning to erect a temple of its own. Dr. Englander, in addition to his duties at the Jewish congregation's temple, studied at Brown and secured his degree of A. M. in 1906. Last June he was awarded the degree of Ph. D. there. He has been lecturer in the department of Biblical literature and history at Brown for several years. At the Hebrew Union College Dr. Englander will succeed to the place held until recently by the late Professor Mannheimer, one of the authorities in the American Reformed Jewish Church.

Congressman Sheffield has presented in the House of Representatives the petition of T. E. Buckley and 65 other residents of Rhode Isand in favor of House bill 1514, providing an eight-hour work-day on work done for the government by contract or sub-contract, and one from Branch No. 88, la Societe des Artisans, Canadiens-Francais, of Natick, R. I., favoring House bill 17,509 and protesting against an increase in postage on second-class mail matter. Mr. Sheffield has also presented two petitions from the Cheney Woman's Christian Temperance Union of Rhode Island favoring the Owen-Hamilton bill, providing for a five-mile prohibition zone around all Indian reservations, and the Olcott and Hamilton bill for the protection of women. Mr. Sheffield has introduced bills increasing from $12 to $20 a month the pension of Mrs. Anna A. Sisson of Warren, widow of Charles Sisson, late of The Fifth regiment, Rhode Island Heavy Artillery, and from $20 to $40 a month the pension of William E. Smith of Bristol, late of the Rhode Island Volunteer Infantry. Senator Wetmore has presented the memorial of the National Society of the Cincinnati praying for the collection of the records of the Revolutionary war, with a view to their publication.

Rev. Amos F. Chase, pastor of the Mt. Pleasant Baptist Church of Providence, has tendered his resignation to become colporteur for the Rhode Island Baptist state convention. The resignation is to take effect April 1. A meeting of the Mt. Pleasant Church will be held tonight to take action on the resignation.

Former State Senator Thomas A. Reynolds, one of the oldest residents of East Greenwich, died at his home in that town yesterday, after a short illness. He was 92 years old, but had enjoyed excellent health up to about a week ago, when he was taken ill, and Saturday pneumonia developed, which resulted fatally.

Francis Ford Haswell died at his home in Westerly late Tuesday night, after a lingering illness. He was born in Trowbridge, England, April 15, 1827, but for the past 60 years had lived in Westerly. In early life he engaged in the mill business, and for several years was manager of the Stillman Manufacturing Company's mill in Westerly, retiring to engage in the grocery business, which is still carried on under the firm name of F. F. Haswell & Son. Since 1901, when he suffered a paralytic shock, he had not been actively engaged in business. Mr. Haswell was the oldest member of Narragansett Lodge, I. O. O. F., of Westerly.

THE TWENTIETH CENTURY.

The March Twentieth Century Magazine is full of papers which will command the interest of thinking men and women. Charles E. Russell contributes "A Study in Efficiency." William D. Mackenzie an essay entitled "New Issues and New Party Alignments," dealing with the popular unrest and its possible outcome and Henry Frank a critical dramatic study, dealing with "The Melting-Pot," and illustrated with scenes from the play. Professor John Ward Stimson writes on "Beauty and the Social State," a valuable constructive paper; Count Leo Tolstoi makes an impassioned plea for peace and non-resistance; Professor Walter L. Leighton discloses Meredith; Walter Vernier writes on the significance of the recent meeting between the Czar of Russia and the King of Italy, which has aroused Austria, and Parker H. Sercombe for many years a banker in Mexico, contributes an article on "The Mexican Plutocracy," while "The Religion of Jesus and the Changing Order" is the title of a suggestive paper by Rev. E. H. Perrett. The editor of the magazine writes in an extended editorial on the results which have attended 20 years of progressive democratic rule in New Zealand.

COLORITE.

Now is the time to fix up your Easter hat. All colors, 25c.

100 dozen White Tea Cups and Saucers, 1st quality, 90c per dozen.

Good Brooms 39c. While they last. No goods delivered.

Daniel E. Sullivan,

Old City Hall Novelty Shop.
Tel. 665.

NOTICE.

THE CITIZENS' ASSOCIATION will meet at the Town Hall, MIDDLETOWN, FRIDAY, MARCH 11, at 7:30 P. M., to discuss the Spring Election. Everybody come that is interested in the association. By order of President J. Willis Peckham.

TAX DEPARTMENT

CITY OF NEWPORT

Assessors' Notice.

The Assessors of Taxes of the City of Newport hereby give notice that they will assess and apportion on the inhabitants of said city, and the ratable property therein the tax ordered and levied by the Representative Council of said city by vote of the 9th day of March, A. D. 1910, on Friday, April 1st, A. D. 1910 at 12 o'clock noon, and they will meet and be in session in their rooms in the City Hall (on the second floor), in said Newport, every day, except Sundays, from and including

SATURDAY, APRIL 2, 1910.

To and including

MONDAY, APRIL 11, 1910.

From 9 o'clock A. M. to 12 o'clock noon, and from 2 o'clock to 5 o'clock P. M.

For the purpose of receiving a true and exact account of all the ratable estates of every person and body corporate, liable to taxation in said City.

EVERY PERSON AND BODY CORPORATE, LIABLE TO TAXATION IN THE PREMISES, IS HEREBY NOTIFIED AND REQUIRED TO BRING IN TO SAID ASSESSORS, WITHIN THE TIME OR TIMES, AND AT THE PLACE OF MEETING AND SESSION OF SAID ASSESSORS, AS ABOVE DESIGNATED A TRUE AND EXACT ACCOUNT OF ALL HIS RATABLE ESTATE, DESCRIBING AND SPECIFYING THE VALUE OF EVERY PARCEL OF HIS REAL AND PERSONAL ESTATE.

THE GENERAL LAWS OF RHODE ISLAND PROVIDE THAT:

"Every person bringing in any such account shall make oath before some one of the Assessors that the account exhibited by him contains, to the best of his knowledge and belief, a true and full account and valuation of all his ratable estate; AND WHOEVER NEGLECTS OR REFUSES TO BRING IN SUCH ACCOUNT, IF OVERTAXED, SHALL HAVE NO REMEDY THEREFOR."

Executors, Administrators, Guardians and Trustees are hereby notified that all the foregoing applies to them and to Trust Estates as well as to other persons and property.

JOHN M. FRIEND, Chairman.
ROBERT S. GASH,
JOHN E. O'NEILL,
Assessors of Taxes.

To the Electors of the Town of Jamestown.

The Undersigned hereby gives notice that the annual Town Meeting for the Election of Officers and transaction of general Town's business for the year ending the first Wednesday in April 1911, will be held in the Town Hall on **Wednesday, April 6th, 1910,** at 10 o'clock A. M. all nominations for town officers must be in the hands of the Undersigned or filed in the Town Clerk's office on or before midnight Monday, March 21st, 1910.

WM. H. SEVERANCE.
Town Clerk.

Jamestown March 4th, 1910.

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND.
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Providence, March 4th, 1910.

Public Hearing.

The Committee on Corporations of the House of Representatives will hear all persons interested in the bill entitled

"An Act to Incorporate the Southern New England Railway Company.

In Room 313, State House, Providence, on Friday, March 11th, 1910, at 1 o'clock, P. M.

HORACE N. HASSARD, Chairman.
JOHN J. ROSENFELD, Clerk.

THE WEATHER.

BOSTON, March 10, 8 A. M.—Forecast for Boston and vicinity—Fair and somewhat warmer tonight; Friday unsettled; moderate northerly to easterly winds.

WEATHER CONDITIONS.

Local rains are reported today in the western Gulf states, otherwise the weather continues fair, although there is considerable local cloudiness. The barometer this morning is near 30 inches along the southern border of the United States and has fallen to 29.75 inches on the eastern slope of the Canadian Rockies. The highest pressure is near 30.3 inches in a narrow area extending from Oklahoma northeastward to the upper St. Lawrence valley. The temperature at 8 a. m. in New England ranged from between 8 and 12 in northern parts, to between 20 and 26 on the coast and in southern sections. At New York it was 32, Washington 34, Atlanta 50, Jacksonville 62, St. Louis 32, Chicago 30, St. Paul 24, Omaha 30, Kansas City 30, Denver 24, Los Angeles 50, San Francisco 48 and Portland, Oregon 44.

J. W. Smith,
Forecast Official.

LOCAL CONDITIONS.

	8 h	12 h	2 h
Temperature	28	36	35
Barometer	30.21	30.24	30.24
Wind	N	N	S
Weather	Fair	Hazy	Cloudy

MINIATURE CALENDAR.

THURSDAY, MARCH 10.

Sun rises	6 h 06 m
Sun sets	5 h 46 m
Moon rises	5 h 13 m
Length of day	11 h 40 m
Day's increase	2 h 30 m
High water	6 h 45 m; 7 h 08 m

FRIDAY, MARCH 11.

Sun rises	6 h 05 m
Sun sets	5 h 48 m
Moon sets	— h — m
Length of day	11 h 43 m
Day's increase	2 h 33 m
High water	7 h 32 m; 7 h 52 m

SATURDAY, MARCH 12.

Sun rises	6 h 03 m
Sun sets	5 h 49 m
Moon sets	7 h 20 m
Length of day	11 h 46 m
Day's increase	2 h 36 m
High water	8 h 18 m; 8 h 35 m

Moon's Phases.
New Moon, March 11 7 h 13 m, A. M.
First Quarter, March 17, 10 h 38 m, P. M.
Full moon, March 25, 3 h 22 m, P. M.
Last Quarter, April 2, 4 h 26 m, P. M.

NEW TODAY.

[Only first insertions listed here.]

	page
Marmola	7
Wanted—Clerk	9
Religious Notice	10
Lost—Lynx Muff	9
Lost—Brown Fur	9
Edison Phonograph	6
L. & M. Floor Paint	2
Walsh Bros.—Matting	5
Tax Assessors' Notice	4
L. & M. Varnish Stain	6
Lappin—Grand Opening	10
Lappin—Spring Showing	7
Coronet Council—Meeting	10
C. A. Easterbrooks—Shad	7
Bijou Theatre—Vaudeville	5
State Armory—Basket Ball	6
Marden—Household Ranges	3
Wanted—Situation by Cook	9
Middletown—Citizens' Asso.	4
Wanted—Sit. as Handy Man	9
Otto—Latest Styles Woolens	7
Stinson Estate—Caswell Estate	6
Jamestown—Tax Collector's Sale	10
Jamestown—Sale of Real Estate	10
Boston Store—Men's Furnishings	5
A. C. Titus Co.—Parlor Furniture	1
W. B. Scott & Co.—Seed Potatoes	2

TO INSURE INSERTION ON THE DAY DESIRED, CHANGES OF ADVERTISEMENTS SHOULD BE SENT IN THE NIGHT BEFORE.

FOR SALE for $2,600

Dwelling on Bay View Avenue. Nine Rooms bath and concrete cellar.

HERBERT L. DYER,
162 BELLEVUE AVENUE.
Branch office 64 Broadway.

BOSTON INSURANCE COMPANY.

FIRE, AUTOMOBILE and MARINE RISKS.
Capital One Million.
Surplus Three Millions

HENRY BULL, JR.,
Gas Building 183 Thames Street.

FOR SALE,

A cottage house of ten rooms on East Bowery Street, for $2,800

FOR SALE,

A two family Dwelling near St. Mary's Church. 12 Rooms, annual rent $300, $3,000.

HENRY BULL, Jr., Agent.
GAS BUILDING,
183 THAMES STREET.

SHAMROCKS
—AND—
Green Carnations.
—AT—
RITCHIE'S, Florist,
40 BROADWAY.

FOR
EASTER
NOVELTIES
—AND—
CANDY
GO TO
LIBBY'S,
9 BROADWAY.

OTTO COKE,
CHARCOAL, SAWDUST and WOOD.
Agency. - - - - THE BIJOU
18 THAMES STREET.

SUMMER QUARTERS, 1910.
1. Villas and Cottages completely furnished for coming summer in Newport, to let.
2. Similar Villas and Cottages in Jamestown, to let.
3. Bellevue Avenue Stores for fashionable business, several to let.
4. Acknowledgments taken daily from 9 till 6, as Notary Public, and as Commissioner of Deeds for the principal States.
132 Bellevue Ave. (Telephone 131)
A. O'D. TAYLOR, Real Estate Agent.

DIED.

PECKHAM—In Middletown, Nellie Grace, daughter of [illegible] and Lillian Peckham, aged [illegible]
SHEA—In this city, [illegible] residence of her brother [illegible] trick Shea, 21 McAllister [illegible] Catherine widow of [illegible]
Funeral Friday, March 11, from 21 McAllister street, at 9:15 to St. Mary's Church at 9, where a mass of requiem will be offered for the repose of her soul. Burial in St. Columba's cemetery. Relatives and friends are invited.
Fall River papers please copy.
REYNOLDS—In East Greenwich, [illegible] inst., Thomas A. Reynolds, in his 93d year.
M'LEOD—In Providence, [illegible] Murdock McLeod, in his [illegible] year.
WALMSLEY—In Providence, [illegible] Sarah J., wife of Charles E. Walmsley.
WEBB—In Providence, 9th inst. [illegible] H. Webb, in his 71st year.
BERRY—At Oakland Beach, 9th inst., David H. Berry.
LIPPITT—In North Providence, [illegible] inst., Sarah E., wife of [illegible] pitt, in her 42d year.

JOHN S. LANGLEY, Undertaking,
16 Franklin Street.
FREDK E. LANGLEY, Mgr.
Telephone 575-1115.

SAMUEL W. MARSH,
Undertaker and Licensed Embalmer,
101 Thames Street.
Night calls answered from residence [illegible] Cranston Ave. Office Tel. [illegible]

COTTAGE HOUSE,
Broadway District,
FOR SALE.

House has 7 rooms, bath and hot-air heat, over 3,000 square feet land; close to Cranston Ave. [illegible] Price $3,750.00.
Only a small amount of cash required. Full particulars on request.
Fire Insurance. Surety Bonds
Money to Loan.
C. H. WRIGHTINGTON,
30 Bellevue Ave. Phone [illegible]

I'm Always Dreaming of You.

Words and music by
JOHN E. MULLALY and STELLA MORAN.

19c.

ROGERS'S Music Store,
210 Thames Street.

F. Wellington Putman,
OPT. D.,
Scientific Optometrist
—AND—
Manufacturing Optician
118 SPRING ST.
Hours 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Phone [illegible]
All kinds of optical repairing at short notice

$22.50 $22.50

Arden Bicycles.

Black frame, Atherton Coaster Brake, New England road tires, thoroughly guaranteed 1910 models.

This price, $22.50, will be good only for as long as our present stock of Arden bicycles lasts, as the regular price of this high-grade wheel is $30.00.

Open **W. A. MAHER,** Tel.
Evenings 13 Farewell. 971

" AWNINGS "

If Made Right,
Will Set Right,
And Are All Right.
We Make Them Right.
Let us give you an estimate.

McLelland & Heald,
Commercial Wharf, Newport, R. I.
Tel. 887.

FOR HOUSECLEANING TIME.

I wish to inform you that I carry all times and would like to [illegible] Lime, Muresco, Kalsomine, [illegible] colors), Varnish, Hard Oil, [illegible] Waxene, Floor Polish, Jap-a-lac [illegible] colors), Turpentine, White [illegible] Paint Brushes from [illegible] Step Ladders (all sizes) [illegible] Window Brushes, [illegible] Stove Brushes, Wire [illegible] Beaters, Furniture [illegible] be beaten. I also have [illegible] Fresh Ground Bone for [illegible] flower gardens, [illegible] at 25c. a pound. [illegible] strictly pure Lawn Grass [illegible] of Flower and Vegetable Seeds [illegible] and fresh.

H. L. DEBLOIS, 80 Broadway.
Telephone 188.

ROCHE THE STAR PERFORMER.

Reserves Win from Catskills in First Game at Home After Their Two Weeks' Absence.

It does seem, after looking at the attendance at the basket ball game at the armory last night, as though the interest in first-class basket ball in Newport is on the wane. While there was a good-sized gathering present, it was not nearly as large as one would expect with a first class team, one which played basket ball when here before, and the Reserves home after their two weeks' cruise. The game was late in starting, and it was well it was, for the electric light connections failed and had the game been started on time it would have been necessary to have stopped it while the lights were on the blink. The Reserves won, 42 to 18.

The play in the first half was very even. The visitors opened with a rush and had eight points before the Reserves had scored. Then the Reserves started gaining, and when the first period was over the score was a tie at 10 points each. The second period was also very even, but the Reserves had a little the better of this, securing 16 points to 6 by the visitors. The last period was all one-sided. The visitors had either shot their bolt and were tired, or the Reserves, having passed all in, seemed to them to have the game in hand, and there was no use in trying. The score in this half was 16 to 2 in favor of the home players.

In the last period McMahon dropped out and gave McManus a chance—the first he has had in some time, as he did not go away with the team. Roche was the star performer of the game. He seemed more active than ever, and the way he got away and "fooled" the visitors made the spectators feel happy. The line-up:

Reserves		Catskill
Harvey, l. f.		r. b., Evans
Roche, r. f.		l. b., Cole
McMahon, McManus, c.		c., Matthews
Shea, l. b.		r. f., Deer
Dunn, r. b.		l. f., Hallenbeck

Score—Reserves 42; Catskill 18. Baskets—Harvey 5, Roche 8, McMahon 1, Shea 2, Dunn 5; Deer 3, Matthews 1. Fouls called—On Reserves 2; Catskill 2. Referee—Waters.

In the next game the White Sox of Cambridge will play the Reserves.

Considerable interest is being shown in the contest between the Father Mathew Society's and Algonkin's basket ball teams. The teams are without doubt evenly matched, neither having lost a game this year. The players are in fine condition and will unquestionably put up their best games, with a close contest to the end for the victory. The line-up of the two teams will be as follows:

Algonkins		Father Mathews
Gardner, r. b.		l. f., Martin
Kyle, l. b.		r. f., J. Sullivan
Maher, c.		c., Kirwin
Leddy, r. f.		l. b., W. Sullivan
Flanagan, l. f.		r. b., Byrnes

Next week the teams will play a second game, in the Algonkins' hall, and if a third game is necessary to decide the series it will be played on a neutral floor.

MEETING OF COGGESHALL DIVISION.

Coggeshall Division, Newport League of Good Citizenship, held its monthly meeting Wednesday afternoon, Mrs. H. G. Wilks in charge and President Margaret Nickelsen in the chair. After the reading of the minutes of the last meeting by the secretary, Miss Florence Plummer, the ordinance for the month was copied in the note books. A good order officer reported the pieces of paper collected during the past month and Masters Browne and Cooper were appointed good order officers for the coming month. A historical talk on Matthew Galbraith Perry was then given by Mrs. Wilks, and Miss Anna Sayer spoke of the Oliver Hazard Perry tablet in Trinity Church erected by Elizabeth Champlin Perry.

After a brief resume of the historical talks of the season, Mrs. Wilks spoke of the essays on the subject "Newport After the Revolution" to be handed in within two weeks. At the April meeting a prize will be awarded for the best essay in each division, and seeds will be distributed. The meeting was brought to a close by the singing of two stanzas of "America."

LOCAL BRIEFS.

—Mr. W. T. Rutherford is confined to his home by an attack of illness.

—Mrs. William H. Thomas and Miss Jennie Thomas, her daughter, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Brown, at Keene, N. H.

—J. T. Geaney of Everett, Mass., E. F. Eaton, Philip C. Hall, C. H. Benedict and G. W. Finchmore of New York and H. A. Poe and George L. Filkett of Boston are registered at the Perry House.

—As soon as the work of excavation is completed at the naval hospital site Mr. Corrigan will transfer his gang to the Coe place and begin the work of excavation for the enlargement of the Bijou Theatre.

—The Onward Society of the Thames Street Methodist Episcopal Church made about $30 for the benefit of the church from the reading by Professor Crosby of the "Great Divide."

—At the funeral of Mr. Robert K. Stoddard yesterday, Rev. E. A. Johnson, D. D., officiated and the bearers were Dr. W. C. Stoddard, W. A. Hilton and Rev. R. A. Greene and Alex. Thompson, the two last named representing the Walter Lowrie Club.

—Steamer Commonwealth, the new boat of the Fall River line, will go into commission April 1. She has been laid up at Briggs wharf, where she had a thorough overhauling, which was more in the nature of a good housecleaning, for the Commonwealth was in fine condition when she was laid up.

—Eminent Commander Clark Burdick, Generalissimo William Champion, Captain General Robert Frame and other members of Washington Commandery went to Fall River last evening to take part in the annual inspection of Godfrey DeBouillon Commandery, the officers of Washington Commandery serving on the staff of the inspecting officer.

—Ex-Commodore Louis Cass Ledyard of the New York Yacht Club, the legal representative of Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont, stated before he returned to New York yesterday that he had no knowledge of the lease or sale of "Belcourt" to a hotel syndicate. He also said that Mrs. Belmont was surprised to see by the official correspondence that "Belcourt" was to be used for a hotel.

—The members of Cacilie Lodge gave their weekly whist at the home of Mr. Charles Ritt, on Market Square, last evening, 12 tables being played. A buffet supper was served, there were singing and dancing and a most enjoyable evening was passed. The first prizes for the whist were awarded to Miss Mary Boeglin and Mr. William Clarke, and the second prizes to Miss Gertrude Ehrhardt and Mr. Charles Weiss.

THE CITY'S APPROPRIATIONS.

Committee's Recommendations Changed in Few Respects.

Full Text of Ordinance Apportioning Revenues as Passed by Representative Council.

Following is the full text of the ordinance apportioning and appropriating the revenues of the city, as passed by the Representative Council at its meeting last night. As originally passed there was but one change from the ordinance as presented by the Committee of Twenty-five—the addition of $200 for changes in lights in the Harrison avenue district. Later two additions—one of $2,000 and one of $200— were made to the police item "for salaries," and $350 was appropriated for "Oakwood Terrace." While this was not really added to the ordinance, it was an annual appropriation, and is included in the appropriation for highways:

So much of the available receipts and income accruing to the city treasury of said city during the current municipal fiscal year, with the money now in the treasury, as will provide the sums hereinafter apportioned and appropriated. Is hereby apportioned and appropriated for the said municipal fiscal year for the purposes and subject to the limitations specified in detail, as follows:

1. For state tax,	$80,000.00
2. For streets and highways,	128,844.50
(Specified in detail.)	
Maintenance	
a Office and City wharf,	2,250.00
b Cleaning streets,	28,200.00
c Removal of snow and ice,	3,500.00
d Watering and applying dustoline,	13,500.00
e Cleaning and repairing sewers, culverts and settling-tank,	4,200.00
f General repairs to streets and sidewalks,	10,000.00
g Building, repairing and cleaning catch basins,	4,000.00
h Re-surfacing and re-macadamizing streets,	12,000.00
i Resetting curb, re-laying gutters, driveways, crossings, etc.,	5,000.00
j Cleaning, painting, repairs, etc., at Easton's beach, Forty Steps, city fountains, bridges, floats, trimming trees, etc.,	1,500.00
k Repairs to City Yard buildings,	500.00
l Water tank near Bailey's beach,	300.00
m One horse, one pair horses,	750.00
n Emergency and miscellaneous incidentals,	2,000.00
Unfinished Work.	
Prairie avenue, macadamize, Catherine to Champlin street,	700.00
City Garbage.	
Collection (contract)	5,124.00
Labor two men at dump,	1,252.00
Supervision,	260.00
Supplies, etc.	64.00
Supplies.	
New parts for steam rollers 1 and 2,	1,194.50
New modern steam roller, $3,800, Less exchange of old roller $800,	3,000.00
Repairs.	
Van Zandt avenue bridge,	400.00
Van Zandt avenue pier,	400.00
Extermination of gypsy moths and elm-leaf beetle,	200.00
New Work.	
Low sea wall Ocean avenue, at a point near Graves point club house,	2,000.00
Tew's court sewer,	1,300.00
Annandale road, from Merton road to Dresser street, curb, east side,	1,000.00
Kilburn court sewer,	300.00
Wellington avenue retaining wall,	3,000.00
Carey street, larger sewer, from 50 feet from Spring street, across Thames to Marchant street, sewer,	1,450.00
Malbone road and Cummings avenue, sewer,	5,000.00
Gibbs avenue, from Champlin street to Water Works roads, macadamize,	500.00
Middleton avenue, from Weaver avenue to Merton road, macadamize,	1,050.00
Gillies court, grade and macadamize,	300.00
East Bowery street, from Middleton avenue to Annandale road, macadamize,	1,100.00
Grafton street, grade, curb, and macadamize,	3,000.00
Extension street, west, from Thames, curb south side, flag walk on north side, grade and macadamize,	1,300.00
Peckham avenue, sewer 300 feet from Broadway,	300.00
Feke street, curb, one side and macadamize,	600.00
Hoffman place, macadamize and sidewalk,	400.00
Chase street, macadamize and flagwalk,	500.00
Ledyard place, macadamize,	1,100.00
Houston avenue, necessary repairs,	4,000.00
Oakwood Terrace, macadamize,	350.00
3. For public schools,	$112,735.00
(Specified in detail.)	
In addition to all sums received from state appropriations, various funds, tuition and poll taxes,	$112,735.00
For jets and brickwork of Calvert, Townsend Industrial School and Thayer.	$1,000.00
4. For police department,	47,563.25
(Specified in detail.)	
Salaries,	$14,803.25
Repairs to buildings, telephone, telegraph, police signal boxes, fuel, light, laundry, ice, medicine, horseshoeing, feeding, harness and repairs, veterinary, patrol wagon repairs, and painting of patrol wagon, carriage hire, photographing prisoners, feeding prisoners and lodgers, disinfectants, supplies for janitor and stable, police equipments and bicycles, stationery, advertising and incidentals,	$3,000
5. For fire department,	$52,110.00
(Specified in detail.)	
Salaries,	36,225.00
Repairs, apparatus,	1,000.00
Repairs to stations,	1,800.00
Lighting stations,	850.00
Coal and wood,	1,500.00
Maintenance fire alarm,	200.00
Horse hire, steamers (contract),	1,500.00
Extra horse hire,	150.00
Horseshoeing,	900.00
Hay and grain,	3,600.00
Repairs, harness	250.00
Veterinary services,	200.00
Telephones,	225.00
General supplies,	1,400.00
Laundry work,	160.00
Printing and stationery,	100.00
Care hose,	150.00

[Continued on Tenth Page]

A PIANOFORTE RECITAL.

Mr. Otto James to Be Assisted in a Classical Program by Mrs. James J. Rooney.

A coming musical event of interest will be the pianoforte recital by Mr. Otto James, organist at St. John's Church. Mr. James was heard in recital in Newport last winter. He has selected for this event a program of the better known classics. Mrs. James J. Rooney will assist Mr. James, and she is deservedly popular with a Newport audience. The program follows:

Staccato Etude in C,	Rubinstein
Nocturne in B flat,	Paderewski
Presto bon Fuoco,	Beethoven
Song	Old French
"Come, Sweet Morning," Mrs. Rooney.	
Etude in E flat,	Loeschhorn
Salut d'Amore,	Elgar
Polonaise in A flat,	Chopin
Song,	Schubert
"Margaret at the Spinning Wheel," Mrs. Rooney.	
Songs Without Words,	Mendelssohn
Songs:	
a. "The Silver Ring,"	Chaminade
b. "Starlight,"	Tosti
Mrs. Rooney.	
Hungarian Rhapsodie No. 6,	Liszt

RELIGIOUS WORK CONFERENCES.

New Methods for Strengthening Individual Organizations and United Usefulness.

A religious work conference for men and boys, one of a series being held throughout Massachusetts and Rhode Island during the month, under the direction of the state executive committee, will be held at the Young Men's Christian Association tomorrow, with Mr. H. W. Gibson, Boys' work secretary and Mr. J. A. Whitmore, religious work secretary, in charge.

At 10:30 o'clock in the morning there will be a conference between the state secretaries and the employed officers of the local association. At 4 o'clock in the afternoon there will be two conferences. One, to be conducted by Mr. Whitmore, will be for ministers, superintendents of Sunday Schools, officers of church organizations, teachers of men's classes and leaders generally of religious work for men in the churches and Association. The subject of the Young Men's Christian Association to the Individual Church, and How Best to Promote Religious Work Among Men and Boys." The other conferences, conducted by Mr. Gibson, will be of the older boys, leaders of religious work among boys and teachers of boys' classes.

At 5:30 there will be a social half-hour, with an exhibit of plans and methods. At 6:10 supper will be served to the men who have attended the conferences, to representatives of the several churches of the city and some of the leaders among the boys of the association. This supper will take the place of the weekly meeting and supper of the men's Bible class and the Life Problem Club. Following the supper there will be five-minute reports from the afternoon conferences and eight-minute talks by Messrs. Whitmore and Gibson. At 7:30 there will be an address by Dr. G. W. Tupper on "Co-operation, or Some Phases of a Layman's Responsibility for Work Among His Associates." Dr. Tupper is a member of the faculty of Boston University Theological School, and in charge of the work of immigration for the Young Men's Christian Association.

The purpose of these conferences is that the forces working among men and boys of a community may, by new plans and methods, strengthen their individual organizations and, in the spirit of community service, find a basis of helpful co-operation for their united usefulness. There will be an exhibit of practical methods in reaching and holding men and boys, also a display of Bible study courses which are successful in the Association and in the church.

WHY NOT?

A writer in the New York Tribune says that he sees from a tabulated statement of benefactions to the public that something like $300,000,000 has been given by three persons for the ostensible purpose of bettering mankind. But all of this vast sum, or nearly all, is given to curing, not to preventing, that which makes mankind's condition so greatly in need of betterment. That is to say, it goes to improving men and women and not children.

Why is it so? Why don't they give the bulk of their money to making the children the proper material from which the proper men and women should grow? Why don't they get at the foundation of mankind? Why don't they spend their money on the proper teaching of the teachable instead of applying it to the cure of what might be and should be prevented?

All the money in the world cannot make figs grow from thistles, and a very little money, comparatively, might prevent the thistle crop in a few years. But these public benefactors do not seem to understand it, and they let the weeds grow and give their money to trying to make a good crop of them.

Wouldn't it be a wise gift for some rich person to set aside a fund for the education of philanthropists in the proper way to make their philanthropy result in the greatest good to the greatest number?

CONSISTENT SUPPORTER OF STATE'S RIGHTS.

[New York Tribune.]

Virginia has proved herself truer to Southern tradition than South Carolina or Alabama. South Carolina, the cradle of secession, and Alabama, which furnished the Confederacy with its first capital, have both voted to extend the taxing powers of the federal government and to strip the states of a source of revenue of which under present conditions they have the exclusive enjoyment. Virginia, which gave the Confederacy its second and final capital, has refused to follow this departure from the pathway of strict construction. The lower branch of her legislature voted by 54 to 37 to reject the income tax amendment to the federal Constitution, now pending.

JAMESTOWN.

[Regular correspondence of the News.]

Mr. W. E. Johnson left today to visit relatives in Richmond, Me.

Mr. John Brooks of steamer Providence is spending the day with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Brooks, on Howland avenue.

With the annual town meeting less than a month away and the caucuses to be held before that time, there are as yet apparently no slates made up for town officers.

Miss Jennie Clarke, who has been visiting friends in Providence, has returned to her home here.

Steamer Richard Arnold made a trip to the ferry today to take Major Blake to Fort Adams.

C. E. Weeden has rented his north cottage on Walcott avenue to Mr. Frank E. Weeden of Hartford, Conn., for the coming season. This will be Mr. Weeden's first season here as one of the cottage colony.

FOR FOOT TROUBLES USE THE

ARROWSMITH ARCH PROP.

Prescribed by leading Physicians and Orthopedists for weak insteps.

Made from German Silver this prop cannot rust. It can be gradually heightened as the condition of the foot improves.

We have made a careful, thorough study of the proper fitting of Arch Supports and will be glad to explain the merits of the Arrowsmith.

B. F. DOWNING, 3d. 191 Thames St.

THOUGHT TO BE NINA'S BOAT.

Identification Would Prove Loss of Tug and Crew—Plan for Pensioning Survivors.

Cruiser Birmingham has returned to the Norfolk navy yard with the small boat of tug Nina which was secured by the life saving crew at Metomkin Inlet, on the Delaware coast. It is reported that the positive identification of this boat will be taken by the department as final proof of the loss of the tug and her crew. If this be so accepted, the name of the tug will be stricken from the navy list and the department will proceed to settle accounts with the heirs of those who lost their lives.

The vessel is now assumed to have sunk on the night of February 6, and until she is stricken from the list the pay of the crew will continue. Six months' pay in addition will go to the heirs, and then the pension will begin. This is assumed to be the decision which will be arrived at by the department, taking as a precedent the case of Lieutenant J. C. Gilmore, who was captured in the Philippines and was not heard from for 18 months and was supposed to be dead, when he finally re-appeared. This treatment of the dependents of the unfortunate men is rather better than some reports have indicated that it would be, a few going even to the extent of stating that there would be no pension, and only two months' extra pay. The transfer of the pay accounts from the individual men to their survivors must of necessity take time, as well as the decision as to just what will be the details; hence the need of the temporary relief which is being provided by the association of women in navy circles.

JOHN BARKER BADLY INJURED.

Lineman Falls 50 Feet, Fracturing Thigh and Breaking Bone in Foot.

Lineman John Barker of the Providence Telephone Company slipped and fell from a 50-foot pole at Cherry street and the railroad track yesterday afternoon, and suffered a twice-fractured thigh and a broken bone in the foot which will incapacitate him for some time. Luckily, he fell on soft ground and escaped a near-by fence.

Barker was one of the local repair force of the company, by whom he is rated as highly competent and reliable, and hence his injury is particularly regrettable to the company which needs him at this time in the year. He has been with the company six years, having previously worked for the illuminating company, so he is no novice in working at the top of poles and in places of danger.

A BIG TIME PROMISED FOR THE SEVENTEENTH.

Adjutant General McCarthy of the Uniform Rank, Ancient Order of Hibernians, was here this week to report on the action which had been taken by the Uniform Rank organizations of Bristol county in relation to the parade here St. Patrick's day. He reported that all preliminary arrangements had been completed, and that there would be a big turnout of the Uniform Rank, as well as a large delegation of the regular divisions here to make the celebration a success. Three special trains have been arranged for—one each from Fall River, Taunton and New Bedford. The first of these will arrive just after the 11 o'clock train, and the others will follow at regular intervals.

Here arrangements are progressing at a statisfactory rate, and everything looks like a big time on the seventeenth. All that is needed is good weather.

A UNIQUE HORSE SHOW.

Benefit for Mrs. Emily Beach in New York Will be Managed and Supported by Women.

Miss Ethel Boyd Dowers, who initiated the idea of the woman's horse show a few weeks ago, has already in support of the affair many women whose names are a synonym for success in the horse show world. The show will be held at the Durland Riding Academy in New York April 27, as a benefit for Mrs. Emily Beach, who has been ill for nearly a year.

Mrs. Thomas Hastings, president of the Ladies' Four-in-hand Driving Club, has been elected president of the horse show; Mrs. J. Beavor-Webb is acting as treasurer and Miss Ethel Dowers is secretary. Mrs. Lehman Straus, who has demonstrated her ability in this line in so conclusive a manner, has consented to take charge of the catalogues and solicit the advertising.

Among those who have consented to act as judges are Mrs. Preston Davie, who was Miss Emily Bedford, and Mrs. Charles Sheldon, born Gulliver, who will judge in the harness classes; Mrs. Charles F. Hubbs, wife of Charles Hubbs, president of the Brooklyn Riding and Driving Club, will judge in the saddle classes; Mrs. Adolf Ladenburg will judge in the hunters' classes and Mrs. Thomas Hastings will act in that capacity in the four-in-hand class, which already has five entries.

All the classes are filling rapidly, and it will be no easy task to distribute the ribbons in the different divisions. Each class will have three judges, but as yet the list is not complete.

Others who are acting in support of the affair are Mrs. William Jay, Mrs. M. S. Burrill, Mrs. Richard Irvin, Miss M. S. Whitney, Mrs. Richard Trimble, Mrs. Oakleigh Thorne, Mrs. Charles Tracy, Mrs. Richard Mortimer, Mrs. Joseph Larocque, Miss Angelica Gerry, Mrs. J. Livingston Beeckman, Mrs. Archibald Alexander, Mrs. Ralph Sanger, Mrs. George R. Sheldon, Mrs. W. P. Howe, Mrs. Bradley Cumming, Mrs. H. B. Hollins, Mrs. Edward Berwind, Mrs. Egerton Winthrop, Jr., Mrs. Richard Gambrill, Mrs. James G. Marshall, Mrs. Hopeton D. Atterbury, Mrs. Gifford Cochran, Mrs. Harry T. Peters, Mrs. Rufus L. Patterson, Mrs. Cornelius B. Mitchell, Mrs. Theodore H. Banks, Mrs. H. O. Havemeyer, Mrs. Daniel Webster Evans, Mrs. Henry Babcock, Mrs. Frank Burton, Mrs. V. R. Kennedy, Mrs. Walter W. Stokes and Mrs. Percy Pyne.

INSTRUCTION.

MISS H. OPITZ
Of Dresden.
INSTRUCTRESS IN PIANO AND GERMAN.
15 Whitfield Court. Tel. 1777.

Mrs. T. W. Freeborne,
128 SPRING STREET.
TEACHER OF PIANO.
'Phone 1637

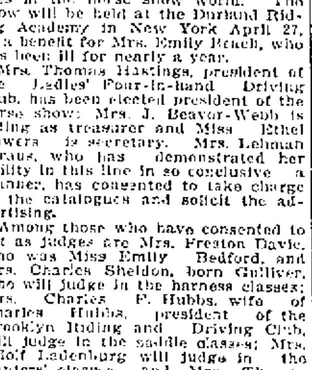
FOR SALE.
A Three-Tub Butter Box
In perfect order. Price $30.00.
RODNEY'S MARKET.

Public Meeting
TO TAKE ACTION ON
Grand Trunk Railroad Question,
Discuss Naval Dry Docks and such other matters as may properly come up.
BUILDERS & MERCHANTS' HALL
THURSDAY, MARCH 10, 8 P. M.
CITIZENS' BUSINESS ASSOCIATION

1910 BICYCLES.
We repair BICYCLES and WARRANT our work.
All the BEST GRADES of TIRES in stock, at prices to suit.
Wheels called for and delivered.
GRIFFITH'S,
158 THAMES STREET.

At the Boston Show See the Hudson Cut-Open Chassis.
Space where you see the largest crowd.

An Immense Stock of
MATTING.



The newest patterns for the spring 1910 are now on exhibition.
We have an Exclusive Line of FIBRE MATTING.
WALSH BROTHERS

AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES, ETC.

NEWPORT OPERA HOUSE
CAHN & GROSSCO, Mgrs.
Week Commencing Mon., Mar. 8.
ANNUAL ENGAGEMENT OF NEWPORT'S FAVORITE ACTRESS.
LEIGH DeLACY
AND HER
Superior Company.
EVENINGS:
Wed. The Prisoner of Zenda.
Thurs. The Reformer.
Fri. The Kreutzer Sonata.
Sat. The Daughters of Men.
MATINEES:
Wed. The Kreutzer Sonata.
Thurs. Camille.
Fri. The Woman in the Case.
Sat. The Prisoner of Zenda.
PRICES—Evenings 50c., 30c., 20c., 10c. Matinees 30c., 20c., 10c.
On Sale Today.
Orders must be called for before 7...

BIJOU THEATRE.
Vaudeville for remainder of the week: Billy Cross, Singing and Dancing. John F. Murphy, "The Xylophone King," Harry Lauder's Songs, Singing and Talking Pictures.
Also the latest Moving Pictures and Illustrated Songs:
"Taming A Husband" (Biograph), "Carmen" and others.
Admission 10c.

Star Theatre.
EXCLUSIVE PROGRAM.
—OF—
MOVING PICTURES
—AND—
ILLUSTRATED SONGS.
Admission 10c. All Seats Free.

Basket Ball.
STATE ARMORY.
Cambridge White Socks vs. Reserves.
MONDAY, MARCH 14.
Game called 8 P. M.
Tickets on sale at Armory Saturday night and at Clarke & Briggs's, 5 Mary Street, Monday.

BASKET BALL,
Thursday, March 10.
F. M. T. A. SOCIETY vs. ALGONKIN CLUB.
At F. M. T. A. Society's Hall.
Game Starts at 8 P. M. Admission 15c.

Most Clocks
Need attention after the dry house heat of the winter. Neglect means increased cost of repairs.
Take advantage of the Best Equipped Repair Shop in the city and have your clocks put in order.
Our Service will be promp and faithful.
BLAINE,
246 Thames Street.

SHINGLES,
Extras $1.30 a 1000 cash.
Clears 3.65 a 1000 cash.
Spruce Framing Timber, Clapboards,
Spruce Covering Boards Finishing Lumber, all kinds; Matched Flooring, Sheathing, Windows, and Doors and Frames, Sash and Blinds, Storm Sash, Dowels, Bobins, Sheathing Paper, Mastic.
HARDWARE.
Nails, Spikes, Screws, Locks, Knobs, Hinges, Hooks, and all other kinds.
PAINTS.
Ready mixed, all colors; Glass, Putty, Oil Colors, Wall Paper, Burlap, Sanitas, Artists' Goods, Brushes, Shellac, Varnish, Floor Wax, Gasoline.
50 STAMP VIEWS of Newport 10 cents.
KINDLINGS
4 barrels delivered $1.00
69 Mill Street.

Indian,
A New Red Ash Coal
Free Burning and Clear from Slate, try a ton from
PINNIGER & MANCHESTER CO.
341 Thames Street.

YELLOW PINE AND MAPLE FLOORING.
A. & H. G. Hammett
Lumber, Hardware, Sewer Cement, Brick, Etc.
319--321 Thames St.

FLOWERS
For Weddings, Funerals, Etc
Please leave your orders at my store or telephone and I shall attend them at once. Prices very low.
H. J. Hass
199 THAMES ST.

Wire Lamp Shade Frames
In all sizes and shapes.
Candle Shade Frames
In all shapes.
A. C. LANDERS & SON,
167 THAMES STREET.

GOBEL'S GERMAN
Frankfurts, Bockwurst, Liverwurst, Knockwurst, Mettwurst, Cervelat, Bologna, Blood Pudding, Head Cheese.
Landers & Peckham,
142 Thames Street.
Tel 914.

Boston Store.
MEN'S FURNISHINGS.
SUITABLE SHIRTS
1910 PATTERNS and MATERIALS IN SHIRTS FOR MEN.
The man who wants to buy shirts that are in good taste—shirts that are well made—shirts that are comfortable in fit, without paying extravagant prices for them—can find his sort of shirt here.
The men's corner, located near the doorway, shows a very complete line of spring shirts, and includes coat shirts, negligee and stiff bosom shirts. The fabrics are new designs in white stripes and figures, plain and plaited fronts—detached or attached cuffs.
Shirts made by the best makers, but, as we said, they are moderately priced.
50c, 75c, $1 and $1.50 each.
The King-McLeod Co.

Millinery Department
BOSTON STORE.
Mr. & Mrs. N. T. Hodson.

The Newport Journal AND WEEKLY NEWS.
Is especially adapted for mailing.

MIDDLETOWN.

Funeral of Mrs. Richard H. Peckham —Tivertons Win from Berkeley Team at Basket Ball.

[Regular correspondence of the News.]

Funeral services for Mrs. Richard Henry Peckham were conducted at her late residence on Green End hill Wednesday afternoon, Rev. W. F. Geisler of the Thames Street Methodist Episcopal Church, Newport, officiating. The services were of a very simple nature; a reading of the Scriptures, words of sympathy and comfort to the family, the poem "Rest Thee, Blest Soul," and a concluding prayer. Mr. Geisler spoke particularly of the long life of Mrs. Peckham, which she had lived so worthily and so faithfully, and in which the children had looked to the mother for sympathy and guidance, which, as in every case, must eventually fail as each one is called to enter the higher life. Thus all are excited to look beyond to the eternal, the one life which is ever steadfast and never failing.

It had been Mrs. Peckham's expressed wish that there should be no flowers. She had said she preferred to have them when living, and not after she had gone. Mrs. Peckham had been the mother of 12 children, seven of whom are now living. She was the second daughter of Caleb and Rhoda Peabody of Middletown. The burial was private, the body being laid beside that of her husband in the family plot in the Island Cemetery, Newport. The bearers were her sons—Jeremiah Dwelly Peckham of Fall River and Enos Peabody Peckham of Middletown; her two sons-in-law—Harry L. Martland and Harry Essler of Newport—and her two grandsons—Richard and Melville Peckham. The funeral of Mrs. Peckham occurred two months lacking one day from the funeral of her son's wife, Mrs. Henry Clarke Peckham, who was buried from the same house January 10.

One of the largest-attended basket ball games of the Berkeley season took place last evening at the Berkeley Parish House, the competing teams being the Berkeleys and the Tivertons. The latter won by a score of 15 to 12. The line-up was as follows:

Tiverton	Berkeley
Martin, r. f.	l. b., J. Smith
Barker, l. f.	r. b., F. Souza
Almy, c.	c., B. Peckham
Wiley, r. b.	l. f., Ehrhardt
Irish, l. b.	r. f., Molden

Score—Tiverton 15, Berkeley 12. Goals from floor—Martin 2, Almy 2, Irish 2; Peckham 4, Ehrhardt 2. Goals from fouls—Martin 3. Referee—R. Anthony. Scorer—W. Sisson. Timekeeper—W. Wilcox.

Miss Nellie Peckham, eldest daughter and child of Senator and Mrs. Frank T. Peckham, died late Wednesday afternoon at the home of her parents on the West Main road. Although but 17 years of age, she had been in poor health for over two years, her illness taking a turn for the worse just before Christmas. She has been able, however, to be up and about the most of the time until quite recently.

Owing to the death of Miss Peckham, the semi-monthly literary meeting of the Epworth League, to have been held at the Methodist Parsonage last evening, was omitted.

At the Lenten service at Holy Cross Church last evening the preacher was Rev. E. W. Smith, rector of the Church of the Ascension, Fall River.

Owing to so much sickness, there was a small attendance at the Paradise Reading Club yesterday, and the meeting was postponed. Mrs. C. LeRoy Grinnell of Brooks avenue, Newport, was the hostess.

Mr. Daniel A. Peckham, who has been in poor health since Christmas, has been confined to his home the past week by an ill turn.

LOCAL BRIEFS.

—Mr. Reginald C. Vanderbilt is here for a few days.

—Mrs. Hamilton Fish Webster has returned from New York.

—Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont has abandoned her proposed trip to Europe.

—Mr. August Johnson, who has been ill with pneumonia, is able to be out.

—Miss Rose Lee of Marlboro street is able to be up, after a successful operation.

—City Physician John H. Sanborn is quite ill at his home on Malbone avenue.

—Mr. Sullivan, one of the clerks at the United States Hotel, is ill with tonsilitis.

—Mr. and Mrs. John R. Drexel and Mr. W. Hude Neilson are at the Muenchinger-King cottage.

—British Ambassador Bryce is negotiating for the purchase of "Lake Side," at Lenox, the home of Mr. Charles Astor Bristed, who has a house here.

—Mrs. Thomas Burlingham, who has returned from Europe, is visiting her son and daughter-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. William Burlingham, at Newport News, Va.

—Mr. and Mrs. Lorillard Spencer, accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. Lorillard Spencer, Jr., went to New York Wednesday in a private car attached to one of the regular trains.

—Messrs. Ogden Mills, Henry A. C. Taylor, W. K. Vanderbilt, Jr., Cornelius Vanderbilt and Adrian Iselin, Jr., have been elected directors of the Lackawanna Steel Company.

—Mr. and Mrs. Herbert M. Harriman will go to their country place in Westbury, Long Island, at the end of the month, to remain until early summer, when they will come to Newport.

—Count Laszlo Szechenyi, who, with his wife, (formerly Miss Gladys Vanderbilt), has been visiting the countess's relatives and friends in this country, sailed for Europe yesterday on the Lusitania.

—Late arrivals at the United States Hotel include Charles L. Davis, William Zeiter, J. E. Knotts and A. G. Harrington of New York; Henry Miller of Boston and E. R. Edgecomb of Fitchburg.

—A member of the Representative Council, who religiously makes it his duty to attend every meeting, attended last evening and then took the Sound boat from New York in order to fill an important engagement in Boston this morning.

—For various reasons, the second mothers' meeting at Cary School has been given up. The mothers' meetings are now over for the season, four each having been held at the following school centres: Coddington, Coggeshall, Mumford, Lenthal and Cary schools.

—Grand Master Workman Frederick L. Pierce of the Grand Lodge of Rhode Island, Ancient Order of United Workmen, has re-appointed Mr. William G. Milne of this city deputy grand master workman for Glen Lodge of Middletown. Mr. Milne has been deputy for Glen Lodge since its organization.

—Mrs. Schieffelin, widow of Mr. Eugene Schieffelin, died Tuesday from infirmities incident to age at her home in New York city, in her eighty-fifth year. She was the daughter of Mr. Valentine G. Hall, who was well known in New York as a merchant 25 years ago. She is survived by a sister, Mrs. Edward L. Ludlow. Mrs. Schieffelin had occupied for several summers the Hartshorn cottage, "Sonnenschein," on Halidon hill, and was here last year, remaining until late in the autumn.

A BREAK WITH INSURGENTS.

The Breach Between Taft and Party Begins to Widen.

Wall Street in the Background—Fighting the Railroad Bill—Two Points of Divergence.

[Washington correspondence of the News.]

WASHINGTON, March 9.—The thing that has been foreshadowed in these letters all winter has happened. The insurgents have broken with the President, and no man can predict how far the breach may go. The significant happenings of the past few days, including the Senate votes on the amendments to the postal savings bank bill, the breaking out of the reservation by Senator Dolliver and the scathing denunciations of the administration railroad bill by Senators Cummins and Clapp, are such that no man who has kept track of the situation can misread their meaning. Add to these the President's reiterated praise of Aldrich and Cannon and the case becomes plain. For the drifting apart of the two factions no one man is perhaps wholly to blame. The cause is in the situation itself and in the march of events over which no one has had control. The one thing certain is that a breach is here and that it cannot now be healed over. The only man who might perhaps compose the differences is not now in the country. By the time Mr. Roosevelt returns the situation may be beyond his control, especially as he no longer has the official reins in his hands. In the light of these events I renew the prediction of some months ago that the insurgent movement means one of two things—either the change of the majority and control of the Republican party or the formation of a new party.

The real crux of the fight on the postal savings bank bill was as to whether or not the postal deposits should be allowed to go into Wall Street. The insurgents contended that they should be placed in the local banks. The Root amendment provided for investing them in government bonds, which would mean, in other words, that the government would borrow money which had already been deposited in government banks. The contention or at least the fear of the insurgents was that after the government had thus borrowed the money already deposited with it the amount would be re-deposited in New York city banks and would be used in Wall Street speculation. Senator Root contended that if his amendment was not adopted the measure would be unconstitutional. To compromise the matter Senator Smoot offered an amendment permitting the President to invest the postal funds in government bonds in time of war or when any exigency arose. Senator Cummins, who had already offered an amendment which had been adopted, proposed to cut out the "exigency" clause, limiting the bond buying proposition to actual time of war. On this the fight came.

The minority report on the interstate commerce bill criticises the creation of a commerce court as a wholly unnecessary expense, points out that during the last three and a half years there have been only 26 cases that could properly have come before such a court, states that while the administration measure prevents railroad companies from overcapitalization and stock watering it leaves the door wide open for holding corporations to do both, says that this bill would permit railroads to get control of competing water transportation lines and make easier their absorption of competing railroads and objects to the feature concerning methods by which the roads may set aside orders of the Interstate Commerce Commission as the "most harmful" of all. Senators Cummins and Clapp, who sign this minority report, sums up their castigation of the measure in this language: "The bill is not an advance in the regulation of interstate commerce, but a long step backward, and the effect of the bill if it becomes a law will be not to further restrain the power of common carriers, but to seriously impair the efficiency of existing statutes. It furnishes common carriers new weapons and it weakens rather than strengthens those heretofore given the people."

The two chief measures of the Taft program are the railroad bill and postal savings banks, with the conservation bills constituting a close third. The insurgents are fighting both the railroad and postal measures, and the criticisms levied by Mr. Pinchot at several of the conservation bills would indicate insurgent opposition to these also. I have gone into the matter at this length not only to give the insurgent side of the case, but to prove the original statement that the break has come. To put the matter in a nutshell, the insurgents oppose the Taft position on the tariff, on the railroads and on postal savings banks. They oppose Aldrich and Cannon, with both of whom the President is working. They are believed to oppose Ballinger, whom Taft supports, and to favor Pinchot, whom Taft has fired. Could the breach be more complete?

J. A. Edgerton.

When Rubbers Become Necessary

and your shoes pinch, shake into your shoes Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder for the feet. It cures tired, aching, smarting, swollen feet, and takes the sting out of corns and bunions. [illegible] Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N.Y. [illegible]

DISCRIMINATING LADIES.

Enjoy Using Herpicide on Account of Its Distinctiveness.

The ladies who have used Newbro's Herpicide speak of it in the highest terms, for its quick effect in cleansing the scalp of dandruff and also for its exquisite odor. [illegible] make the scalp feel fresh and it stops that itching which dandruff will cause. Newbro's Herpicide effectively cures dandruff, as it destroys the germ that cause it. The same germ causes hair to fall out, and later baldness; in killing it, Herpicide stops falling hair and prevents baldness. It is also an ideal hair dressing for it lends an aristocratic charm to the hair that is quite distinctive. Sold by leading druggists. Send 10c. in stamps for sample to The Herpicide Co., Detroit, Mich.

One Dollar Bottles Guaranteed.
JOHN M. CALLAHAN, Special Agent.

WATER.

Persons desirous of having water introduced into residences or places of business should make application at the office of the Newport Water Works 6 West Marlborough street. Office hours from [illegible] P. M.

VETERINARY CORPS IN ARMY.

Bill Passed in Senate Does Away With Contract Surgeon System.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—By the terms of a bill which the Senate passed yesterday, the veterinary corps will be established in the army thus doing away with the contract surgeon system.

SUCCESSFUL WINTER SLUICING.

Miners Secure Large Quantities of Gold in Tanana District.

SEATTLE, Wash., March 10.—For the first time in the history of placer mining in Alaska, winter sluicing has been successfully carried on in the Tanana district, word to this effect having been brought to Seattle by two miners who came down on the steamship Victoria and deposited $175,000 in gold in a local bank yesterday. The gold brought by the miners represents their winter clean up.

NATION SHOULD HAVE POWER.

Concurrent Resolution for Ratification of Federal Income Tax.

ALBANY, N. Y., March 10.—Senator Davenport and Assemblyman Lee today introduced a concurrent resolution providing for the ratification of the federal income tax as recommended by United States Senator Root and opposed by Governor Hughes. It was referred to the judiciary committee. "The nation ought to have the power to levy an income tax," said Senator Davenport. "It is a power possessed by every other civilized nation. It is in the highest sense unjust and unequal that the great classes of income from real estate and personal property cannot now be reached by the nation even in the time of national emergency. There is absolutely no menace to state sovereignty or the instrumentality of state credits in a general income tax, levied upon all fields of investment."

AN APPEAL FOR SUPPORT.

Premier Canalejas Asks Aid of All in Struggle to Modernize Spain.

MADRID, March 10.—Premier Canalejas, in an important speech outlining the government's program, made in the Cortes today, appealed for the united support of all the Radical and Democratic forces in the approaching struggle "to Europeanize and modernize Spain." Without support, he declared, the fight against the growing power of clericalism and reaction was foredoomed to failure.

ORDER AMOUNTS TO $12,000,000.

Pittsburg Plants to Turn Out 10,100 Steel Cars for Large Roads.

PITTSBURG, March 10.—Orders for 10,100 steel cars of all classes, approximating in cost $12,000,000, have been placed, according to an announcement here, and within ten days these orders have been apportioned to the Pittsburg plants for execution. One hundred and twenty thousand tons of steel will be required and the mills will be kept busy many months. The orders come from the Harriman lines, principally the Union Pacific, the Southern Pacific and Burlington Road.

Bank of England's Rate of Discount Unchanged.

LONDON, March 10.—The rate of discount of the Bank of England remained unchanged today at 3 per cent.

ALUMINUM IN TEXTILES.

[The Pathfinder.]

The increased facilities for extracting aluminum from clay have brought the price of that metal, which was once $10 a pound, down to about 20 cents. Naturally it is being used more and in more various things than it was when the price was so high. One of the latest uses to which it has been put being that of warp in textiles. These are used for evening cloaks and theatrical costumes. It makes the figure of a woman look as if it had been dipped in silver. Of course, the metal is drawn into very fine threads and is then used in the textile smooth or twisted.

Other things into which it is woven are tablecloths, pompadours, shoes, belts, neckties, shawls, hats, etc. Aluminum yarn is now being woven into shoestrings for ladies' shoes.

L. & M. Varnish Stain.

Use it to renew and make entirely new-look worn out chairs and old furniture. You can varnish a chair in thirty minutes, and make it as good as new. Directions on each can. Sold by: R. R. Barker, Newport.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

The DeBeville Restaurant,
29 Touro St.

☞ The Best Food Served.

Special rates for table board. Meal tickets at reasonable rates.
Phone 1738.

McGOWAN'S RESTAURANT And Oyster Chop House.
BUSINESS MEN'S LUNCH 11:30 TO 2.
Shell Fish and Salads a specialty.
Planked Steaks and Chicken.
Open After Theatre.
Table Board at Reasonable Rates.
W. B. TAYLOR, Prop'r

PERRY HOUSE.
UNDER NEW MANAGEMENT.
AMERICAN OR EUROPEAN PLAN.
Dwyer & Purcell, Proprietors. Tel. 616.

UNITED STATES HOTEL
WULF PETERSEN, PROP.
Steam Heat, American Plan.
Special Rates for the Summer.
Comfortable Rooms—With or Without Meals.
266 THAMES STREET.

RESORTS—ATLANTIC CITY.

HOTEL TRAYMORE,
Atlantic City, N. J.
Open Throughout the Year.
Famous as the hotel with every modern convenience and all the comforts of home.
Traymore Hotel Co.
D. S. WHITE Pres.
CHAS. O. MAROUETTE Mgr.

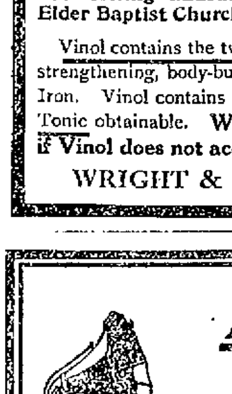
ELDER HENRY CUNNINGHAM
Recommends
Vinol

For Weak, Run-Down People.

"I was run down and weak from indigestion and general debility, also suffered from vertigo. I saw a cod liver preparation called Vinol advertised and decided to give it a trial, and the results were most gratifying. After taking two bottles I regained my strength, and am now feeling unusually well." — HENRY CUNNINGHAM, Elder Baptist Church, Kinston, N.C.

Vinol contains the two most world-famed tonics—the medicinal, strengthening, body-building elements of Cod Liver Oil and Tonic Iron. Vinol contains no oil, and is by far the Best Strengthening Tonic obtainable. **We return your money without question if Vinol does not accomplish all we claim for it.**

WRIGHT & HAY, Druggists, Newport.


An Edison Phonograph will surprise you

The first time you hear it you will be surprised at its goodness. Everybody is—particularly the first time you hear the Edison Phonograph play an Amberol Record.

People who have heard Phonographs talked about, or who have heard them at a distance on the street, or who have heard some other make of sound-reproducing machine, do not realize the remarkable goodness of the Edison Phonograph.

This is partly due to the wonderful sapphire point which does not scratch or make any sound, and partly due to the wonderful Amberol Records which are so smooth and clear that they can reproduce the finest violin melody with all its natural sweetness.

This is the same instrument which plays and sings those musical comedy songs which everybody whistles.

The Edison Phonograph does everything and does it well. Is there any reason why you should not have one?

Edison Phonographs - - $12.50 to $200 Edison Amberol Records (play twice as long) 50c. Edison Standard Records - - 35c. Edison Grand Opera Records - - 75c. and $1

There are Edison dealers everywhere. Go to the nearest and hear the Edison Phonograph play both Edison Standard and Amberol Records. Get complete catalog from your dealer or from us.

National Phonograph Co., 75 Lakeside Avenue, Orange, N. J.
THE EDISON BUSINESS PHONOGRAPH saves the time of high-salaried men and increases their letter-writing capacity.

Complete Stock Records and Machines.
BARNEY'S MUSIC STORE.

FATHER TIME

Is always on the move. He waits for no one. In this age of progress time saving devices are the key to business success and home comforts.

TELEPHONE SERVICE is unquestionably the greatest time saver known; it enables both the business and social world to **get there on time.** Let us tell you of its many uses and quote our rates.

PROVIDENCE TELEPHONE CO.,
Local Contract Dept. 142 Spring Street.

Everybody Works, Even Father, on Pierced Brass.

A new lot of new designed pieces just in. Our stock is always showing something new in this line. Jewels, Fringe, Shanks, Benders, Awls, Mallets, etc. Outfits with prices to suit everyone.

A small supply of Wireless Goods—Coils, Detectors, Lightning Aresters, Receivers, Spark Gaps, Switches, etc.

GEO. H. CHASE. - 33-35 Broadway. Phone 64

HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS.

New Coverings.
A Specially Fine Line in
Tapestries,
Cretonnes,
and Taffetas.

Upholstering and Mattress Work, in all its branches.
(Furniture Stored)

J. W. HORTON & CO.
42 Church Street.

W. F. SPINGLER,
BELLEVUE AVENUE.

Beautiful Assortment of Novelties
Cretonne Lamp Shades
Cretonne and Silk Candle Shades,
Photograph Frames,
Remnants of Damasks and Silks.

DO YOU WANT A
HEDGE PLANTED?
Spring is the time. Ask my price. Gentlemen's estates and resident places cared for, new ground graded.
S. Nickelson, 47 Gould Street

LIVERY STABLES.

If you want to buy a
WAGON
Call and see my stock. Large stock on hand and new ones coming in every week. If I haven't what you ask for, will have you one built and delivered in 30 days. Any style or kind you may wish.

Have Your Horse Clipped Now.
—AT—
LAWTON'S,
Touro and Spring Streets.

Carriages for Weddings, Funerals, Christenings furnished at
COOKE'S STABLE.
HORSE CLIPPING.
Tel. 1013. Marlborough Street.

STERLING INLAID SPOONS.
Guaranteed to wear twenty-five years.
American Beauty Rose
26 pieces for
$18.00.
—AT—
GLAZIER'S,
96 Spring Street.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

SAFETY and COMFORT.
Go To Bermuda
By Twin Screw Line.
Largest and Fastest Steamers.
S. S. Oceana, 8000 Tons,
Sailing every Saturday from New York, 10 A. M. Gymnasium, Orchestra, Electric Fans.
S. S. Bermudian, 5530 Tons,
Sailing every Wednesday from New York, 10 A. M. Wireless on both Steamers; also bilge keels.
Forty hours from frost to flowers.
WEST INDIES.
New S. S. "Guiana" and other steamers fortnightly for St. Thomas, St. Croix, St. Kitts, Antigua, Guadaloupe, Dominica, Martinique, St. Lucia, Barbadoes and Demerara. For illustrated pamphlets with full information apply to A. E. OUTERBRIDGE & CO., Gen'l Agts., Quebec S. S. Co., Ltd., 29 Broadway, New York. THOS. COOK & SON, Pass. Agts., 245 and 1200 Broadway, 649 Madison Ave., 563 5th Ave., N. Y. or J. L. Greene, 272 Thames St., or any Ticket Agent, or Quebec S. S. Co., Ltd., Quebec.

REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE.

PLEASE GIVE THIS ATTENTION!!
THE CASWELL ESTATE,
10 Willow Street,
Is a good speculation. Come in and see me and I will tell you HOW YOU CAN MAKE MONEY BY PURCHASING IT.
SIMEON HAZARD,
32 Franklin St.

AN INVESTMENT.
A property near Thames street containing two houses already rented to good tenants. This property can be purchased at a price that will pay about 16 per cent on the investment.
CLARENCE A. HAMMETT CO.,
323 THAMES STREET.

EAST SHORE,
Three miles out, new ten-room house, all improvements, stable, eleven acres, very good outlook. Will sell house and part of land if desired. If not sold soon, will rent house for season.

Edward L. Spencer,
REALTY BUILDING.

FOR SALE.
A two-tenement house on a street near Broadway. Price $2,630.
Cottage on Mann avenue.
A cottage with improvements, hot water heat, on Congdon avenue; must be sold to settle the estate.
FOR RENT.
An upper and lower tenement with modern improvements, seven rooms on Everett street.
Small tenement near Post-office. Rent $10.00.
—APPLY TO—
Wm. Loftus, 234 Spring St.

Bridge St. Property For Sale.
Two tenement house, (18 roms), with lot containing over 6,700 square feet. Must be sold to settle estate. For particulars write or call upon
FRED W. GREENE Sole Agent.

FOR SALE.
A desirable unimproved site of three acres at Narragansett Pier. To close an estate.
DeBLOIS & ELDRIDGE,
152 Bellevue Ave. Newport, R. I. 5 East 33rd. Street New York, N. Y.

For Sale.
In the centre of the city not far from Government Landing, nine-room house with gas and furnace, in good order. Apply
J. B. Parsonage & Son,
Real Estate and Insurance
10 Franklin St., opp. Postoffice
Newport, R. I.
No telephone inquiries answered.

CHANNING STREET.
Cottage of seven rooms and bath. All improvements. 2,800 sq. feet of land.
For **$4,000.**
E. S. MARSH,
Real Estate and Insurance.
Realty Bldg. Phone 679.

FOR SALE,
AT JAMESTOWN, R. I.
Comfortable Cottage
With about 25,000 square feet of land with 110 feet fronting on the bay at reduced price; also, house of 14 rooms and bath, fronting on the water.
C. E. WEEDEN, Agent.

SUNSET HILL FARM.
The beautiful Caswell estate of 34 acres, in the city, on Maple avenue and Beacon street (entrance), adjoining Miantonomi Hill and between the Bruguiere and Andrews places, is now for rent or sale. It has a fine orchard, farm lands, pine groves, ten room house, large barn, etc.
Frederick H. Paine, Agent,
10 CATHERINE STREET.

TRAVELERS' DIRECTORY.

PROVIDENCE, FALL RIVER AND NEWPORT STEAMBOAT CO.
Steamer leaves for
PROVIDENCE
WEEK DAYS AT 8:30 A. M. RETURN LEAVE PROVIDENCE AT 4 P. M.
H. E. WINDSOR Supt.

SHORT LINE
—TO—
PROVIDENCE
VIA
Newport & Providence Railway.

Cars leave Washington Square, Newport, for Bristol Ferry, Bristol and Providence—7:00 A. M. to Bristol Ferry only—7:50, 8:50, 9:55, 10:50, 11:50 A. M., 12:50, 1:50, 2:50, 3:50, 4:50, 5:50 P. M. 6:50, 7:50 P. M. to Union street, 8:50 P. M. to Bristol Ferry, 10:30, 11:15 to Union street.

Cars leave Union Station, Providence, for Newport via Bristol Branch, N. Y. N. H. & H. R. R. 7:15, 8:15, 9:15, 10:15, 11:15 A. M., 12:15, 1:15, 2:15, 3:15, 4:15, 5:15.

9:10 from Bristol Ferry to Newport.

Theatre Trip leave Union Street 7:45; One Mile Corner, 7:55; arrive at Theatre 8:05 P. M.

SUNDAY TIME TABLE.

Leave Washington Square, Newport, for Bristol Ferry, Bristol and Providence, 8:50, 9:50, 10:50, 11:50 A. M.; 12:50, 1:50, 2:50, 3:50, 4:50, 5:50, 6:50, 7:50 P. M., 8:50 P. M. to Bristol Ferry, 10:30, 11:15 to Union street.

Leave Union Station Providence for Newport—9:15, 10:15, 11:15 A. M.; 12:15, 1:15, 2:15, 3:15, 4:15, 5:15, 6:15, 7:15 P. M. 9:40 from Bristol Ferry to Newport.

Training Station cars leave Washington Square—7:00 A. M., then half hourly until 10:30 P. M.

G. M. TOWLE Supt.

Jamestown & Newport Ferry Co.
From Foot of Market Square.
On and after October 4.
Steamer Conanicut
Will run the following schedule:
Leave Jamestown—6:05, 7:00, 8:15, 9:15, 10:20, 11:20 A. M.; 1:15, 2:25, 3:15, 4:20, 5:20 P. M.
Leave Newport—6:35, 7:30, 8:50, 9:45, 10:50 A. M.; 12:00 M., 1:50, 2:45, 3:45, 4:45, 5:45 P. M.

SUNDAYS.

Leave Jamestown.	Leave Newport
8:45 A. M.	9:15 A. M.
11:45	12:10
2:30 P. M.	3:00 P. M.
4:20	5:06

NEW ENGLAND NAVIGATION CO.

FOR NEW YORK---
ALL WATER ROUTE.
FALL RIVER LINE, Leave Long Wharf, Newport, every day at 9:15 P. M. Steamers PROVIDENCE and PLYMOUTH. Orchestra on each.

WICKFORD LINE---
WATER and RAIL ROUTE
For New York and Points on the New York, New Haven & Hartford R. R. via Wickford Junction.
Steamer GENERAL
from Commercial Wharf.

Week days only A. M. P. M. P. M. P. M.
Newport (Str.) lv. 9:50 1:05 4:00 7:01
Wickford Jun. ar. 11:15 2:20 5:15 8:??
Wickford Jun. lv. 11:40 2:38 7:01
New London Ar. 12:45 3:45 8:03
New Haven Ar. 1:56 4:59 9:10
Bridgeport Ar. 2:27 5:27 9:35
New York Ar. 4:00 7:00 11:00
P.M. P.M. P.M.

For Tickets, staterooms, and parlor car seats, apply at City ticket office 272 Thames St. at Wharf Offices and Purser's office on steamers.
C. C. Gardner, Agent, Newport, R. I.
F. C. Coley, A. G. P. A., New York.

OLD COLONY ST. RAILWAY CO.
Newport & Fall River Time Table.

Leave City Hall, Newport, for Fall River via Middletown, Portsmouth and Tiverton, 6:10 A. M., then ten and fifty minutes past the even hour and half past the odd hour until 10:10 P. M. then 11:15 P. M.

Sundays, 6:50 A. M. Then same as week days.

Return, Leave City Hall, Fall River, for Newport via Tiverton, Portsmouth and Middletown, 5:10 A. M., then ten and fifty minutes past the odd hour and half past the even hour until 10:10 P. M., then 11:15 P. M.

Sundays, 6:30 A. M. Then same as week days.

Leave City Hall, Fall River, (for Stone Bridge only) 4:50 P. M. and 5:10 P. M.

Return, Leave Stone Bridge for Fall River 5:26 P. M. and 6:15 P. M. Do not run Sundays.

NEWPORT CITY CARS.

Leave One Mile Corner for Morton Park, 6:00 A. M., and every fifteen minutes until and including 11:30 P. M. Sundays 6:30 A. M., then same as week days.

Return, Leave Morton Park 6:23 A. M., then every fifteen minutes until 11:22 P. M. Sundays, 6:52 A. M. then same as week days.

Leave Franklin Street for Beach 6:45 A. M., then every fifteen minutes until 6:00 P. M. Sundays, 7:30 A. M. then same as week days.

Return, Leave Beach 7:00 A. M. then every fifteen minutes until 11:00 P. M. Sundays, 7:45 A. M., then same as week days.

Leave Franklin Street Waiting Room for Beach 6:15 A. M., then every fifteen minutes until 10:45 P. M. Sundays same as week days.

Leave Franklin Street for Mile Corner 6:30 A. M., then every fifteen minutes until 11:30 P. M. Sundays, 7:00 A. M., then same as week days.

Leave Franklin Street for Morton Park 6:15 A. M., then every fifteen minutes until 11:15 P. M. Sundays, 6:45 A. M., then same as week days.

G. F. SEIBEL, Supt.
C. L. BISBEE, Div. Supt.

The Muenchinger-King and Hill-Top Cottages.
NEWPORT, R. I.

BLUE CRUSHED STONE
Screened to size. Contractors for macadam roads and driveways. Park dressing a specialty. Steam roller for rent.
Peckham Bros. & Co.,
Tel. 1559. P. O. Address Newport R. I.

WIRELESS EQUIPMENT.

Bill Introduced in Senate to Make Installation on Passenger Vessels Compulsory.

A bill has been introduced in the United States Senate by Senator Frye of Maine making the carrying of wireless equipment on passenger vessels compulsory, and defining its character. Vessels operating between ports less than 200 miles apart are exempt, and the installation will not be required on vessels carrying less than 50 persons, in which count the crew is included.

The master of a vessel violating the act may be fined from $1,000 to $5,000, the fine to be a lien on the vessel, and attempting to leave each port is a separate offense. The secretary of commerce and labor is empowered to frame regulations for the execution of the law. The bill, which was not opposed by the owners of vessels, adds:

"For the purpose of this act apparatus for radio-communication shall not be deemed to be efficient unless the company installing it shall contract in writing to exchange, and shall in fact exchange, as far as may be physically practicable, to be determined by the master of the vessels, messages relating to the safety of the vessel or those on board, the ship's position, weather and information to aid navigation with shore or ship stations using other systems of radio-communication."

NEW BEDFORD TO RESUME WHALING INDUSTRY.

For the last few weeks the waterfront of New Bedford has resembled a picture from the past, and memories of the city's prestige when the whaling industry was at its height have been revived. Not for many years has so much attention been given to the whale fishery as at the present. On Thursday next the first of a fleet of fine whaling vessels, now outfitting, will sail in quest of the great mammals which half a century ago laid the foundation of many a substantial fortune.

The reason for the present activity is to be found in the fact that the market for sperm oil is depleted, while the price stands at 65 cents a gallon. In addition, whalebone is one of the most valuable products obtainable, and there is always a chance of finding a lump of ambergris, which is worth far more than its weight in gold.

ONE KIND OF MANNERS.

[Virginia Terhune Van de Water in Woman's Home Companion.]

If I had my way there should be but one kind of manners, and that good. I would have each child drilled as scrupulously polite to the members of his family as to the guest within his father's gates, as courteous to the employe in the kitchen or chamber as to his mother's callers. If from birth he knew no alternative of behavior, he would practice none.

If we are honest, we must admit that with many educated and refined persons there is, all unknown to themselves, a difference in the courtesy displayed to home people and that directed toward strangers. The man who does not consider it worth while to rise when his wife or mother comes into the room will spring to his feet when the guest of wife or mother enters. The lad who nods to his sister, whom he meets alone on the street, will take off his hat when that sister is accompanied by her pretty chum.

As for knocking at the door of the room of any member of the family—who thinks of doing it? But let us recall at the same time that we do not rush into our guest's rooms without a preliminary knock and a gentle, oh, so gentle, "May I come in?" Personally, I believe that this disregard of personal privacy in our families is one of the worst of our set of habitual manners.

AIM IS IMPROVING.

Coast Artillery Companies Report Accuracy of Fire in 1909 Greater Than Preceding Year.

Reports of target practice of all companies of the coast artillery, except companies stationed in the Philippines, have been received at the War Department, and show that the accuracy of fire in 1909 was in some cases nearly 50 per cent greater than in the preceding year. The firing with mortars, 12-inch and other calibre down to the 3-inch guns was consistently good. With the mortars the increase in mean percentage of hits was 6.4; with the 12-inch guns, 22; 10-inch, 16.3; 8-inch, 27.6 6-inch, 24.2; 5-inch, 44.6; 4.7-inch, 43; 4-inch, 18.2; 3-inch, 9.9.

In 1908 all guns of 6-inch and above fired at a hypothetical target 30 by 60 feet. All guns of 5-inch and below fired at a material target, 10 by 24 feet. In 1909 the ranges for all guns up to and including 6-inch were greater than they were for 1908. The first practice for guns of eight inches and above for 1909 was held at short ranges, about 5,000 yards. The second practice was held at ranges beyond 7,000 yards.

Of the 162 practices held with guns of five inches and above there are 31 cases in which 100 per cent of hits were made.

INVESTIGATION OF FRAUDS IS NECESSARY.

[Gilbert M. Hitchcock, in National Monthly.]

Why is it necessary or desirable occasionally that the legislative branch of the government should proceed to investigate alleged frauds or misconduct of the administrative offices of government? The answer is easy to find.

Enormous trusts are reposed in the hands of the officers who administer the affairs of the Federal Government. This is true whether you take the Navy Department, with its expenditures of about $100,000,000 a year, or the War Department, with expenditures of a like amount, or the Postoffice Department, with expenditures of over $200,000,000 a year, and it is particularly true also of the Interior Department, which has under its control the vast resources of the United States in valuable lands, rich in minerals, timber, water power and other great resources belonging to the people.

The administration of these departments is in the hands of men whose authority is derived from the President of the United States. He appoints the chief officers, and the subordinate employes receive their appointments from them, except in the case of those who enter the service through civil service examinations, and even then promotions rest in the hands of those indirectly appointed by the President or some cabinet officer. As one administration succeeds another, many of these employes stay in office. Many of these offices are handed down from one friendly incumbent to another, and the affairs of the offices are largely secret. The affairs of the Congress, the affairs of the courts and the affairs of elective bodies are public, but the records of these administrative office-holders and the conduct of these administrative offices are largely concealed from the public view, and it has often happened that rings have been formed and conspiracies made to plunder the public by the secret methods which are easily possible in such circumstances. The situation in administrative offices moreover has been greatly aggravated by the President's recent executive order prohibiting any except Cabinet officers from giving out information to newspapers of Congressmen. This looks like an attempt to suppress information and conceal facts. It smacks of a disposition to treat a public office and public records as the private affairs of the administration. It makes frauds and graft rule easy and detection more difficult.

DEEP WATER TESTS.

Battleships to Be Given Run to See Effect on Vessels' Speed.

ROCKLAND, Maine, March 10.—Does the depth of the water over which a vessel is steaming affect the vessel's speed? To answer this question the Navy Department has ordered a series of tests over the Rockland, Provincetown and Delaware breakwater courses. It was learned here today. During the standardization trials of battleship Michigan over these courses, records useful in solving the problem will be compiled. Similar records will be made during the trials over the same courses of the battleships South Dakota and Delaware. Later the torpedo boat destroyers Reid and Flusser will be put through the tests.

The Slim Woman is Winning.

The day of the slim woman's triumph has arrived. "The thinner one is the more stylish," say the dressmakers.

This would have been sad news for the fat woman a year ago. She would have had to try dieting or exercise. Nowadays however, the woman who is too fat for the styles goes to a druggist and gets a case of Marmola Prescription Tablets, one of which she takes after each meal and at bedtime and so reduces her superfluous flesh quickly.

These tablets, being made in accordance with the famous prescription, are perfectly harmless, and they are, also, the most economical preparation a person can buy, for they cost only 75 cents a large case, one of which is frequently enough to start a person to losing fat at the rate of 12 or 14 ounces a day. Pretty nearly every druggist keeps this tablet in stock. But should yours be sold out, you can easily obtain a case by sending to the makers the Marmola Company, 714 Farmer Bldg., Detroit, Mich.

CLOTHING.

Orders for Easter Suits are coming in Let me show you some of the Latest Styles of Woolens.

OTTO, Men's Tailor, 244 Thames Street.

1910.

I am now showing the "newest" in Ladies' Cloakings and Suitings, also the Latest Models for 1910.

The remainder of my Fall and Winter Suitings for Men will be closed out at reduced prices.

Neil McLennan, Ladies' and Men's Tailor. 200 THAMES STREET.

FISH MARKETS.

SHAD.

BROADWAY CASH FISH MARKET.

C. A. Easterbrooks, Prop'r, Telephone 614. 60 Broadway.

Large Fancy NAVEL ORANGES 29c a dozen. WYATT'S MARKET. Tel. 338.

PICTURES RE-FRAMED, Old Frames Re-Gilded. FINE IMPORTED PRINTS. WISEMAN, 112 Bellevue Avenue.

The LAPPIN Store.

The Smartest Spring Showing

Saturday A. M. and Evening, and Monday and Tuesday, March Twelfth, Fourteenth and Fifteenth.

MUSIC IN ATTENDANCE - - - - - - - SATURDAY EVENING!

A most comprehensive showing, comprising absolutely everything in dressy and tailored

WAISTS, SUITS, COATS, COSTUMES, CAPES, MISSES' AND INFANTS' WEAR, KNIT UNDERWEAR, COTTON UNDERWEAR, GLOVES, HOSIERY, ETC.

These displays are eminently representative and thoroughly characteristic of the Lappin store's idea of Liberal Value Giving.

PRICE $18.90.

PRICE $22.90.

PRICE $24.90.

PRICE $14.90.

PRICE $16.90.

All that is New and Lovely will be found in this display, every Model with a fashion secret of its own to tell you. Something youthful and becoming to every type of woman kind. Something new and appropriate for every age and occasion. SOMETHING JUST FOR YOU. Materials that exhaust the possibilities of Spring Fabrics, trimming conceits as pleasing and tasteful as though designed to your order. COATS of just the right length with every correct style feature, their rich linings accentuating the prevailing color of the Suit. Kilted and plaited skirts in the height of Spring Fashion. Absolutely nothing left out to make this a complete exhibition of the Styles that will rule this spring with a dash, an elegance and a refinement about them that Paris cannot better.

BUDGET FOR YEAR ADOPTED.

Continued from Tenth Page.

expire until next September, that this item be laid on the table and a committee of the Council be appointed to investigate. The Overseers of the Poor have duties in the case which seem to be taken by the hospital under this contract. The Council, however, did not care to go into the matter, and the item was approved. So were all the remaining items in the budget, and finally, at 8:47, the entire budget had been gone over.

Sewers.

This was not the end, however, for J. B. Sullivan moved to take up one item in the highway appropriation, under new work—the Malbone-Cummings avenue sewer, for which $5,000 was named. He understood there was no pressing need of this expenditure at the present time, and that it had been adopted without a full consideration of the facts in the case. If this were so he thought it should be reconsidered; if it were not so, probably the members of the committee could set the Council right on the matter of explaining the needs of this sewer or, rather, of this expenditure of $5,000. His motion to reconsider was carried, 79 ayes, 57 nayes.

Mr. Sullivan moved to lay this item on the table and have it considered by a sub-committee of five. Mr. Cotton spoke in favor of it, stating that it had been up several years and had been favorably reported last year and this year. There are about a dozen houses on Cummings avenue which are not sewered, and the ends of Bedlow and Thurston avenues are not cared for by sewers. This sewer will cover 12 to 15 houses now in use. Mr. Sullivan said he understood that there is no pressing need of this sewer, as things can go along as they are at present.

Mr. Bain, who lives on Thurston avenue and has lived there for years, made his protest against the sewerage system and what it is not doing. Cellars are full and cess-holes have to be stopped and the water allowed to run on Broadway, ruining the street. The street commissioner was finally brought into the case. He said perhaps it was largely on his report that the committee had adopted this item. Mr. Bain had described the conditions which exist. To save flooding certain cellars some cess-holes had to be closed on Broadway and the water let run in the middle of the road.

Mr. Parker, from the Point, had something to say about sewers. He suggested that if they wished to get any more sewerage to take water there must be more outlets. On the Point sewers are running over, and one has to wear rubber boots to get out of the house in the morning and cellars are filled without any trouble. Mr. Aylsworth said this sewer will cover five or six houses on Cummings avenue which now have cess-pools covering their yards. It may connect with the end of Bedlow avenue, but cannot with the end of Thurston avenue. It was understood that this was to connect with Garfield street and go through some property which is in the market. The Council finally voted to permit the item to stand, the vote being 75 nays and 65 ayes on a motion to strike the Cummings avenue sewer. The ordinance was then adopted as a whole, there being but one change—that in regard to the Harrison avenue district lights.

The ordinance for the assessment of a tax was next taken up. Mr. Congdon suggested that there are on the docket items which, if voted on favorably, would add to the cost of the city and should be provided for, and moved that this lie on the table until these other matters be disposed of. This was done.

Milk and Food Inspection.

Next came the proposed act giving the inspection of milk to the Board of Health and providing for the inspection of meat, fish, fruit and other food products and the licensing of slaughter houses. This act as reported by the Committee of Twenty-five appeared in full in the News of March 8. Dr. Ramsay moved to make section 2 read that the Board might enter the premises in Newport of any one in the milk business. He said the Board has no authority outside the city. Mr. Cotton said that idea had been incorporated in the law so that the inspectors might visit any premises from which milk is supplied to Newport. Dr. Ramsay said the powers of the Board are local. It can cover places outside of Newport by making a provision that if they do not allow the Board to inspect their places the Board will not grant licenses, but it can obtain no authority to enter their places without their consent. Dr. Brackett called on the city solicitor for advice on this subject, and the city solicitor said if the inspectors were state inspectors it would be all right, but he doubted if any law could give local inspectors any power in another town. Mr. Fearing suggested that the Board of Health have control of this matter, in that it has the granting of licenses and can refuse a license to any one who will not have their place inspected. This was the idea of Mr. Levy, the Board might ask permission to inspect, and if the dealer refused such permission the Board was not obliged to grant a license. The section was adopted.

Dr. Ramsay had another amendment, substituting for section 3 of the law the 3d section of the original draft, giving the Board the licensing power over all places which sell perishable food-stuffs. This was changed by the Committee of Twenty-five. It appeared in The News of February 22. There was [illegible] talk about this, and it [illegible]. Mr. Levy [illegible] of Twenty-five [illegible] of having [illegible] engaged in [illegible] for the sale of food-stuffs [illegible] to take out licenses from the Board of Health, or any board. If this went to the legislature in that shape every dealer in food-stuffs would be opposed to it and it would probably kill the attempt to give the Board of Health control of certain matters which all wished it to have charge. [illegible] too drastic. He [illegible] giving the [illegible] of inspection and condemnation [illegible]. Dr. Ramsay said the Board now has the power of inspecting under the statute law, but it would require a dozen inspectors to keep track of some of the dealers. The great majority would not be affected, as they run their business properly. Mr. Perry opposed the licensing clause, and the amendment was lost.

There was some talk on the question in section 6. Mr. Levy suggested that if the place of business were a large one the hours of doing business might be varied. The inspector was allowed to seize, under the clause, at any hour.

On section 8, allowing six hours for an appeal from the decision of the inspector to the Board of Health, there was considerable talk, some of it in which Dr. Ramsay said the seizure might be late in the afternoon, and it would be impossible to have the Board act within six hours. Finally it was suggested that 12 hours be allowed for an appeal, and 12 hours thereafter for the Board to act. Dr. Ramsay suggested that naturally the dealer would make a protest at once and the Board would be called upon to decide as soon as possible thereafter. Mr. Franklin asked how 24 hours would be in case of milk seizure, and Dr. Ramsay said the state law covers the case of milk. Mr. Fearing suggested that if it were fish, and the conditions were such that the inspector seized it, there could be no doubt as to its condition at the end of 12 hours. It was finally voted to adopt 12 hours for giving notice of appeal and 12 for the Board to act, the understanding being that ordinarily it would take but a few hours.

The penalty for slaughtering without a permit was fixed at $20 fine. The law having been approved, the resolution was passed directing the city solicitor to appear before the General Assembly and urge its passage.

Inspector of Buildings.

It was now 9:50, but the Council showed no signs of uneasiness, having had considerable fun over the inspection law. The law in regard to the inspector of buildings, printed in the News March 9, was next taken up. Before it was acted on a communication was read from the Civic League asking that action be taken, and calling attention to the building now under way on Broadway at the foot of Mann avenue, where windows are being projected over the sidewalk, and perhaps other things are being done which are not right. The law was taken up. Mr. Congdon asked if this would allow the election of an inspector before next January, and the Chair ruled it would not. The act was amended so as to provide for the election of an inspector immediately on its passage, and thereafter in January, and was then approved and the city solicitor was directed to appear before the General Assembly and urge its passage.

The Playground Proposition.

From the Committee of Twenty-five came a resolution to accept the offer of the School Committee of the use of certain school grounds as playgrounds, also to place such grounds in the hands of the Park Commission and requesting the Park Commission to take charge of the same. This led to some talk. Mr. W. W. Sherman asked if there were any limit as to age of those who could use the playgrounds, and the Chair said there was not. Mr. Sherman thought it should be limited to school children. No school grounds were named. Mr. Cotton said the Park Commission could make regulations. Mr. Fearing said the janitors are responsible for the care of the grounds, and this seems likely to lead to friction. Mr. Cotton said the parts to be used are not those the janitors care for, and which have lawns. Dr. Ramsay suggested that damage might be done to fences, etc., and, as there is no appropriation to pay the damages, it looked as though the School Committee would have to make them good. Mr. Perry moved its reference to a special committee. Mr. Cotton said this would stop anything for this year. The summer vacation is the only time the yards are to be used. Mr. Hattere suggested that the school yards should be open for the children evenings and Saturdays, to keep them off the streets. The matter went to a committee, which is to look into the facts.

For Uniform Accounts.

From the Committee of Twenty-five came the following resolution:

"Resolved, That the sum of $1,500, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and hereby is appropriated for the purpose of establishing what is known as the uniform system of accounts in municipalities, and be it

"Resolved, further, That a committee of three be appointed to supervise the inauguration of said system and the expenditures connected therewith, said committee to report to the Representative Council on the completion of its work."

Mr. Congdon moved to strike out the appropriation, as that had been already made. This was done. Mr. J. B. Sullivan said that five is the regular number of a Council committee, but under the spirit of the charter the work of installing the system belongs to the Board of Aldermen, and he moved to substitute the Board of Aldermen for the special committee. The Council so voted. Mr. Brackett said a certain system of accounts is what is needed. Mr. Sullivan suggested that the name of the system of accounts be given, so that there could be no question as to what the Council meant. Mr. Fearing said the name is mentioned, and Mr. Cotton stated that it is the system adopted by the United States Census and by a number of states, Massachusetts among others. The resolution as amended was passed.

Granolithic Walks.

From the Committee of Twenty-five also came a resolution providing that if an abutter wishes to lay a granolithic walk in front of his place he should apply to the street commissioner, who would do the excavating, filling and other preliminary work at the expense of the city, provided the abutter pays for the granolithic top, the street commissioner to require satisfactory security from the abutter that he will do his part before the city work starts. Mr. Murphy made his old objection about a patchwork of sidewalks, and moved to lay it on the table, and there it went.

From the same committee came a resolution directing the chairman to appoint a special committee to examine into the report of the tax collector for 1909 and report back to the Council. This was passed.

For a New Police Station.

From the Committee of Twenty-five came a resolution that the chairman appoint a special committee to take up the matter of a new police station for the city of Newport, and to report back to this Council as to cost, location, plans, etc.

Dr. Brackett moved to amend by adding "also as to the feasibility of repairing, altering and enlarging the present building." This was accepted. Mr. Dwyer moved that the Board of Aldermen be substituted for the special committee. Mr. Fearing suggested that no appropriation accompanied the report, and the committee could not obtain estimates without the expenditure of money for plans. Mr. Lucas said he believes there are enough experienced contractors in town to look the building over and give estimates [illegible] would [illegible] the work. The location is an [illegible] station and [illegible] made much more economically [illegible] a new building could be built. Mr. Cotton thought the Board of Aldermen could not be asked [illegible]. It was the duty of the [illegible] to pay for plans and money [illegible] for the Board of Aldermen [illegible] the work. The amendment substituting the Board of Aldermen for the special committee was lost, and the resolution as amended by Dr. Brackett was adopted.

A [illegible] from the Committee of Twenty-five authorizing the [illegible] a special committee [illegible] General Assembly [illegible] Rhode Island [illegible] were [illegible] to the table, as the Council had already taken action on them.

A resolution passed by the Board of Aldermen January 20, nominating Francis M. Sisson as clerk to the highway department and Wallace C. Martland as engineer of the City Hall, and recommended the adoption by the Council of an accompanying amendment to the city ordinances. With this was a letter from the street commissioner recommending, in view of the increase of the work in the office of the department, that the salary of the clerk be increased to $100 a month. Accompanying this, also, was the proposed amendment to Section 17 of Chapter 4 of the city ordinances, changing the salary of the clerk of the highway department from $83.33 a month to $100 a month.

Mr. Brackett asked if the official was elected, and was told he was not. He asked if there was money appropriated which would cover the increase of salary, and was told there was; it comes out of the highway appropriation. The ordinance was then passed, and Mr. Sisson's salary was raised to $100 a month.

The Council then confirmed the reelection of Mr. Sisson as clerk of the highway department and Mr. Martland as engineer of the City Hall.

Police Pay Increased.

There was a long petition, which was not on the docket, explaining at some length the ordinance amendment offered increasing the pay of the permanent men of the police force. Then the amendment was read. It was called "An Ordinance in Amendment of an Ordinance in Amendment of Chapter 15 of the City Ordinances." It provided that the pay of the captain shall be $2.75 a day, of the inspector $3.50, of the sergeants $3.25, of the patrolmen who have served five years or more $3, of the patrolmen who have served three years but under five years $2.75, and of the patrolmen who have served less than three years, and of the specials while on duty, $2.50 a day. Accompanying this was a resolution appropriating $2,000 additional to be added to the item "for salaries" of the police force, in the budget.

Mr. Brackett spoke at some length on the subject of a more calm and careful investigation of proposed increases of salary than was possible at the meeting of the Council, when only a few minutes are given to deliberation. He thought some changes which had been made this year had been made without proper consideration. Any increase should be considered with relation to other salaries paid by the city, and there should be a consistent action. To that end, and without either favoring or disapproving the proposed increase, he moved that the whole matter of salaries be referred to a special committee, to examine and report at the end of the year for action by the Council of 1911. The police budget had already been made up and adopted. Nothing was said to the Committee of Twenty-five about any increase. As the members could see, the recommendation for salaries was the same as the amount asked, which was the same as last year, except that there being 53 Saturdays in this year, and the police receiving their pay Saturdays, provision had to be made for 53 pay days.

Last year the committee on police had looked carefully into the matter of pay, to see if any reduction could be made in the cost of the department, and, while it was found that some places were ranking for less, others were costing more, and no recommendation was made for a reduction in the pay of the force. An increase did not seem warranted without a similar careful investigation of matters.

Mr. J. B. Sullivan believed there is no place like Newport, and no fair comparison could be made between the work demanded of the police here and in other places. The pay seemed inadequate for the work, and he favored an increase. Mr. Tanner favored an increase. So did Mr. Levy, and Dr. Ramsay.

The amendment to refer to a committee was lost and the ordinance was adopted. The accompanying resolution, adding $2,000 to the item for salaries of the police appropriation, was then adopted.

Mr. Hattere moved to adjourn to the call of the chair. The chairman said there were other items to be considered and the tax ordinance was yet to be acted on. Mr. W. W. Sherman suggested that there was likely to be no quorum if adjournment were delayed. The Council voted to keep on.

A petition from James R. Crowley, chief of police, stated that in January, 1905, the Representative Council had reduced his salary, fixed by the Police Commission at $1,700 to $1,500. This year the Council had restored the cut made in the salary of the city clerk at the same time, and had increased other salaries. He asked that his salary be restored to the former figure, $1,700. He sent this petition with the recently acquired knowledge that the Representative Council has authority to fix this salary. He called attention to the town of Brookline, about the same size as Newport, a no-license town, without forts or training station near by, in which the chief receives $2,500, the captain $2,000, two lieutenants $1,600 each, four sergeants $1,400 each and 53 patrolmen $1,200 each. Accompanying this was a resolution fixing the salary of the chief at $1,700, and adding $200 to the salary item of the police budget.

This was also adopted, and the chief was given his desired increase and $200 was added to the salaries item of the police.

A resolution was passed appropriating $350 for macadamizing "Oakwood Terrace."

The Tax Ordinance.

Mr. Levy moved that the tax ordinance be taken up, and it was done. It read as follows:

An ordinance for the assessment and collection of a tax.

Sec. 1. A tax for the current municipal year of not less than $574,000, or more than $584,000, is hereby imposed and levied, and shall be assessed and apportioned by the assessors of taxes of this city on or before the first day of July next on the inhabitants of this city and the ratable property within the same; said tax shall be collected and paid into the city treasury on and between the first day of July and the thirty-first day of August next, and all taxes remaining unpaid on said last-named day shall carry, until collected, a penalty at the rate of 12 per centum per annum.

Mr. Congdon said the Council had already appropriated $566,000, which would leave but $8,000 leeway on the minimum sum named. This would not allow for any contingency. He moved that the minimum be $595,000 and the maximum $605,000. This would allow a leeway of about $30,000 for emergencies. The Council had no means of obtaining money other than from the taxes, and could borrow none except in anticipation of taxes.

These figures were adopted, and the ordinance so changed and as amended was passed.

At 11:01 the Council adjourned to meet Wednesday night, March 16.

NO BEGGARS IN COPENHAGEN.

[Denmark Letter in London Express.]

Copenhagen is a city of 500,000 inhabitants. During a week's stay I have seen no seller of matches or bootlaces, no gutter merchant, no blind or other afflicted persons about the streets asking for alms, not a single sign of distress due to poverty. I have explored the poorer quarters by day and late at night. There is not a single spot in the whole of Copenhagen that could be compared even remotely to the slums in our large towns. There are no unemployed hanging about the street corners, no unkempt women standing idly at the doors, no ragged and dirty children playing in the gutter. There are no dirty houses, with bits of paper, and a ragged apron or a torn bedcloth doing duty for a curtain.

THE FORMIDABLE GORILLA.

Savage and Morose, It Fearlessly Attacks Human Beings and Beats Off Elephants.

[London Times.]

Of all the existing man apes the gorilla is beyond question the most formidable, a large male standing not infrequently over five feet six inches in height, and bones being known of one which apparently measured little less than six feet two inches. It is not, we now know from experience in the Gardens and elsewhere, always when young quite so "utterly untamable a beast" and so "entirely and constantly an enemy of man" as Du Chaillu represented, but it is savage and morose enough.

It is still uncertain whether in a wild state, except in the immediate moment of attack, it ever actually walks erect without either resting its knuckles on the ground or supporting itself by a branch overhead, but that it does beat its fists upon its breast when engaged (Du Chaillu says that he heard the noise "like a great bass drum" at a distance of a mile) is established; and when the male gorilla turns, as seemingly it does, to confront man fearlessly when attacked, with its huge size, its great hairy limbs, the hideous head set almost down into its shoulders, we can believe that "no description can exceed the horror of its appearance." Add that the gorilla usually lives in the depths of forests where the light is so dim that it is difficult to see any object clearly at a distance of more than a few yards and it is not to be wondered at that the natives have invested it with attributes even more horrible than those which it possesses.

Many believe the gorilla to be human; others hold that, though itself a beast, it is often informed with the transmigrated spirits of the human dead. It is said to lie in wait crouched on the lower branches of trees overhanging a path and when a human being passes to drop one of its long hind limbs and, clutching the victim by the throat so suddenly and in so terrific a grip that hardly a sob is heard, to drag it—man or woman—up to its lurking place. It is credited with capturing and stealing women and carrying them off to keep them in the forests, and armed with clubs, is said to attack and beat off elephants. The formidableness of the great apes as compared with other beasts, however, is not an easy matter to pass upon. In Africa it is noteworthy that the lion and the gorilla do not occur together, and it has been conjectured both that the lion has exterminated the gorilla within its territory and that the gorilla has driven out the lion.

In Borneo the most serious neighbors of the orang are the python and the crocodile, and the natives say that the ape overcomes them both, the python by seizing and biting it and the crocodile by leaping on its back, clutching it by the upper jaw and by sheer main strength tearing it open. The name "orang" is in itself a title of honor, meaning roughly "wise one," the Malays giving it alike to their chiefs, to elephants and to the "wild men." Perhaps, however, no native myth or story eclipses in wonder the statement of Emin Pasha, made seriously, that in the Mbongwe forest the chimpanzee used to come to rob the banana plantations in troops, bearing torches to light them on the way. "Had I not witnessed this extraordinary spectacle personally," he is reported as saying, "I should not have believed that any of the simians understood the art of making fire."

MRS. BURGESS TO GO UP IN AN AIRSHIP.

Mrs. W. Starling Burgess, wife of the well known Marblehead yacht builder, says: "It is quite possible that I shall venture to make a trial trip in an airship soon. It will not be alone at first, but I shall hope that the time will come when I can navigate alone just as the men do. My husband is now building practical ships that will fly, and I want to know how to manage the boats which which he has built in times past."

Mr. Burgess, at his shipyards in Marblehead, is said to have reduced the art of airship building to a practical, everyday industry. His latest machine is to be finished March 5, and it is likely that Mrs. Burgess will go up in this ship.

Delayed Attention Costs Money.

Your house wears out if not painted. It costs more to repair it than it costs to paint it. It don't cost much to paint with the L. & M. Paint, because 4 gallons of L. & M. Paint and 3 gallons of Linseed Oil makes seven gallons of ready-for-use paint at a cost of about $1.20 per gallon. You can mix yourself. Thirty-five years use in every part of the United States proves it. Atlantic City & Pittsburg Fence Tests, made by the Master Painters' Association, prove it. Sold by R. R. Barker, Newport.

PRICE OF COKE.

Prepared, delivered,

36 bushels		$4.50
18 bushels	-	2.25

Common, delivered,

35 bushels	-	$3.50
18 bushels	-	1.75

Price at Works,

Prepared,	11c a bushel
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No reasonable offer refused.

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A single motion is quicker to make than two.

Only one motion is needed to make any character desired on the complete, straight-line, key-for-every-character keyboard of the

easy action light running **Model 10.**

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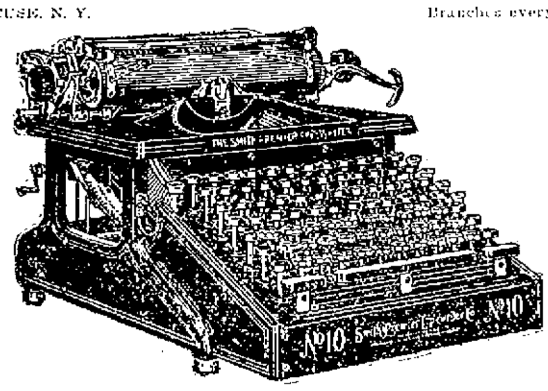

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GREAT CARE IN HANDLING

Is insisted upon at the yard and at the delivery point for our

COAL.

This, and the fact that it is Wilkes-barre, the best general purpose coal in city accounts for the good words we are receiving for it.

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DEALERS IN

Lykens Valley Red and White Ash Coal.

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Cut all sizes for fireplaces.

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LAST CALL THIS SEASON.

We have decided to continue our Half Price Sale for two more weeks. We are willing to sell our goods below cost, so as to make room for Spring Goods which are coming in.

Don't Miss This Sale.

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The only Express Company checking baggage from residence to destination. Consignments of freight solicited. Information in regard to baggage or freight cheerfully given.

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1051. FRANK J. HUGHES, General Manager.
Branch offices: Stable Marsh Street.
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BOOTS AND SHOES.

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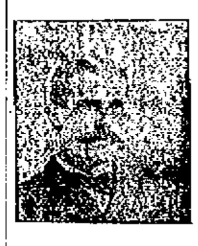

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152 Thames Street.

OPEN EVENINGS.

My stock must be sold, or given away within the next 30 days. Now is your time to lay in a stock of shoes at less than wholesale prices. I am prepared to slaughter the shoe business during this sale. I got extra clerks for the next 30 days. My lines of good shoes needs no advertising. I will cut the price on the Douglas and Ralston Shoes from 50c to one dollar a pair. You know what this means. Rather than return them to the factory I will give the people of Newport the benefit. You will never get such bargains again in shoes. This is not a bluff sale—I believe in straight-forward business.

Our $3.00 SHOES or $3.50 Special,

"A Gentleman's Natural Selection" for spring are ready for inspection. They include all that is best in fine footwear, styles that are new and correct, a fine selection of leather. Fashion, Fit and Finish the keynote of the line for which we claim there are none better made.

—AT—

RAMLOSE'S, 43 Thames Street.

A New Supply of Shoes and Rubbers

AT THE

BIJOU SHOE DEPT.,

89 THAMES STREET.

Newport Taxicab Company,

359-367 Thames Street.

Telephone 150.

Another Cab

Just received from the factory.

NOTICE.

Tree Moving.

If you should want any trees moved this is the proper time. Estimates given on all sizes of trees to be moved.

OSCAR SCHULTZ,

HOUSTON AVENUE GREENHOUSE.

Tel. 810 or 1113.

MILLINERY.

Final Clearance Sale!

We are determined not to carry any Hats over for next season, so we will sell all our Trimmed Hats at $1.98, $2.98 and $4.98; former prices as high as $25.00.

Untrimmed Beaver Hats $1.98 and $2.98; balance of Fur Turbans 98c. and $1.98.

Untrimmed Silk and Velvet Hats, 98c. and $1.98; Felt Shapes, 50c., 75c. and 98c.

Everything must go regardless of price.

BON TON MILLINERY,

233 THAMES ST.

Phone 627.

SCHREIER'S,

143 THAMES STREET.

GREAT MILLINERY SALE!

Trimmed Hats Your Choice 98c.

We intend to clear out every winter hat.

Notice.

Pending alterations in my new store on Bellevue Avenue, I will be pleased to see my customers at my home,

204 SPRING ST.

MISS M. E. TOBIN,

MILLINERY.

LIME

Just arrived, a carload of Connecticut Lime in 200 lb. barrels.

Fresh Dexter Lime in 200 lb. barrels.

PORTLAND CEMENT by the bag, barrel or carload.

JOHN M. FRIEND.

Masons' Supplies, Drain and Sewer Pipe.

108 Third Street.

Tel. 311.

Wall Paper.

Great reduction in wall paper, as we must make room for new goods.

JOSEPH GRAHAM,

68-70 Spring Street.

INDEPENDENT ICE AND COLD STORAGE COMPANY,

Sherman's Wharf.

DEALERS IN

Natural and Artificial Ice.

HAYMAN & NASON PAINTERS and DECORATORS

15-17 Franklin Street.

Dealers in Painters' Supplies.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED—Situation as handy man on gentleman's estate. Used to horses, care of grounds, inside work and cooking. Address Box 37, Daily News Office.

WANTED—Work by a handy man, understands care of Automobiles and Steam Heat. Address Box 59, Daily News Office.

HELP WANTED

WANTED.

A girl who can cook and launder

For two adults and baby in centrally located cottage. Good wages for right girl. References required. Address at once, Box 9, Daily News Office.

WANTED—Clerk. Must be capable stenographer and typewriter. Give experience and salary. Address Box 15, Daily News Office.

A MIDDLE AGED WOMAN who is a good plain cook. Call between three and four at The Beakhurst Cottage, Bellevue avenue.

MILLINERY SALESLADY, experienced good wages and steady position. Address Box M., Daily News.

WANTED—Two white cooks, three colored cooks and a colored maid at 90 William street.

WANTED—Cook in family of two. Apply to 10 Bull street, before 11 A. M.

LADIES $3 a day making medical pillows; work sent anywhere prepaid; beautiful pillow 14x14 free; proposition, advice, etc., 10c. No postals answered. Harvey Co., 413-S Columbus Ave., New Haven, Conn.

MEN WANTED—To prepare for Railway Mail, Customs and Postoffice Examinations, $600 to $1,500. Preparation free. Write for schedule showing places. Franklin Institute, Dept. 347 M Rochester, N. Y.

GENERAL WANTS.

WANTED—To buy, a 4-wheel pony cart. Address, stating price and where it can be seen. P. O. Box 763, Fall River, Mass.

LOST AND FOUND

LOST—Lynx muff. Finder will be suitably rewarded by returning to 401 Broadway.

LOST—On Wednesday evening, a brown fur. Finder please return to Daily News Office.

FOUND—A stray hen. Owner can have by proving and paying for this advertisement. Apply Manuel Ray, Middletown.

LOST—On Church, Spring or Mill streets, small brown fur scarf, with head and tail. Suitable reward if left at Lorah's Drug Store, Bellevue avenue.

LOST—Wednesday, a Masonic charm with five diamonds. $50 reward if returned to W. H. Bone Sandy Point Farm.

FOR RENT, ROOMS AND BOARD.

TO LET.

Store and Tenement,

10 Mary Street,

W. S. LANGLEY.

FURNISHED ROOMS

First class, with all modern improvements. Meals served when desired. Prospect House, William Hanson, Prop. 22 Prospect Hill street. Rooms steam heated.

WANTED—Board and room in small family; central. State terms. Address Box 7, Daily News Office.

TO LET—Large house and barn, with land. Peckham Homestead, Almy Court, Bliss Road $350. Any agent or W. G. Peckham, 450 Broadway, Newport, R. I.

FOR SALE.

BURLINGHAM'S AUCTION ROOM,

Aquidneck Hall, 83 Mill St.

Goods received daily at hall except Tuesdays which is sales day. Sales at residences and stores. Cash paid for household goods of all kinds. New Pieces at ½ price for Cash. Tel. 927 R.... 1218 Residence. W. F. Adams, Auctioneer.

FOR SALE Invalid's Chair with rubber tire wheels. The I. X. L. Company, New and second-hand goods. Office and house furnishings of every description. Highest cash price paid for second-hand goods. Tel. 1605. Buckley's Block, 126 Broadway.

ANGORA CATS.

The breeding season is now on. Send your Queens to the Lone Elm Cattery. Have one pure white, and two orange and white Kings for mating. Also one silver and one tortoise shell Queen, 9 months old for sale. Mrs. Wm. M. Hughes Braman's Lane, South Portsmouth Tel. 1714-2.

STANTON TERRACE

House Lots for Sale.

Fine location; prices reasonable; terms easy.

THE BARKER BUILDING & REALTY CO., or Agents.

Civil War Envelopes.

Large collection, over 400, well preserved in Scrap Book, containing many very rare and noted ones.

May be seen by appointment If interested write to Box A, Daily News Office, Newport, R. I.

SHINGLES, Extra, $4.35 per thousand.
SHINGLES, Clear, $3.70 per thousand.
SPRUCE LATHS, $4.00 per thousand.
ALSO
5 and 6-inch CHESTNUT POSTS in 6 to 8 foot lengths.

ROBERT W. CURRY, 31-41 Chapel St.

SECOND-HAND BICYCLES FOR SALE CHEAP.

Renting and Repairing.

SWENSON'S BICYCLE SHOP,

Tel. 321. 14 Bellevue Ave

EMPLOYMENT OFFICES.

EMPLOYMENT BUREAU.
MRS. N. McMAHON,
18 John Street, near Spring.
First-class help supplied at short notice. Tel. 945.

MRS. HODGSON,
INTELLIGENCE OFFICE,
55 Broadway, Opposite City Hall,
ENGAGEMENTS WANTED.
Tel. 788.

MASSAGE AND CHIROPODISTS.

Tel. 2248-1. Hair Work.
MISS A. CARROLAN,
Shampooing, Facial Massage, Scalp Treatment.
Turban Frames covered from Combings
33 Broadway. Manicuring. Newport, R.I.

DR. E. C. HOLLOWAY,
Foot Specialist and Electrolysian.
Ingrowing Nails, Hair Moles and Warts removed. Treatment painless. Massage. Open evenings.
Tel. 841. Office 79 Spring St.

LATEST NAVAL NEWS.

Orders to Officers and Movements of Vessels Reported.

[Special despatch to the News.]

WASHINGTON, March 10.—The following orders to officers were announced by the Navy Department today:

Rear Admiral E. H. C. Leutze (retired), detached from duty as commandant of the navy yard, Washington, and as superintendent of the naval gun factory, Washington, and ordered to duty as commandant of the navy yard, New York, and of the Third naval district.

Rear Admiral William Swift, detached from duty as aide for material, and ordered to special duty in the Navy Department.

Rear Admiral William Swift, placed on the retired list of officers from March 17.

Rear Admiral N. E. Niles (retired), detached from duty as governor of the Naval Home, Philadelphia, and ordered home.

Rear Admiral U. R. Harris, detached from duty as commandant of the navy yard, Philadelphia, and of the Fourth naval district, and ordered to duty as governor of the Naval Home.

Rear Admiral A. G. Berry, detached from duty as senior member of the board to conduct a general survey of vessels on the Pacific coast, and as commandant of the Twelfth and Thirteenth districts, and ordered to duty as a member of the naval examining board, at the navy yard, Washington.

Rear Admiral T. S. Phelps, detached from duty as commandant of the navy yard, Mare Island, and ordered to duty as senior member of the board to conduct general surveys of vessels on the Pacific coast and as commandant of the Twelfth and Thirteenth naval districts.

Rear Admiral Joseph B. Murdock, detached from duty as commandant of the navy yard, New York, and the Third naval district, and ordered to duty as commander of the Second division, Atlantic fleet, on board the Minnesota.

Rear Admiral Hugo Osterhaus, detached from special duty in the Navy Department and ordered to duty as commandant of the navy yard, Mare Island.

Captain Frank F. Fletcher, detached from special duty at the Navy Department and ordered to duty as aide for material to the Secretary of the Navy.

Captain F. O. Beatty, ordered to duty as commandant of the navy yard, Washington, and of the naval gun factory.

Captain A. W. Grant, detached from duty in the Navy Department and ordered to the command of the navy yard Philadelphia, and of the Fourth naval district.

Lieutenant W. P. Cronan, detached from the New Hampshire and ordered to the naval hospital, New York, for treatment.

Lieutenant R. L. Berry, detached from the Minnesota and ordered to the New Hampshire.

W. E. Eaton, appointed an acting assistant surgeon in the navy from March 7, 1910.

Boatswain H. S. Olsen, detached from the command of the Peoria and from the naval station, San Juan, Porto Rico, and ordered to Washington for examination and, upon its completion, to his home to await orders.

Boatswain W. Derrington, detached from the Wabash and the navy yard, Boston, and ordered to command the Peoria.

The following movements of naval vessels were reported today to the Navy Department:

Arrived—Scorpion at Salonika, Hannibal at Pensacola, South Dakota at Mare Island.

Sailed—Glacier and Navajo, from Mare Island for Santa Barbara; Vesuvius, from Boston for Newport.

RUSSELL TO BE CO-DIRECTOR.

Boston May See All Opera Stars of Metropolitan Company Next Season.

BOSTON, March 10.—Although not officially announced it was reported in theatrical circles here today that Henry Russell, now managing director of the Boston Opera House, will next season be co-director with Guilio Gatti-Casazza of the Metropolitan Opera House in New York. This will mean, it is said, that all the opera stars of the Metropolitan Company will be seen in Boston. Mr. Russell declined to confirm the report, but said he thought an official announcement would be made in New York within a few weeks.

THE PAUL JONES DAMAGED.

Destroyer to be Re-Docked Until Repairs Are Made in the Hold.

VALLEJO, Cal., March 10.—A big hole was found in the hold of destroyer Paul Jones when the vessel was taken from the dry dock. It was necessary to re-dock the boat until repairs can be made. The opening, which was caused, it is said, by defective work, is near the shaft tubes, and if the vessel had been at sea would have enlarged and proved a serious menace.

RIOTING CEASES IN COLOMBIA.

United States Minister Puts an End to the Disorder.

BOGOTA, Colombia, March 10.—The anti-American rioting ceased practically last night. All the Americans here are safe. The ending of the disorder was due chiefly to the firmness and tact of Elliott Northcott, the United States minister to Colombia.

IN THE POLICE COURT.

Two Fort soldiers were assessed $1.60 each this morning in the police court for drunkenness. "Pop" Weaver, who came in last night for lodgings, said when the turnkey came to release him this morning that he did not care to go out into the cold again. He said he was not feeling very well, and would consider it an accommodation to be sent "up the river." The court gave him six months, and regrets were not heard. Chief Manchester came in with a man charged with the larceny of a wagon in Tiverton, and the thief was fined $10 and costs, which fine he has not been able to pay as yet.

CHANGES AT LONG WHARF.

Roy H. Beattie's lighter and spile driver is at work continuing to the eastward the spiling and capping of the south side of Long wharf, to accommodate the boats closer to the end of Washington street. While no official information is given out at the dock, it is understood that this work is in anticipation of steamer General's docking at the end of the wharf. This will mean a shift of the steamer laid up at the south slip, so that the General may come in at the corner. The dredging will continue after the wharf work is done.

A MARCH DAY.

This is the real thing in March weather. Perhaps the thermometer is not doing much, but the atmosphere is right there with the timely goods, and at that the wind is from the southwest. Yesterday was largely of the April order, with big, soft and warm snowflakes, some rain, some sunshine and not such bad weather; but today is March. There are no signs of even early April, and the worst if it is it looks and feels and acts as if it were going to storm, and to storm a March storm.

LENTEN SERVICES.

The men's mission at St. Mary's Church closed last night with an attendance which packed the church. Father Meenan, as at the other Lenten mission services, preached the sermon. At St. Joseph's the regular preaching service also drew a congregation which filled the church, but, unlike the audience at St. Mary's, which was made up entirely of men, this included men and women. Father Mahon preached one of the Lenten sermons which he can preach, and held the attention of all.

THE PROBLEM OF WEALTH.

The New York School of Philanthropy Instructs Millionaires and Trains Workers.

[Hampton's Magazine.]

Wealth, its acquisition and disposition, is the biggest and most vital problem of today. Every other issue of consequence is in some way concerned with this, for the activities of man, even his spiritual activities, must have the necessary basis of material means—money.

The awakening of public thought to the problem of wealth has been accompanied by an awakening of wealth itself to its duties and responsibilities in this present world of workers and thinkers. Not only is the world asking "Where did you get it?" but it is inquiring, "What are you doing with it?" In such a manner that those who possess more of money and goods than is necessary for themselves are practically compelled to admit the right of the public to demand their wise use of their bounty.

When wealth admitted this right of the public, the present era of great philanthropic benefactions began. Colleges were endowed, hospitals established, scientific institutions and libraries founded, tuberculosis cures financed, fresh-air colonies and organized settlement work among the poor undertaken by men and women of fortune. All of these institutions created a need for trained workers.

That was how the New York School of Philanthropy, of which Samuel McCune Lindsay is director, had its genesis. It began, in the year 1898, with a summer class, assembled in the library of the Charity Organization Society, and its purpose was then merely to supply the demand for trained professional charity workers, playground superintendents, tenement inspectors, and others schooled especially for activities which, until that time, had been largely carried on by volunteer, spasmodic, and undisciplined effort.

In time, the students included those who wished to learn to give wisely—millionaires, probate lawyers, and others; and today, of the 100 students, a fair proportion is of this class.

The school continued as a six-weeks' summer lecture course until 1903, when a regular eight-months' winter course was established also. But it was not until four years ago, when Professor Lindsay, long a lecturer in the school, became its head, that the larger work became important.

Fully 100 of the ablest authorities in sociology and in every line related thereto form the staff of this unique school. The millionaire learning how to give and the worker who will have the executive work of giving, alike are given courses which cover history, the care of families in their homes, administration of charitable and educational institutions, child-helping agencies, criminology, reformatory methods, labor problems, causes of poverty, social evils, economics, and the problems of hygiene, sanitation, and government. Thus the student gets a comprehensive view of the whole problem.

The school's groundwork, as it might be called, is accompanied and supplemented by the practical, everyday contact with tangible facts. Two days a week must be given to real charitable work. The student is placed at the disposal of charity workers and gets an insight into the vital human factors in the problem.

LONDON CATHEDRAL TO BE CONSECRATED.

[The Star.]

The Roman Catholic Cathedral, which stands in a quiet backwater close to the bustle of Victoria street, is to be consecrated June 28, the ceremony, as ordained by the Roman Church, being most elaborate and impressive. Archbishop Bourne, the successor to the late Cardinal Vaughan, will be present at the ceremony, with the 14 bishops who will separately consecrate each of the 14 altars.

It seems curious that a religious edifice which has been in use for some years should still await its consecration, but the reason is that the cathedral has only lately been freed from the debt incurred in the building expenses, and it would thus have been impossible to have consecrated the cathedral while there was still a chance of its desecration.

Except for some mosaic in the great centre arch of the west front, the edifice is now finished externally, but it will be many years probably before the interior is complete. The cathedral was projected by Cardinal Wiseman, the first Archbishop of Westminster, and on his death the idea was taken up by his friends as a memorial of his splendid services to the Roman Catholic Church.

In 1895 the first stone of the cathedral was laid, and in the Christmas of 1903 it was opened for daily use. The general style of the building follows, that of St. Mark's, Venice, the nave being the widest in England.

Excluding the cost of the site, the total expenditure on the cathedral building, hall and cloisters has been £1,262,215, while there is still a deficit of £35,009 in connection with the general building fund, for which, however, provision has been made by means of a private loan.

IMPORTANT CHANGE IN NAVY.

Secretary Meyer's Personal Bill Enacted Into Law Will Increase Number of Officers.

Secretary Meyer's personnel bill, if enacted into law, will bring about some important changes in the personnel of the navy. The kernel of the nut in Mr. Meyer's proposal is that there must be relative increase between the ships of the navy and the number of men who are to man those ships. Congress has been authorizing ships of different size and design and increasing the naval tonnage, but the number of officers and men has remained backward in comparison.

If the bill goes through there must be 18 vacancies in the line in the year ending July 1, 1910. There will have been 13 retirements, hence there will be five more vacancies to be made by casualties or voluntary and involuntary retirements. The total commissioned line personnel would be 1,577 and the total, including midshipmen, 2,431.

The senior captain would be T. B. Howard, the senior commander W. S. Sims, the senior lieutenant Commander T. H. Dayton, senior lieutenant A. F. H. Yates, senior lieutenant (junior grade) C. G. Davy and senior ensign T. C. Hunsaker.

If the bill becomes a law the navy will not only have younger rear admirals, but there will be added to the line three vice admirals, a new grade. There will be only five vacancies to be created in the line in the present year in addition to those due to retirements for age. In the medical corps 11 inspectors will be promoted to be directors, 22 surgeons to be inspectors and six passed assistant surgeons to be surgeons. In the pay corps three inspectors will be promoted, four paymasters and 14 assistant paymasters will receive higher rank. One naval constructor will be promoted to the rank of captain, two to the rank of commander, and there will be six new appointments. There will be 10 new appointments to the corps of civil engineers, six promotions to the rank of commander and three to the rank of captain. There will be no forced retirements in the marine corps for a number of years, but a number of promotions in the lower grades.

NATIONAL EXCHANGE BANK

38 Washington Square.

Capital - - - - - - $100,000.00

Surplus and Profits - - 91,623.11

Accounts solicited.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF
INDUSTRIAL TRUST COMPANY
(CONDENSED)

As made under call of the Bank Commissioner January 31, 1910.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts		$16,779,030.83
Real Estate Mortgages		3,609,174.67
Bonds and Stocks		14,080,654.12
Real Estate		870,000.00
Call Loans	$6,911,128.09	
Due from Banks, Bankers and Treasurer of U. S.	4,987,538.49	
Cash in Vaults	1,686,156.32	13,584,822.90
		$48,923,682.52

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock	$3,000,000.00
Surplus	$3,000,000.00
Undivided Profits	413,476.35
Reserved for Additions and Improvements to Building	366,699.00
Reserved Interest	144,246.38
Deposits	41,999,260.79
	$48,923,682.52

SAVINGS BANK OF NEWPORT.

INCORPORATED A. D. 1819.

April 16, 1910.

Deposits made on or before Saturday, April 16, 1910, draw interest from that date.

G. P. TAYLOR, Treas.

Condensed Statement of the
AQUIDNECK NATIONAL BANK
As Made to the Comptroller of the Currency JANUARY 31, 1910.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Investments	$1,208,887.03
Banking House and Safe Deposit Vaults	65,000.00
Due from Banks	85,820.25
Due from Treasurer of the U. S.	5,760.00
Cash	59,034.29
Total Resources	$1,421,408.46

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock	$200,000.00
Surplus and Profits (earned)	80,458.97
Circulation	195,700.00
Deposits	900,340.50
Total Liabilities	$1,421,408.46

PETER KING, President.
SAMUEL McADAM, Vice President.
THOMAS B. CONGDON, Cashier.

Miss Delia G. Leddy, modiste, will be pleased to meet you at her new place of business in the New Sherman Building, 140-2 Thames St. about March 12.

She also begs to announce that she has entered a new field and will carry a select line of Ladies' and Misses' Ready-to-Wear Blouses and Gowns, and a complete line of Infants' Apparel.

THE LEDDY CO.
D. G. Leddy, Mgr.

Does Your Roof Leak?

If so, cover it with Regal Roofing and it will leak no more. Regal Roofing can be laid over shingles or tin, can be laid by anyone and a 7 year guarantee is given by the makers with every roll of two ply. Regal Roofing is made from the best materials obtainable and will not soften and run from the heat or crack from the cold. Call and see the Regal before buying any other roofing.

S. W. COGGESHALL, 201-203 THAMES STREET.

The Carteret Company have just sold the Kellogg Toasted Corn Flake Co. of Battle Creek 24 cars to be used by their representatives in the middle west and eastern states.

We have two model H cars in our storeroom for immediate delivery.

"Rapid" Trucks and Commercial Cars.

P. T. BAILEY,
Melville Station, R. I.

L. N. VAUGHAN
Manufacturing Optician.
184 BROADWAY.

DRY-PACKED ICE CREAM,

ICE CREAM AND ICES.

Fresh-Made Candies, Chocolates and Bon Bons.

Cakes Plain and Fancy.

For Customers Where Quality Counts.

H. D. FRASCH,

Tel. 987. 170 Thames St.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, March 10, Wall Street—The market opened with Amalgamated Copper at 82½. American Smelting & Refining 88⅝, Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe 118⅞, Baltimore & Ohio 113½, Brooklyn Rapid Transit 78, ex div, Chesapeake & Ohio 87⅝, Chicago Mil. & St. Paul 148¾, Colorado Fuel & Iron 43, Erie 32¼, Great Northern preferred 139¾, Interborough Metropolitan 22⅞, Interborough Metropolitan preferred 57¼, Missouri Pacific 72, Missouri, Kansas & Texas 44½, New York Central 127¼, Northern Pacific 138⅝, Pennsylvania 137¾, Reading 169⅞, Rock Island 50, Southern Pacific 129½, Union Pacific 192, United States Steel 88 to 88⅛, Wabash preferred 49⅝, Anaconda 51, and Utah Copper 51⅜.

10—Prices of stocks tended upwards in the opening dealings which were on a large scale. A few exceptions were among the less conspicuous stocks and did not affect the firm tone of the opening market. Union Pacific was a feature, with an initial rise of 1¾. Rock Island preferred, Brooklyn Transit and Virginia Carolina Chemical rose 1, and Southern Pacific, Reading and Louisville & Nashville large fractions. General Electric and International Paper declined large fractions.

11 The opening display of strength encouraged more general buying and the rise was carried further on large dealings. Dividend paying railroad stocks were heavily bought and there was also an active inquiry for some of the metal stocks. Cleveland C. C. and St. Louis was bid up 3, St. Louis and San Francisco 2nd preferred 1⅝, Union Pacific 1⅝, Norfolk & Western and Rock Island preferred 1½, the Common 1½ and Northwestern Pennsylvania, Reading, Amalgamated Copper and other specialties 1. Profit-taking sales wiped out practically all of the above advances and trading became quiet. Pacific Mail and United Dry Goods yielded a point.

Noon—London sold stocks in the market today notwithstanding subscriptions by foreigners to our new bond issues. When the selling had been absorbed, prices advanced. There was less anxiety over the strike situation in Philadelphia than yesterday. Rumors of coming dividend increases were still circulated by the higher New York Central dividend. The increase in Copper stocks reported by the Producers Association caused a great setback to prices. The tone was heavy and dull at noon. Bonds were firm. Money on call steady at 2¾ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 4½ to 5 per cent.

[Furnished by Hornblower & Weeks —33 Bellevue Avenue.]

	Closing.
Amalgamated Cop	81¾
Am. Car & Foundry	*67½
Am. Smelt. & Ref	86
Am. Woolen	38⅝
Anaconda Ming	50⅝
Atch Top & San Fe	117⅞
Baltimore & Ohio	113¾
B'klu Rap Trans	*76⅝
Canadian Pacific Ry	180⅞
Chesapeake & Ohio	87⅞
Chic Great Western	31⅝
Chic Mil St Paul	147⅜
Chic & Northwestern	158½
Col Fuel & Iron Co	42⅞
Consolidated Gas	148
Can pfd	78⅝
Denver & Rio Grande	43
Erie	32⅝
General Electric	157
Great Northern pref	139½
Gt Northern Ore	71
Interboro Met	22⅞
do pref	59½
Louisville & Nash	154
Mo. Kan & Tex	44
Missouri Pacific	71½
National Lead	86½
N. Y. Cent. & Hudson	125⅞
N. Y. Ontario & West	46
Norfolk & Western	103½
Northern Pacific Ry	138
Pennsylvania R. R.	137⅛
Reading	169⅞
Republic Iron & Stl	40⅞
Rock Island	50⅝
Southern Pacific	129⅞
So. Ry	29⅝
Texas & Pacific	31½
Union Pacific	191½
Utah Copper	51½
U S Rubber 1st pfd	117½
U. S. Steel	88
U S Steel pref	122
Va-Carolina Chem	58¾
Wabash	22½
BOSTON MARKET	
Copper Range	78
Cal & Hecla	630
Greene Copper	10⅜
E. Butte	11½
North Butte	42
Parrot	20
Utah Cons	34½
1st National	4⅝
Swift	107½
Franklin	21½
Am. Tel & Tel	141¾
N. Y. N. H. & H.	161½
U S Smelters	48⅝

* Ex. Div.

FINANCIAL.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO.
New York

BANKERS.

BROWN, SHIPLEY & CO.
London.

SIMON KOSCHNY,

Manufacturing Confectioner.

232 Thames Street.

16 Broadway.

Henry Biesel & Son.

SADDLE, HARNESS —AND— TRUNK MAKERS.

Horse & Stable Supplies

Leather Goods.

Dog Collars.

256 Thames St.

TEL. 352

T. W. Freeborne, - Auctioneer.

30 years' Experience.

Would solicit the sale of Real Estate and Personal Property.

The Newport Journal AND WEEKLY NEWS.

is especially adapted for mailing.

SPEARS NEW COOKING RANGE.

Excels all others for economy, for abundance of hot water, for continuous fire, day and night. For baking and broiling it has no equal.

FOR SALE ONLY BY

WM. K. COVELL.

Tapestry Goods

A nice line of tapestry desk goods on hand including

Desk Pads.
Blotters,
Letter Racks,
Book Racks,
Bill Files, etc.

These goods are reasonable. Call and see them.

HERRMANN,

204 Thames Street.

Abram Almy Co.,

Coal and Wood.

178 THAMES STREET.

Telephone 957.

California Ripe Olives.

Quart Tins	40c
Pint "	25c
24 oz Glass Bottles	65c
12 oz " "	35c

Jas. H. Drury & Co.,

Grocers and Wine Merchants.

243 and 245 Thames Street.

RED BANANAS.

Burlingame & Carry.

"Meet Me at Barney's"

APOLLO HALL,

Friday Evening. March 11, 10

At 8 o'clock,
and Hear the

EDISON RECITAL.

Edison Amberola used.

Tickets can be obtained by leaving your name and address at our Edison Department

Admission by Ticket Only.

Get tickets early and not be disappointed

Barney's Music Store,

140 Thames Street.

NOVELTIES and CONFECTIONERY

For St. Patrick's Day.

Green Cream Mints,
Glace Green Mints,
Green Mint Paste,
Green Sugar Almonds,
Green Sunshine Kisses,
Green Seashells,
Fancy Candy Boxes and a variety of favors appropriate for the day.

F. P. GARRETTSON & CO.,

16 & 20 Washington Square.

Telephone 68 and 69.

"Still They Come."

Now customers every day, that are dissatisfied with the coal they have been buying and very glad to get back to the old reliable

"OLD COMPANY'S COALS"

Keep coming, everybody. We have a big stock on hand of the best coal that comes out of the ground, in all sizes. Red and white ashes, SCREENED CLEAN and delivered promptly from

THE PERRY COAL COMPANY.

RELIGIOUS NOTICE.

KAY CHAPEL. Evening prayer at 5 P. M. Thursday, March 10. Preacher, Rev. John B. Diman of St. George's School.

SOCIETY NOTICES.

CORONET COUNCIL, No. 63, R. A. Regular meeting, FRIDAY evening, March 11 1910, at 7:30 o'clock. Members are requested to be present.
A. K. McMAHON, Secretary

HORGAN LOSES THE CASE.

Frostlene Company Given Verdict for Amount of the Bill—Full List of Petit Jurors.

The case of Frostlene Company vs P. H. Horgan was completed in the superior court Wednesday afternoon, Judge Rathbun presiding and charging the jury. The case was to recover the price of goods—$51.15. The goods were ordered by letter. It became extremely important to determine how much authority the manager had. If the goods were received and used by defendant, knowingly, he must pay for them, even if the manager had no authority to order. If there was no authority, and the goods were used without the knowledge of defendants, he was not liable to pay for them. The jury had seen the witnesses and heard the evidence. Plaintiff must prove his case by evidence which seemed more reasonable than defendant's in order to recover. If either counsel had stated evidence differently from what the jury remembered it to have been, such statement was to be disregarded. The jury was to give its earnest, careful, conscientious consideration to the case. The charge was brief, and the jury went out at 2:15 and returned at 3.35 with a verdict for plaintiff for the amount of the bill, $51.15.

Court then adjourned to 9:30 a. m. Thursday.

The following is a full list of petit jurors returned for this session:

Newport—Patrick J. O'Sullivan, blacksmith; Augustus Faerber, clerk; William Goodman, hatter; Oliver Tisdall, market; John C. Aywater, clerk; Walter A. Mitchell, laborer; Harry Aaron, milliner; Edward Ellis, clerk; Robert W. Agnew, salesman; John J. McMahon, laborer; Michael F. Murray, aprons; Franklin J. Dennis, clerk; Edward J. Fox, driver; John F. Shea, laborer; William H. Shields, painter; John H. Sullivan, Charles Banks, laborer; John B. Sullivan, Jr., machinist; Michael F. O'Sullivan, blacksmith; James J. Donovan, laborer; James D. Sullivan, blacksmith; John T. Johnson, carpenter; Albert G. Groff, clerk.

Middletown—Robert W. Smith, William M. Sponer.

Portsmouth—William M. Hughes, William T. Tallman.

Tiverton—Thomas V. Sisson, Joseph Durfee, James H. Buding, Charles F. Sharples.

Little Compton—Eugene K. Shurtleff, Erastus S Bailey.

Jamestown—Amos L. Peckham, Thomas Carr Watson.

New Shoreham—Morris L. Negus, Benjamin F. Littlefield, Irving P. Littlefield.

Of these William Goodman, Harry Aaron, Franklin J. Dennis, James J. Donovan, William H. Shields, William Hughes, Joseph Durfee and Charles F. Sharples were excused or absent.

The superior court had one of those five-minute sessions this morning. The case of H. L. Marsh vs. Walter Merchant was taken up, Mr. Koehne appearing for plaintiff and Mr. Nolan for defendant. The defendant submitted to judgment for $250 and costs. Court adjourned to 11 a. m. Friday.

A FALSE ALARM.

Box 25 Probably Struck by Two Men Proceeding Toward Middletown, Apparatus Run in Vain.

A false alarm was pulled in from box 25, corner of Broadway and Elliott street, at 1:54 o'clock this morning. A squad from the Old Colony car barn department was promptly on the ground, saw no fire, but did see two men going toward the One Mile Corner. One of the men wore rubber boots with felt tops, such as many farm hands wear, while the other had on leather shoes, as nearly as could be told in the distance. The car men told their story to the police when they arrived, but it was of no use then to try to chase the men who had broken the glass, taken the key and unlocked the box. As soon as Chief Kirwin learned the circumstances he ordered the recall struck.

Neither of the three steamers due to respond to that box had at that time arrived. It is a heavy steamer box, because of the low water pressure and the big car barn. The other apparatus, Hose 4, Chemical 1, Hose 5 and 2, Truck 1 and the police patrol, came along in the order named, forming quite a spectacular parade along Broadway, though the intervals were necessarily a little long, because of the different distances of the fire stations. It is a long run and more up hill work than many people appreciate, and generally away from the homes of most of the firemen, so that, while the apparatus was round reasonably promptly, not many men were there to work it had this been necessary, though the car barn department would have spelled in until the firemen did arrive. Hose 4 seemed to make a record, and fairly flew out Broadway, apparently striking only the high places on the road, but the horses of Truck 1 and the police patrol showed the effects of the run perceptibly.

The air was keen and crisp, and few persons delayed in going back home when they found it was a false alarm. It is some time since the firemen and citizens have been aroused by a night alarm, and naturally they did not awaken as promptly as if they were in the practice which prevailed a few years ago when night alarms came in with great frequency.

The police after the alarm were informed that two men, one very drunk, were seen going out Broadway a little while before the alarm. These do not seem to have been the same men as were seen by the carmen, for the man who was so drunk was inclined to lie down most of the time.

THE CITY'S APPROPRIATIONS.

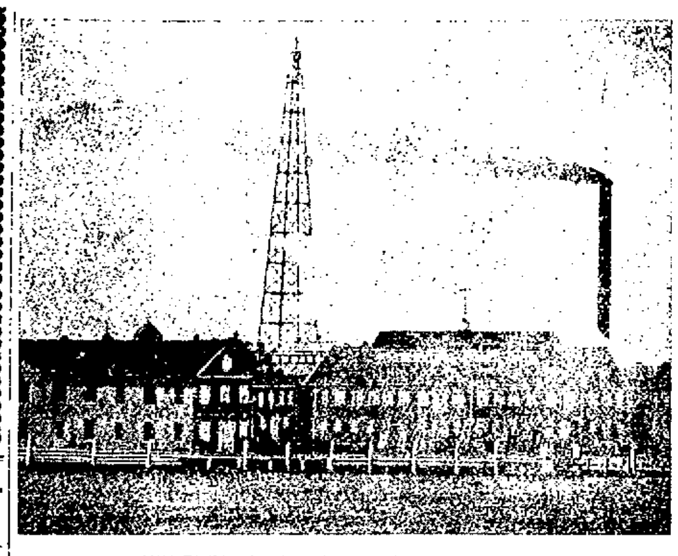
Continued from Fifth Page.

Rubber Coats,	100.00
Freight and expressage,	25.00
1,000 feet 2½-inch hose,	800.00
One horse,	300.00
Wires and cables,	300.00
Fire alarm box to replace box 12,	125.00
New fire alarm box, corner Carroll and Harrison avenues,	125.00
New fire alarm box, corner Champlin street and Gibbs avenue,	125.00
6. For lighting streets,	$37,251.55
Various contracts, installing electric arc light in front of new Y. M. C. A. and six incandescent lights on Harrison avenue.	
7. For salaries,	$82,195.00
(Fixed by ordinance and resolutions.)	
8. For City Asylum,	$6,000.00
(For maintenance.)	
9. For paupers and vagrants,	$3,500.00
(For disbursements, etc.)	
10. For public buildings,	$3,166.54
(Specified in detail.)	
a. Cleaning City Hall,	611.54
b. Keepers of piers,	480.00
c. Lighting City Hall,	500.00
d. Ice City Hall,	75.00
e. Coal and wood,	500.00
f. Incidentals,	500.00
g. Typewriter, city clerk's office,	100.00
h. Typewriter, tax collector's office,	100.00
11. For public parks,	$5,560.00
(Specified in detail.)	
Contract, care parks, burial grounds and bath house,	2,260.00
Salary of clerk,	100.00
Band concerts,	1,000.00
Incidentals,	2,200.00
12. For books, stationery and printing, $4,700.00	
City documents, City Manual, municipal printing and advertising, books, stationery, stamps, etc.	
13. For water supply,	$10,000.00
(For contract with Newport Water Works.)	
14. Health department,	$14,583.00
(Specified in detail.)	
a. Collection of swill (contract)	5,228.00
b. Disposing of swill (contract)	3,000.00
c. Bacteriologist and physician to Board of Health, also as school inspector,	1,200.00
d. Medical inspection of schools,	1,200.00
e. Antitoxin,	1,200.00
f. Stationery and printing,	240.00
g. Collection of dead animals,	45.00
h. Fumigation and supplies,	300.00
i. Laboratory supplies, including culture tubes,	300.00
j. Telephones,	45.00
k. Repairs to scow and brow,	200.00
l. Cartage,	100.00
m. Carriage hire,	75.00
n. Miscellaneous,	250.00
15. Newport Hospital for Newport sick,	$4,000.00
(For contract with the Newport Hospital.)	
16. Newport Hospital for care of incurable tuberculosis cases,	$1,000.00
(For contract with the Newport Hospitals for the term of one year.)	
17. For burial grounds,	$750.00
(Specified in detail.)	
a. Superintendent,	600.00
b. Incidentals and repairs,	150.00
18. For ward meetings,	$3,500.00
19. For sinking funds,	$17,893.00
20. For coupons,	$43,410.00
21. For incidentals,	$5,000.00
22. For interest on notes,	$7,525.00
Annual interest on municipal notes, $3,525	
Interest on notes negotiated in anticipation of the collection of the city tax, $4,000.	
23. For payment of notes,	$21,200.00
(For municipal notes falling due this year.)	
24. For land and other damages,	$5,000.00
25. For indexing and preservation of records,	$600.00
26. For Fourth of July,	$1,000.00
(Celebration of one hundred and thirty fourth anniversary of American Independence.)	
27. For municipal accounts,	$1,500.00
	$665,426.81

There are the usual clauses specifying that these amounts include the amounts appropriated January 3, 1910, and each official who has expended any of the money then appropriated shall inform the city treasurer the specific appropriation to which the various bills shall be charged, and shall himself charge these items to their appropriate accounts; also that no officer shall incur any expenses above the appropriations made, unless it be necessary on account of the laws of the state or be especially authorized by vote of the Representative Council, and that no money appropriated for a specific purpose shall be used for any other purpose.

UNNECESSARY TO RESTRICT MENHADEN FISHERY.

The bluefish lives largely on the menhaden, and fears have been expressed that the supply of the former might be diminished by the wholesale capture of the latter for industrial purposes. In a recent bulletin of the United States Bureau of Fisheries, Mr. Walter E. Hathaway affirms that such misgivings are unwarranted. It appears, also, according to Mr. G Brown Goode, a naturalist of high standing, who has compared the destruction of menhaden by conversion into oil and fertilizers with that effected by sharks, bonitos and bluefish, that only about one menhaden meets the former fate to several thousand that meet the latter. Mr. Hathaway adds, as the result of his own observation, that the number of food fishes taken in menhaden nets is exceedingly small, about one in 100,-000, and that it is unnecessary, therefore, to restrict the menhaden fishery in order to protect any of the food fishes.



WIRELESS MAST AT THE TORPEDO STATION.

This new mast or tower was erected during the past summer, and its great height and security give a larger working radius to the wireless plant at the station. The tower is erected on the west side of the island, but, as viewed in the picture, is seen from the east over the boat house, old machine shop and new torpedo factory.

BUDGET FOR YEAR ADOPTED.

Tax Rate to Be About $12, with Margin for Emergencies.

Food and Milk and Building Inspector Laws Passed with Few Changes—Police Pay Raised.

The Representative Council, at its meeting Wednesday night, adopted the budget for the year and decided how much taxation is to be placed on the city. It also did a number of other things, including arranging for a committee to see about a new police station, and also to see if the present station cannot be altered to fit the needs of the department. The proposed laws in regard to food and milk inspection and the inspector of buildings were passed with a few changes. The playground matter went to a committee, and the granolithic sidewalks proposition was laid on the table. The police had their pay raised as they asked, and so did the chief. There was but one change in the tax ordinance—really the appropriation bill—from the items prepared by the Committee of Twenty-five, and that was the addition of $200 for a change of lights in the Harrison avenue district. Later, however, the police account was enlarged $2,200 by the increases of pay, and the highway department was increased $350 by the appropriation for "Oakwood Terrace." Strictly speaking, the last was not added to the appropriation act, but as it goes to form a part of the annual appropriation it is included with the lights and police items, in the text of that ordinance, so that the total figures may show just what was appropriated.

The session lasted a trifle over three hours, when the Council, having supplied the necessary financial figures with which to start the year, took an adjournment for a week, or until Wednesday night of next week, when the rest of the docket will come up for consideration. In all 21 of the 39 numbers on the docket were acted on, leaving only a short docket for the next time.

The Council voted to have the tax for this year not less than $595,000 or more than $605,000, which will allow a tax rate of about $12 on $1,000, and leave a fair margin for emergencies.

The attendance of spectators was not large, but that of members was, and those who came held on well to the close, and seemed to have their interest in matters keyed up to the very end.

It was 8:02 when Chairman Burlingame called the Council to order. The roll-call showed 123 persons checked as present and answering to their names. Later enough more were checked as coming in to bring the attendance up to 151, with 41 absentees.

The clerk started to read the records of the last three meetings, which counted as one, and after listening for some time it was voted to dispense with the rest of the records. This might as well have been done at the start, but it takes some minutes of reading of this ancient history before the Council, or same members, begin to feel that the reading can be dispensed with. No one seems to know whether the records are correct; they just listen for awhile and then vote to dispense with the reading.

The first item of business on the docket was the report of the Committee of Twenty-five. As this had been printed and every one had one, and the members were supplied with additional copies, the chairman read only the text of the report, omitting the figures. The report was officially received.

There was a supplementary report of the Committee of Twenty-Five, with recommendations for the action of the Council. These were that the Committee of Twenty-Five disapproved of the recommendation of the Committee of Ten that the Council be made up of a smaller number. This was in the negative line, the recommendations being that arrangements be started for a new police station, that the city put in foundations for granolithic walks to be laid by abutters, that the offer of the School Committee of school yards for playgrounds be accepted, and the matter placed in the hands of the Park Commission, that the act in relation to the inspector of buildings be approved, that a committee be appointed to examine the reports of the collector of taxes for 1909, that the act in relation to the Board of Health having the milk licensing and inspection and the inspection of meats and other articles be approved, and that the ordinance for the assessment of a tax be passed. This report was also formally received.

The Annual Appropriations.

The Council was now up to No. 2 on the docket for the evening, "An Ordinance Appropriating the Revenues of the City of Newport for 1910." This was the important matter of the evening, and it really went through much after the style of a toboggan going down hill or Paulhan riding in his aeroplane. After the first item, for state tax, had been adopted Mr. Cottrell made the usual motion that the items be called, and if there was no objection they were to be considered carried. This seemed to suit, and probably the interpretation the chairman gave it that it meant the numbered items, and not the "specified-in-detail" items did not displease those who were prepared to report the act just as it came from the Committee of Twenty-five; at any rate, the opportunity for opposition came right at the start, when the chairman called out item 2 on the list—streets and highways $128,494.50—and it was adopted without a dissenting murmur, and 44 items and three pages of the report were disposed of as though it was but a single item—in fact, it was so considered. The topic of public schools was in two items but went along the same as highways.

When police department was called Dr. Ramsay moved to lay that item on the table, as there was a proposition to increase the pay of the police which would mean a change if adopted. The chairman ruled that it would lay the entire ordinance on the table to lay this item. The police matter, he learned, was separate and could be considered later, and the item was passed. Fire department did not call forth a single idea, verbally.

Lighting Streets.

When lighting streets came up Mr. Sullivan moved to add $200 to the item for six incandescent lights on Harrison avenue, so that all the lights on Harrison avenue, Castle Hill avenue, Ridge road and Ocean avenue in that section may be changed to incandescent gas lights. There are 26 lights, and he had been informed that $200 would be sufficient to make the change. There is a demand for better light in this section, and the Committee of Twenty-five had suggested incandescent lights instead of the arc lights asked for. In furtherance of this plan he suggested that the other lights, which are now practically useless, be changed. He did not know that this would be entirely satisfactory, but it would be a material improvement. There is some dispute among the residents of this section about the electric lights, even. Mr. Congdon asked if this change would affect the contract with the Newport Gas Light Company, which has a contract to supply a certain number of lights. Mr. Sullivan said it would not change the number of lights. Mr. Aylsworth said the Gas Light Company did not, and had not for years, objected to changes to incandescents; he might have added that long since its contract with the city was broken by the reduction of the number of open lights furnished, which is far below the number contracted for, but his answer satisfied Mr. Congdon. After more talk the amendment was approved and $200 was added to the total for street lights, to make this change. As time proved, this was the only change made in the ordinance as it came from the Committee.

Hospital Care of Tuberculosis Cases.

When the item Newport Hospital for the care of incurable tuberculosis cases was called Dr. Ramsay moved to lay it on the table. He had copies of the bills of the past few months, which showed expenditures not authorized by the contract of the law of the state. Cases were treated which had not been reported to the Board of Health. He did not question but they were legitimate cases, but they should be reported officially before the city began paying for their care. There were payments for rent, which was in violation of a state law. Money had been paid to send a patient to another country, which was not according to the contract. Then he understood that where some patients had been sent certain nourishment had to be bought by the patients, it not being provided. He suggested, in view of the fact that the contract does not

Continued on Eighth Page.

COAL

Of All Sizes.

Clean Coal a Specialty.

Heirs of George Bowen

Telephone 915.

ELECTRIC LIGHT.

You can cut your bills in half or get twice as much light for the same price by using

TUNGSTEN LAMPS.

OLD COLONY ST. RAILWAY CO.

Illuminating Dept.,

449-455 Thames Street.

Tel. 28

HOWARD,

Painting Contractor.

Best Work in Every Branch of the Business.

OFFICE 21 EVERETT STREET.

AUCTION SALES.

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND AND PROVIDENCE PLANTATIONS.
NEWPORT, Sc:

Office of The Collector of Taxes of The Town of Jamestown.

BY VIRTUE of a warrant issued to the undersigned as Collector of Taxes of the Town of Jamestown for the year 1908, and for the year 1909, by the Town Treasurer of said Town of Jamestown commanding the collection of the several taxes assessed upon the inhabitants of said Town and the ratable property therein heretofore, to-wit, for the years 1908 and 1909 and of every other power vested in me as said Collector of Taxes:

Inasmuch as the taxes assessed as aforesaid for the period aforesaid on the real estate hereinafter described and on the owners thereof for and on account of the same in the sum of One and 50-100 ($1.50) Dollars for the year 1908 and the sum of One and 50-100 ($1.50) Dollars for the year 1909 have not been paid and said real estate is liable for the payment of said taxes:

I, Harry S. Stubbs, Collector of Taxes of said Town of Jamestown, by virtue of the warrant issued to me as Collector of Taxes by the aforesaid Town Treasurer, commanding me to proceed to collect said taxes, for the purpose of collecting out of said real estate the whole of said taxes assessed thereon, and on its owner as aforesaid, have made levy on said real estate in said Town of Jamestown with the improvements thereon and appurtenances thereunto belonging, taxed in the name of Lazarus Bottine and Jennie G. Bottine, and bounded and described, as follows:—Northerly, by lands formerly of Albert Hammett, now deceased, Two Hundred Forty and 5-10 (240.5) feet; Easterly by the North Road, Fifty (50) feet; Southerly, by lands now or formerly of James Peterson and Petra H. Peterson and Westerly, by lands now or formerly of Isabel Watson and being Lot 129" as delineated on a plat called "Bay View Plat," the property of Thomas Carr Watson on file in the Office of the Town Clerk of said Town of Jamestown, I will sell the said real estate for the payment of said taxes, penalties costs and expenses at public auction to the highest bidder, at the Town Hall in said Town of Jamestown, on the 2nd. day of April, A. D. 1910 at 12 o'clock Noon.

HARRY S. STUBBS,
Collector of Taxes.

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND AND PROVIDENCE PLANTATIONS.
NEWPORT, Sc:

Office of The Collector of Taxes of The Town of Jamestown.

BY VIRTUE of a warrant issued to the undersigned as Collector of Taxes of the Town of Jamestown for the year 1909, by the Town Treasurer of said Town of Jamestown commanding the collection of the several taxes assessed upon the inhabitants of said Town and the ratable property therein, heretofore, to-wit, for the year 1909, and of every other power vested in me as said Collector of Taxes.

Inasmuch as the taxes assessed as aforesaid for the period aforesaid on the real estate hereinafter described and on the owners thereof for and on account of the same in the sum of twenty dollars have not been paid and said real estate is liable for the payment of said taxes:

I, Harry S. Stubbs, Collector of Taxes of said Town of Jamestown, by virtue of the warrant issued to me as Collector of Taxes by the aforesaid Town Treasurer, commanding me to proceed to collect said taxes, for the purpose of collecting out of said real estate the whole of said taxes assessed thereon, and on its owner as aforesaid, have made levy on said real estate in said Town of Jamestown with the improvements thereon and appurtenances thereunto belonging, taxed in the name of James I. Pettis and bounded and described as follows: Northerly, by lands now or formerly of Clarence E. B. Carr and John Tew Carr; Easterly by the waters of Narragansett Bay; Southerly by a road or way known as Carr's Lane and Westerly by other lands of said Clarence E. B. Carr and said John Tew Carr and I will sell the said real estate for the payment of said taxes, penalties, costs and expenses at public auction to the highest bidder, at the Town Hall in said Town of Jamestown, on the Second day of April, A. D. 1910, at 12 o'clock noon.

HARRY S. STUBBS,
Collector of Taxes.

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND.
NEWPORT, Sc.

Office of the Collector of Taxes of the Town of Jamestown.

BY VIRTUE of the several warrants issued to the undersigned as Collector of Taxes of the Town of Jamestown by the Town Treasurer of said Town severally commanding the collection of the several taxes assessed on the inhabitants of said Town and the ratable property therein heretofore, to-wit, for and including the years 1908 and 1909 and of every power vested in said Collector of Taxes:

Inasmuch as the Taxes assessed as aforesaid within the period aforesaid on the real estate hereinafter described and on the owner or owners thereof for and on account of the same in the sum of Seventy-five Cents for the year 1908 and the sum of Seventy-five Cents for the year 1909 have not been paid, and the said real estate is liable for the payment of said taxes:

I, Harry S. Stubbs, as said Collector of Taxes, for the purpose of collecting out of said real estate the whole of said taxes assessed thereon and on its owner or owners as aforsaid, have made a levy on said real estate in said Town of Jamestown, with the improvements thereon and the appurtenances thereto belonging, taxed in the name of John Dunphy, the said parcel of real estate being Lot No. 887 as delineated on a plan of Conanicut Park, Rhode Island drawn by John H. Mullin, Newport, R. I., March 1875; the same being bounded Northerly, by Lot No. 888; Easterly by Lot No. 886; Southerly, by Providence Avenue and Westerly, by Tangent Avenue, as shown on said plan.

I will sell the said parcel of real estate or so much thereof as may be necessary for the payment of said taxes, interest, costs and expenses at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the Town Hall, in said Jamestown, on the 19th day of March, A. D. 1910, at 12 o'clock Noon.

HARRY S. STUBBS,
Collector of Taxes.

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND,
NEWPORT, Sc.

Office of the Collector of Taxes of the Town of Jamestown.

BY VIRTUE of the several warrants issued to the undersigned as Collector of Taxes of the Town of Jamestown by the Town Treasurer of said Town severally commanding the collection of the several taxes assessed on the inhabitants of said Town and the ratable property therein heretofore, to-wit, for and including the years 1908 and 1909 and of every power vested in said Collector of Taxes:

Inasmuch as the Taxes assessed as aforesaid within the period aforesaid on the real estate hereinafter described and on the owner or owners thereof for and on account of the same in the sum of Five Dollars for the year 1908 and the sum of Five Dollars for the year 1909 have not been paid, and the said real estate is liable for the payment of said taxes:

I, Harry S. Stubbs, as said Collector of Taxes, for the purpose of collecting out of said real estate the whole of said taxes assessed thereon and on its owner or owners as aforesaid, have this day made a levy on said real estate in said Town of Jamestown, with the improvements thereon and the appurtenances thereto belonging, taxed in the name of Julia A. Burke, the said several parcels of real estate being Lots No. 48, 49, 50 and 51 as delineated on the Howland Plat, Jamestown, R. I., surveyed and laid out by F. W. Dean, C. E., and C. W. Keltell, C. E., for and under the direction of Percy M. Blake, C. E., August 1873 and on file in the office of the Town Clerk of said Town of Jamestown.

I will sell the whole of said several parcels of real estate or so much thereof as may be necessary for the payment of said taxes, interest, costs and expenses at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the Town Hall, in said Jamestown, on the 19th day of March, A. D. 1910, at 12 o'clock Noon.

HARRY S. STUBBS,
Collector of Taxes.

THE NEWPORT JOURNAL AND WEEKLY NEWS.

NEW BOOKS.

The Spirit of America,

By Henry van Dyke

THE TOWER OF IVORY,

By Gertrude Atherton.

MARY CARY.

BRIDGE PADS and SCORE CARDS.

The SILHOUTTE BRIDGE WHIST SCORE PAD.

SIMON HART,

202 THAMES STREET

Telephone 304.

St. Patrick's Day Cards!

Some very nice ones

—AT—

CARR'S.

Easter Cards Now Ready.

DAILY NEWS BUILDING.

GRAND OPENING.

See Page 7, This Paper.

The LAPPIN Store.

A Complete Showing of Beautiful and Exclusive Styles.

Dressing and suiting the woman and young girl is a complete art in itself and one so highly specialized that few stores even more than brush the surface. Years ago we decided that a close study was worth all it cost and more. There is a satisfaction in knowing that the best-dressed women in Newport turn to our woman's store naturally from the moment they graduate from the baby bazaar to the later day when they pass on to the women's departments.

A few good reasons:
WHY YOU AND YOURS SHOULD WEAR THE LAPPIN STORE TAILOR-MADE GARMENTS.

How they are made between the material and the lining, or the inside of A LAPPIN STORE GARMENT which has its shape built on the snug and maintains this shape as long as the garment lasts.

OBSERVE THIS PICTURE OF THE LAPPIN STORE BUILT-SHAPE GARMENTS.

No. 1. THE COLLAR—fitted to the model by hand needle-work, WHICH INSURES THE COLLAR'S perfect fit.

No. 2. HAND BUILT SHAPES. Shows the hand basted shapes which insure FORM-RETENTION till the GARMENT IS DISCARDED.

No 3. Mark the PURE LINEN CANVAS INTER-FRONTS. These fronts are thoroughly shrunken before they are used and extend down and around the entire front of garment.

You say, What of it? Just this: The Lappin Store Garments are pucker-proof and the continuous canvas prevents the jacket from breaking.

No. 4. The DURABLE FOUNDATION, is a light weight though wear-proof material woven specially. To this foundation all parts of The Lappin Store Garment are thoroughly basted, which insures all LAPPIN STORE GORES, from being part of even in the finest materials.

No. 5. Sagging Tape. A pure linen tape running around all edges of garment. It is the only means of positively protecting a Coat against stretching or sagging.

JUST ONE MORE GOOD POINT:

The Lappin Store Garments are pure silk sewed. This is a little thing, perhaps, but it is one of the many essentials that make THE LAPPIN STORE GARMENT DOMINATE THE COMMON ORDINARY SUPPOSED-TO-BE TAILOR-MADE SUIT. OUR PRICES FROM $16.98 to $37.50